[illegible] EDITION. 4 P. M.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

PRICE, 2 CENTS.

VOL. 45, NO. 166. BOOK COUPON ON PAGE 5. ST. LOUIS, SATURDAY EVENING, JANUARY 20, 1894. TWO CENTS. PRICE, TWO CENTS. BY CARRIER, FIFTEEN CENTS PER WEEK.

MEETS TO-DAY.

The Council Committee to Consider the Lake Ordinance.

Its Report to Be Prepared for the Council's Action.

A Vote Next Tuesday Evening Should Be Assured.

UNEMPLOYED WORKMEN OF ST. LOUIS ANXIOUSLY AWAITING RESULTS.

The Work in Forest Park Ready to Be Begun When the City Council Grants the Necessary Authority—The Public in Thorough Sympathy With the Fund Relief Plan—Letters and Subscriptions Received—Help the Unemployed.

> *THE FUND PLAN.*
>
> *A Lake in Forest Park one-half mile or more in length.*
>
> *The work to be done by the otherwise unemployed workingmen of St. Louis.*
>
> *Eligibility to secure employment: A willingness to work.*
>
> *The work to be under direction of the Board of Public Improvements.*
>
> *The Fund to be under the financial management of a Citizens' Committee.*
>
> *The employing of labor to be done by a representative of the Citizens' Committee, stationed on the grounds for that purpose.*
>
> *The work to be given to otherwise unemployed workingmen now residing in St. Louis.*
>
> *Benefits: Relief of existing distress and accomplishment of a needed public work.*
>
> *On this basis your subscription to the Fund is requested.*
>
> SAMUEL J. NICCOLLS, D. D.,
> HENRY C. HAARSTICK,
> THOMAS O'REILLY, M. D.,
> Fund Committee.

Subscriptions to the Lake Employment Fund to date are as follows:

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.	$ 500 00
The POST-DISPATCH	1,000 00
C. F. Blanke Tea and Coffee Co.	10 00
Dr. I. G. W. Steedman	25 00
Cash	1 00
Common Sense	1 00
Horse Thief Club at Faust's	10 00
A Hearty Approver	10 00
E. C. Moulton & Co.	10 00
J. N. P.	25
Slatington Slate Co.	10 00
A Steady Passenger	2 00
Cash	2 00
A. B. C.	2 00
St. Louis Dressed Beef and Provision Co	250 00
The Guerdan Hat Co.	10 00
Drummond Tobacco Co.	500 00
Employes Missouri Railroad Repair Shops	20 75
Employes G. F. Dittmann Boot and Shoe Co	5 00
Samuel J Niccolls, D. D	10 00
R. D.	1 00
Moffett & Franciscus	100 00
Recorder of Deeds Wm. A. Hobbs and employes of his office	100 00
J. A. St. John	100 00
Dr. Thos. O'Reilly	100 00
A little boy	10
Adolphus Busch (personal)	100 00
Ladies' Charitable Society of the Non-Sectarian Church	50 00
Rev. M. Rhodes	5 00
W. R. Heath	1 00
H. P. A.	2 00
Missouri Car and Foundry Co.	100 00
Hamilton-Brown Shoe Co	100 00
Western Brass Mfg. Co.	5 00
H. J. Isbell	1 00
O. M. Schmidt & Co.	10 00
Gilsonite Roofing & Paving Co.	10 00
Peter Oakes	3 00
Gilson Asphaltum Co.	10 00
Mrs. M. D.	25
R. S. Macdonald	10 00
D. W.	1 00
Grand Leader	10 00
Dr. Warren G. Priest	5 00
A Friend	1 00
Sheriff Staed and employes of his office	11 00
Western Rowing Club	100 00
Wrought Iron Range Co.	500 00
Hoyt Metal Co. and employes	65 00
F. H. Ingalls	10 00
Employes of Missouri Glass Co.	15 50
"Three"	3 00
C. E., Red Bud, Ill	1 25
H. B. Pratt	3 00
Burd-Stuyvesant Glue Co	10 00
Christy Fire Clay Co	50 00
Cash	1 00
Once a week	1 00
F. B	5 00
Common Sense	1 00
Welle-Boettler Bakery Co.	25 00
Mrs. E. C. Meacham	10 00
T. S. Schoen	1 00
Light Battery "A," N. G. M.	25 00
T. J. L.	1 00
Bradstreet Co. employes	5 00
Gus V. Brecht Butchers' Supply Co.	25 00
D. Crawford & Co.	25 00
John M. Sellers	100 00
John T. Rapp	1 00
D. A. P.	1 00
J. and M. S.	2 00
J. K. B.	1 00
J. B. E.	1 00
Kohn & Co.	100 00
Employes of D. Crawford & Co.	79 35
From Circuit Clerk Zepp's office	34 50
Beethoven Conservatory	29 00
J. Y. Fallen	5 00
Squires Printing Co.	5 00
G. M. Boehmer	10 00
American Wine Co.	50 00
Relief Committee, Red Bud	26 80
Wm. G. Buechner	50 00
D. R. Francis & Bro. Com. Co.	25 00
B. Nugent & Bro.	100 00
Wm. J. Lemp Brewing Co.	100 00
Retail Clerks' Assn. of St. Louis	10 00
Miss Adele Lopez	5 00
Normandy	1 00
K.	5 00
Scribner Magazine Agent	1 00
Teichman Com. Co.	10 00
A Lady	25 00
Employes of Phoenix Brewery	60 50
Geo. W. Taussig, attorney	9 50
A Friend	25
John G. O'Keefe	5 00
King's Daughters, Central Christian Church	10 00
Frank Moore, Busy Bee Restaurant	25 00
Wm. G. King, (personal)	5 00
King Granitoid Construction Co.	5 00
Schroeter Bros.	10 00
List No. 209, J. L. Tracy Commission Co.	60 00
Waters-Pierce Oil Co.	80 60
St. Louis Sanitary Co.	100 00
Quick Meal Stove Co. and Employes	121 40
M. A. Seed Dry Plate Co.	100 00
Central Baptist Publishing Co.	5 00
Schreiner-Flack Grain Co.	10 00
J. K. Cummings	20 00
No. 1	100
Rev. Jas. W. Lee, D. D.	5 00
Rev. Samuel Sale	10 00
Assistant City Counselor Wm. P. Macklin	5 00
Patrolman, First District	5 00
Honig Bros	10 00
J. W. K.	50 00
Jones' Clothing House	5 00
J. M. R. (a little girl)	1 00
Sade Walkenhorst	50
J. N. P., (second week)	25
C. O. Baxter & Co.	10 00
Edward Bredell	50 00
St. Louis Dental Mf'g Co.	10 00
Mr. Cash	15
Dr. E. M. Nelson	10 00
Ira Perry Pie Co. and employes	30 00
Dan J. Coffey	2 00
Dr. Edward Borck	5 00
Fred A. Fodde, President Merchants' Laundry Co	5 00
M. A. B.	1 00
A. K.	10 00
The *Mid-Continent*	10 00
Total to date	$5,729 40

At 2:30 o'clock this afternoon the Council Committee on Public Improvements, consisting of Councilmen Franklin Ferris, Albert Arnstein and S. P. Keyes, meets at the City Hall for consideration of the Lake Fund ordinance.

Their report on the ordinance will be made to the City Council next Tuesday evening, that body having adjourned to that date from last Wednesday night, owing to the failure of the Committee on Public Improvements to report on the Lake Fund ordinance at that time.

The opening of work on the proposed lake in Forest Park depends on the action of the City Council next Tuesday night. Nothing can be done until then. The Council committee's report on the ordinance is the only way, according to the opinion of Speaker Nagel, in which that measure can now come before the Council for a third reading and vote.

Over 5,000 unemployed men are waiting anxiously for the Council's action on the Lake Fund ordinance. They have registered their names at the POST-DISPATCH office as applicants for work on the lake in Forest Park, and every day's delay in the opening of that work means added privation and suffering to them.

They are penniless and in need of the necessaries of life. They want to work, because the wages they will earn by working will save them from having to beg.

The people of St. Louis are responding splendidly to the call for subscriptions to the Lake Employment Fund, which will pay these men for their work. This is a most gratifying fact, because it shows that the public is in thorough sympathy with the great mission undertaken by the Fund.

Every dollar subscribed will be paid in wages to the otherwise unemployed workmen of St. Louis.

The payment of these wages and the making of a beautiful lake in St. Louis' beautiful Forest Park will begin as soon as the City Council grants the necessary authority by passing the Lake Fund ordinance.

CONTRIBUTIONS.

A "LAKE FUND LABOR DAY."

The following letter, inclosing $2 for the Lake Employment Fund, calls on the employed men of St. Louis to help their unemployed brothers.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 19, 1894.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

In the present distressed state of affairs permit me to offer a few suggestions to aid the noble work the POST-DISPATCH has undertaken, and to present for your consideration and that of the public a clipping from the Boston Post, to show what can be done by a noble and generous body of men in the interest of suffering humanity. I also know that all that has been lacking and all that is needed is some one to bring the matter to the attention of those in the St. Louis postal service and you will find as willing and as hearty a response as that of the Boston brothers. The opportune time has arrived when they can bestow, not charity, but work, to those who are not as fortunate but as willing as themselves to obtain it, by contributing to the Lake Fund, serving a double purpose, employing those who so badly need it and giving to our park a lake that will be of infinite pleasure for all time to come to rich and poor alike. Again, why cannot those employed in all branches of trade and commerce in our city settle upon and set apart one day in the near future and call it Lake Fund Labor Day, and on that day pour into the lap of the Lake Fund that day's earnings? None so poor that they would miss it, and bread cast upon the waters will return an hundredfold. That would be truly Labor day and one that by its returns would bless us all. How quickly we could in this manner set the idle but more than willing hands of labor to work, dissipate the look of gloom from so many faces, and bring sunshine and happiness to so many homes now desolate and dreary. Let those who do not know the needs of want, take time to think of their dire necessities, put themselves in their places, and hesitation will be at an end. Hoping my suggestions as to Lake Fund Labor Day may be realized, and to give it its start I inclose you $2, wishing I could make it $200, and remain your friend,

DAN J. COFFEY.

The clipping inclosed in Mr. Coffey's letter reads as follows:

One thousand employes of the Boston postal district have generously voted to contribute their mite towards alleviating the distress of the unemployed by giving one day's pay before Jan. 15.

The clerks and carriers have shown their generosity when called upon for assistance more than once, and the officers of both the Clerks' and Carriers' associations feel sure that a goodly sum will be realized.

Secretary James N. Brady of the Clerks' Association prepared a notice yesterday afternoon, which will be sent to the superintendent of every station and will also be posted in a conspicuous part of the Boston office:

BOSTON POST-OFFICE CLERKS' ASSOCIATION, Dec. 18, 1893.

To the Clerks of the Boston Post-Office:

On account of the increased amount of suffering and want among the unemployed in this city, caused by depression in business and inclement weather, it has been suggested that all clerks in the Boston postal district be invited to donate one day's pay for their relief, and said clerks are hereby invited to subscribe to this paper for that purpose.

All contributions are to be paid to the Secretary of the Boston Post-office Clerks' Association on or before Jan. 15, 1894, and by him transmitted to the Mayor of Boston or the committee appointed by him for distribution.

J. F. COUGHLIN, President,
JAMES N. BRADY, Secretary.

There are 531 carriers in the Boston district, and out of that number 495 receive $1,000 a year, and if each contributes, the amount will exceed $1,000. There are over 500 clerks, and their amount will be in the vicinity of $1,000 also.

Postmaster Coveney was consulted about the matter before the notices were posted, and he heartily approved of the scheme, and thought that a magnificent sum would be presented to the Mayor on Jan. 15.

A THOUSAND DOCTORS—$1,000.

The following excellent suggestion accompanies a subscription of $1.00 to the Lake Employment Fund, and it is respectfully referred to the physicians of St. Louis for their thoughtful consideration. Next to the clergy, probably, the medical profession is in a position to know most accurately the extent of the distress now prevailing in St. Louis. The clergy are already engaged in hearty support of the Lake Employment Fund, not only indorsing it with their voices, but with their subscriptions. Let the physicians rally to its support also, on the line suggested by M. A. B., a well known West End practitioner, and they will be doing a noble work.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 19, 1894.

Editor Post-Dispatch:

DEAR SIR—Inclosed find check on German Savings Institute for $1, to be placed to credit of Lake Fund. There are 1,000 doctors in St. Louis: $1,000 would be quite a help to the fund. With good wishes for the success of your philanthropic efforts. Yours, etc.,

M. A. B.

GLAD TO HELP.

Mr. Fred. A. Fodde, President of the Merchants' Sundry Co., 1412 and 1414 Clark avenue, hands $5 to the POST-DISPATCH as his subscription to the Lake Employment Fund, and expresses his earnest approval of the Fund plan for the relief of the unemployed workmen of St. Louis.

"I'm with you, heart and soul," says Mr. Fodde. "The work you propose is practical and of double value, and I am glad to be one of its army of helpers."

PRACTICE WHAT THEY PREACH.

THE MID-CONTINENT, PRESBYTERIAN NEWSPAPER CO., J. W. ALLEN, PUBLISHER; MEADE C. WILLIAMS, EDITOR; D. R. WILLIAMS, ASSISTANT. 1107 OLIVE STREET. ST. LOUIS, Jan. 19.

Editor of Post-Dispatch:

DEAR SIR—We quote from an editorial page of the last Mid-Continent:

"The plan of the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH to furnish work for the unemployed deserves heartiest commendations and liberal donations, etc., and in a small way try to practice what we preached. Very fraternally.

THE MID-CONTINENT,
MEADE C. WILLIAMS, Editor.

SUBSCRIBES $10.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 18, 1894.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

DEAR SIR—It affords me great pleasure to inclose herewith check for $10 for the Forest Park Lake Fund. Please do not mention my name in acknowledging amount. Yours truly,

A. K.

A SUGGESTION.

ST. LOUIS, MO., Jan. 18, 1893.

Mr. Editor:

Having noticed in the columns of your valuable paper, various plans and suggestions by which to raise the necessary money for the proposed Forest Park Fund, and having given the matter close attention from the start, I feel inclined to express my views regarding the situation.

We have in our city a very large police force and fire department. These departments both realize a considerable amount from our merchants and citizens in various ways during the year. Why not lay this matter before the above named departments and let every man subscribe something as soon as possible? These departments do not have to bear the strain of reduced salaries or being laid off during a dull season; is it asking too much to request them to assist the poor of the city which gives them their livelihood?

C. W. K.

A $5.00 SUBSCRIPTION.

Dr. Edward Borck of 3535 North Grand avenue sends $5 to the Lake Employment Fund.

$10.00 FOR THE FUND.

Dr. E. M. Nelson of 950 Hamilton avenue handed $10 over the POST-DISPATCH counter as his subscription to the Lake Employment Fund.

CONTRIBUTES $30.

IRA PERRY PIE CO., 821 and 823 South Tenth street, ST. LOUIS, Jan. 19, 1894.

The Lake Fund Committee:

GENTLEMEN—Inclosed please find our check for thirty dollars ($30), fifteen dollars ($15) of which is from our employes and fifteen dollars ($15) from ourselves. Wishing you success, we are yours respectfully,

IRA PERRY PIE CO.,
By J. W. P., Secretary.

A. P. Gerwig	$1 00	W. Liebbert	$ 50
Ben Fischer	1.00	B. Wiggenhorn	1 00
Nick Fischer	1 00	Charles Rembold	1 00
Frank Reiser	75	George W. Windle	1 00
H. Kaltenbach	1 00	Harry Hay	1 00
C. Ballinger	75	Jack Donnelly	1 00
J. Quigley	1 00	Chas. Barseloux	1 00
H. Beckman	1 00	H. Meek	1 00

THE RELIGION OF HUMANITY.

Rev. R. C. Cave Will Lecture on This Theme for the Fund Benefit.

Another entertainment for the benefit of the Lake Employment Fund has been arranged for and is now moving onward to sure success. On Thursday evening, Feb. 1, Rev. R. C. Cave will deliver in Exposition Entertainment Hall a lecture for the Fund benefit. The subject of the lecture is "The Religion of Humanity," a theme peculiarly in harmony with the spirit prompting the lecture. Dr. Cave is widely known as an intense and eloquent orator, a thoughtful student and invariably candid and outspoken in the expression of his individual views. His lecture on this occasion will be well worth hearing and will beyond doubt draw a large audience. In addition to the lecture there will be given a musical programme containing many attractive numbers. Full details of the entertainment will be published later.

PATCHED IT UP.

A Young Wife Gives Up an Attempt to Get a Warrant for Her Husband.

A young woman, very poorly dressed, called at the Prosecuting Attorney's office this morning and wanted a warrant against her husband for abandonment. She had a 3-year-old child with her, a girl. The shoes of both mother and child were broken and the countenances of both indicated neglect and suffering.

The woman, who was, withal, quite good-looking, stated that her name was Mrs. William Charley and that she lived at 1833 Gay street. Her husband is a clerk for the American Refrigerator Co at Sixth and Olive streets. He left her two weeks ago, she said, without any means. For four days she has had no fire and nothing to eat excepting what was given her by the neighbors. She said that she used to wrap the child in what bed covering she had and slept without any covering herself. She called at the office of the American Refrigerator Co. this morning, but would not be allowed to see her husband she said. She then called at the office of the company's lawyer, John T. Cochran, but got no satisfaction. She then went to the Four Courts. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Estep told her to go again to where her husband works and make a demand for support and if nothing was done for her, to call again and that he would issue a warrant.

She left the office and a short time after Attorney Cochran called on Mr. Estep and told him not to issue a warrant. The matter had been settled. Mr. Cochran said that Mrs. Charley was to blame for her husband's leaving her. He could not stand her, the attorney stated, and she ordered him out, and that it was only a few days ago that he left her. Mr. Cochran said that he had arranged that she should receive half of her husband's salary; if she would call at the company's office every Saturday that she would receive the money.

CONTRIBUTE

TO THE—

LAKE FUND.

5000 Men Ask for Work.

DOLE IS FIRM.

Hawaii's President Stands by Every Statement He Has Made.

Reflections Upon Cleveland Neither Withdrawn Nor Modified.

WILLIS' REQUEST FOR AN EXPLANATION GIVEN NO ATTENTION.

For a Time the Situation at Honolulu Seemed Critical—The Provisional Government Demanded That Willis Clearly Define His Future Policy, and Say Whether or Not Force Was to Be Used to Restore the Queen.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 20.—President Cleveland, in a brief note of transmittal to-day, submitted to Congress the latest correspondence relating to Hawaii. It comprises some brief notes from Minister Willis to Secretary Gresham which are unimportant, but the chief features of it are letters passing between Minister Willis and President Dole of the Hawaiian Provisional Government, in one of which the Minister complains of an utterance of President Dole as reflecting on the President of the United States and a letter from President Dole in which he specifically inquires if Minister Willis' instructions authorized the use of force. Both these matters appear to have been settled by the receipt of the last message of the President to Congress and the last instructions of Secretary Gresham to Minister Willis.

The most important part of the correspondence consisted of a long letter from Minister Willis to Secretary Gresham, containing inclosures of correspondence between President Dole and himself. The letter, No. 20½, to Secretary Gresham is as follows:

CALLING DOLE DOWN.

HONOLULU, Jan. 5, 1894.—On Wednesday, the 27th ult., at 12 a. m., the steamship Oceanic arrived with newspapers containing the President's special message in full, together with the instructions to Mr. Blount and myself. The message was reproduced in the afternoon papers under conspicuous headlines. At 4 p. m. of the same day I received the four-page, closely written letter, which I inclose, from Mr. Dole, Minister of Foreign affairs, asking to be informed "with the least delay whether you (1) held instructions to enforce your policy with the use of arms in any event." The information desired, although fully embodied in the President's message, might have been asked for and, except for the remarkable statements contained in the letter, would have been promptly and satisfactorily given in a few words.

Confident that the charges so surprisingly and unjustly made could not be sustained, an answer herewith inclosed was on the following (Thursday) morning sent to Minister Dole asking that they be made more direct and specific.

On Friday morning, 29th ult., I received a letter from Mr. Dole, herewith inclosed, in which he says: "Special message of the President of the United States has rendered any further correspondence on the subject of my letter of the 27th of December unnecessary, as the message satisfactorily answers the question." But he added: "If you still desire the specifications requested, I will be ready to furnish them."

The instructions of the President to me had been strictly followed, or if departed from at all, it had been in favor of the beneficiaries of our wrong-doing. I felt, therefore, that the statement contained in the letter of Mr. Dole of the 27th inst. were directed, not at me personally, but at the President, and should be qualified or absolutely withdrawn.

Believing from the high character and sense of justice of Mr. Dole, that if he re-examined his letter, such would be the result, I wrote him a note which I inclose. This note was delivered at his residence on the night of the same day (Friday, Dec. 29) upon which his second letter was received. Having no answer up to Sunday night, Dec. 31, and having occasion to communicate with his colleague, Mr. Damon, upon another matter, I called his attention to the failure of Mr. Dole to reply to my note, which I explained to him was written with no unfriendly purpose, but was, as by itself declared, "for the best interests of all."

He informed me that the Advisory Council met the next day at noon and he thought the subject would then receive attention.

REFUSED TO MAKE AMENDS.

At 3 p. m. of that day, Jan. 1, I received the letter from Hon. S. B. Dole, herewith inclosed, in which he states: "It was not my intention to withdraw any of my letters." This, of course, left every charge and statement in full force as of that date. Believing that these charges, whether so intended or not, reflected very unjustly upon the President whose agent I was, at 6 p. m. of the same day (Monday, Jan. 1) I replied in the inclosed letter asking that the "desired specifications be furnished at the earliest convenience." Up to this hour (Friday, Jan. 5) no reply has been received to this request nor have I any intimation when one may be expected. My request for specifications has been in the hands of Minister of Foreign Affairs since Monday, Jan. 1, at 6 o'clock. I had hoped to receive it in time to answer by steamer Peking, leaving to-day at 2 o'clock and especially as Mr. Thurston and Mr. Hatch, late Vice-President of the Provisional Government, leave to-morrow on the Australia for the United States. This delay in answering is a great surprise and regret.

I am fully prepared to show that every step taken by the representatives of our Government has been in the direction of peace and good order. On Nov. 13, as is well known here, the greatest excitement prevailed at the Executive Building, military forces were increased in numbers, and the volunteer companies were ordered on duty at night. The preparations were due, not to any fear of American intervention, but, as Mr. Damon, Minister of Finance, called officially to explain, resulted from the apprehensions of many citizens, mostly women and children, that as the following day was the birthday anniversary of King Kalakaua large numbers of natives from the adjoining districts would be here and an outbreak might occur. Very respectfully,

ALBERT S. WILLIS.

DOLE'S DEMAND.

Minister Willis Called Upon to Disclose His Future Policy.

Following are the official notes passing between Willis and Dole, referred to in the former's letter to Secretary Gresham:

[Inclosure No. 1, in No. 20½.]

DEPARTMENT OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS, HONOLULU, Dec. 27, 1893.

SIR—Pending the further action of the Government of the United States upon the matters contained in your communication of Dec. 19, and my reply to the same, dated Dec. 23, I desire to call your excellency's most serious consideration to the dangerous critical condition of this community, arising, I must respectfully submit, out of the attitude which you have assumed and the language which you have used in public and in communications to this Government, and also out of the published letter of the Secretary of State of the United States and the President's message on the subject of restoration of the monarchy. I do not, however, claim or intimate that this unfortunate situation has been intentionally created by you or by the Government which you represent, but arises from a natural construction of your attitude and the ambiguous terms of the statements referred to.

At the time of your arrival in this country the forces of this Government were organized, and were amply sufficient to suppress any internal disorder. After your arrival you made communications regarding your policy which were ambiguous and, for several weeks, you failed to disclose your intentions, and have only partially done so up to the present moment, leaving this Government to infer what they may ultimately be from the letter from Mr. Gresham and the President's message, in which it has been declared in very distinct language that the deposed Queen ought to be restored to the throne by the Government of the United States and to leave the United States to infer that this assumed obligation would be discharged. Your language, expressed in public, declared that you intended to perform some act when the proper time arrived without disclosing what that act would be.

Under these circumstances there arose at once a general feeling of disquiet. The national inference from your attitude, language and refusal to disclose your purpose and from Mr. Gresham's letter and the President's message was, and is, that you intended to use force in maintaining your policy. The fact is well known that you, as admitted by yourself, in your communication of Dec. 19, without the consent or knowledge of this Government have held negotiations with the deposed Queen for the purpose of overthrowing this Government. The apprehension of both political parties as well as that of persons who remain neutral in these matters, is that you hold instructions to use physical force for the restoration of the monarchy. I am not prepared to state that this government entertains this opinion, although its want of information to the contrary has compelled it to act as if it were correct. In consequence of your attitude in this behalf, the enemies of the Government, believing in your intentions to restore the monarchy by force, have become emboldened. Threats of assassination of the officers of this Government have been made. The police force is frequently informed of conspiracies to create disorder. Aged and sick persons of all nationalities have been and are in a state of distress and anxiety. Children in the schools are agitated by the fear of political disturbance. The wives, sisters and daughters of residents, including many Americans, have been in daily apprehension of civic disorder. Many of them having even armed themselves in preparation therefor; citizens have made preparation in their homes for defense against assaults which may arise directly or indirectly from such conflict; persons have begun to pack their valuables with a view of immediate departure; large quantities of bandages have been prepared; unprotected women have received the promise of asylum from the Japanese representative against possible disturbance arising in consequence of American invasion.

Rumors of the intended landing of your forces for offensive purposes have agitated the community for many days. The situation for weeks has been one of warfare, without the incident of actual combat. Even the ex-Queen has called upon this Government for protection, which was accorded to her. Owing to your attitude the Government has been compelled by public apprehension to largely increase its military force at great expense, its officers have been placed and still continue in a condition of defense and preparation of siege, and the community has been put into a state of mind bordering on terrorism.

This Government has most earnestly sought from you and through our representative at Washington from your Government some assurance that force would not be used and has failed to obtain it. Your action has unfortunately aroused the passions of all parties and made it probable that disturbances may be created at any moment. I am informed by military authorities, that while the force at your command is sufficient to destroy this city, it is insufficient to any generalrising and conflict of armed forces and insurrections or to prevent the loss of life and property. This Government is reluctant to believe that this condition of affairs was contemplated or expected by yourself or by the President of the United States.

I have, therefore, to ask you to inform me without the least delay whether you hold instructions to enforce your policy with the use of arms in any event. I trust that you will be able in reply to give assurances that will tend to allay the apprehensions existing in this community.

I have the honor to be, with the highest consideration, your excellency's obedient servant,

SANFORD B. DOLE,
Minister of Foreign Affairs.

OTHER COMMUNICATIONS.

The remainder of the correspondence consists of communications between Minister Willis and President Dole arising out of the statements made in the latter's letter as given above. Under date of Dec. 27, Willis submits that as these statements reflect upon the President of the United States and his diplomatic agent, they should, "in view of their gravity, be set forth with more particularity and certainty." Each important statement in the Dole letter is cited and specifications are asked, the letter closing with the opinion that Mr. Dole upon re-examination, will not feel at liberty to affix his signature to such an extraordinary declaration. Dec. 29, President Dole replied that it was not necessary to further go into the matter as the President's message to Congress satisfactorily answered the question as to the future action of the administration. Then follows a letter of Mr. Willis suggesting the withdrawal from the Government records of all this correspondence to which Mr. Dole politely declined assent. Then follows the last inclosure which is a letter dated Jan. 1, from Minister Willis to President Dole, renewed the request for specifications as to the allegations made by President Dole in order that he (Willis) may answer them as he is fully prepared to show that they are not warranted by the facts.

Here this letter expresses regret at the Dole communication, as it "brings for the first time official information that the warlike preparations described by you (Dole) were caused by and intended for the diplomatic and military representatives of the United States."

PARTY LINES DRAWN.

How the Willis-Dole Correspondence Was Received in Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—After the reading of the Hawaiian message of transmission, at the request of Mr. Hitt the Dole letter was read. It elicited Republican applause at several points. Afterward, at the request of Mr. McCreary, Mr. Willis' reply was read and in turn received the approving plaudits of the Democrats. The subsequent correspondence evoked alternate applause on one side or the other, the Republicans signifying their approval of President Dole's letter and the Democrats of Mr. Willis' communication. The party lines seemed strictly drawn.

At the conclusion of the reading of the message and accompanying papers they were referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the consideration of the tariff bill was resumed. But for the rest of the afternoon Hawaii was almost the sole topic of conversation on the floor.

MINISTER THURSTON

Says Latest Dispatches From Hawaii Contain Nothing of Importance.

ALTOONA, Pa., Jan. 20.—Minister Thurston from Hawaii talked quite freely to-day while en route to Washington on the Pennsylvania limited express. He was met at Pittsburg by a reporter who rode with him 125 miles and was asked concerning the news from Hawaii, published this morning. He said that while the news brought by the Monowai, which arrived at San Francisco yesterday, was later than anything he had, the dispatches contained nothing of importance. He knew nothing of the demand alleged to have been made by Minister Willis on President Dole for the return of all the correspondence on the subject of restoration, and preferred not to comment upon the rumor.

"Do you anticipate any early action of your government looking to a reorganization?" asked the reporter.

"For the immediate present," said he, "the Provisional Government will take no action toward reorganizing the form of government until Congress has indicated what course it proposes to take. What will then be done depends upon circumstances at the time. Whatever is done will be in subordination to and in furtherance of the originally declared object of the revolution, viz., union with the United States in some form or other. The method and conditions are a matter of m[...] consideration. The reasons for this ar[...]

same that existed at the time of the revolution. The are that the late royal family has shown itself devoid of honor and unworthy of confidence.

ONLY RUMORS.

The News Brought by Steamer From Honolulu Up to Jan. 12.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 20.—The steamer Monowai arrived from Honolulu late yesterday afternoon. She brought no news of any importance except the following:

Just previous to the sailing of the Monowai on Jan. 12 a sensational rumor was current, which was traced to an authoritative source, that a few days after President Dole's reply was delivered to Minister Willis, and before full details of Willis' demand and Dole's reply had become public, Willis called upon Dole and endeavored to persuade him to return all of his (Willis') correspondence on the subject of restoration, and to expunge from the records Dole's reply and everything else pertaining to the subject, and to maintain absolute secrecy about the whole transaction. Dole flatly refused to enter into such a plan, and it is said Willis then attempted to force Dole to act according to his wishes, and threatened to take the American men-of-war out of the harbor and practically break off diplomatic relations between the United States and Hawaii. Dole still refused to enter into the project, and Willis' attempt to nullify his restoration policy failed.

SUED ON NOTES.

Actions Begun Against John Whittaker and Michael McEnnis.

Two suits for $50,000 due on a note were issued to-day against John Whittaker and Michael McEnnis, former partners in the pork packing business. The first suit is instituted by the National Bank of Commerce of Kansas City, Mo., and is for $50,000 due on a note dated Feb. 8, 1893. The second suit was intituted by Jerome Berryman, who received the above note from the bank, bearing the bank's indorsement. The courts in Kansas recently released an attachment the plaintiffs had secured against the pork house and property of Francis Whittaker & Sons at Wichita, Kan., at the time the firm failed.

INSTRUCTED TO ACQUIT.

Judge Edmunds Interrupts the Horchitz Alleged Embezzlement Case.

Louis Horchitz, who has been on trial for three days in the Criminal Court on a charge of embezzlement, was discharged to-day. Horchitz, who is now conducting a merchandising store at Louisiana, Mo., was formerly an agent for D. Appleton & Co., a New York publishing house. Appleton & Co. charged Horchitz with embezzling $261, but failed to substantiate the charges. The money was retained by Horchitz as commissions on sales and collections. The evidence showed that there was a controversy between Horchitz and his employers as to whether he was entitled to the commissions or not. Judge Edmunds interrupted the trial of the case to-day and instructed the jury to acquit the defendant. The State was not through presenting its case, but Judge Edmunds said that he had heard enough to satisfy him that Horchitz was not guilty. He had Horchitz placed on the stand and the latter made a statement which served to strengthen the Court in its position. Horchitz is an intelligent young man and made a good witness in his own behalf. He promptly answered all questions put to him, and gave intelligent explanations on all the points on which he was questioned. His young wife has sat in the court-room with her baby during the trial, and was an attentive listener to the testimony. There was a happy scene in the court-room when the young husband and father left the prisoner's chair and was congratulated by his wife and friends. He was defended by Attorney Theodore Rassieur and Chas. Krone.

TWO CRAZY BOYS.

One Grabbed a Woman's Throat—Wanted His Family's Blood.

Henry Worley and George Crancer were arraigned before Judge Paxson this morning on charges of disturbing the peace, but as circumstances seemed to indicate that the men were crazy, their cases were continued generally in order to give Dr. Priest a chance to inquire into their mental condition.

Worley is a rather fine-looking young man of about 29, with piercing black eyes, and dark, wavy hair. He has lived at 211 St. Louis avenue with his folks for the past week, having but recently returned from Chicago, where he said he was working the past three months. Before he went he was regarded as a dangerous man by the children and ladies of the neighborhood, for although generally harmless he would often make uncalled-for remarks to the girls, and ugly threats to everybody without provocation. Since he came home he was comparatively quiet until yesterday afternoon, when all of a sudden he rushed up-stairs into the residence of Mrs. Johanna Applehaus, No. 215 St. Louis avenue, and demanded admission. She opened the door just about an inch to see who it was when he jumped at her, shoved the door aside and grabbed her by the throat yelling "they're after me." The frightened woman fell fainting to the floor and there is no telling what might have happened had not Officer Walsh of the Fourth District happened by just at that moment and taken Worley into custody. When he arrived the imprint of Worley's fingers were plainly peceptible on Mrs. Applehaus' throat.

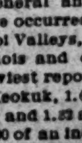
George Crancer is the 19-year-old son of Ferdinand Crancer, a cigarmaker who resides at 4102 Lucky street. Last night Mr. and Mrs. Crancer and their younger son called at the Sixth District Station and asked Capt. Campbell to send an officer to their house to arrest their son George, as he was continually annoying them by throwing rocks at them, or the house, and trying to assault them in various ways. Officer O'Toole was detailed to capture George, and when he brought him to the station he asked the boy what he meant by acting so strangely. "I want blood," said he; "I want to bleed the whole family, and then they can hang me if they like." His parents have come to the conclusion that he has become flighty.

Both prisoners will be sent to the Dispensary this afternoon.

THE WEATHER.

Forecast for St. Louis Is Rain To-Day and Much Cooler To-Morrow.

[INDICATION OF FLAGS: Triangular—Temperature; at the top, warmer; at bottom, cooler. Blue—Precipitation. White—Fair weather. Thus: Blue, white and triangular—Snow, rain or sleet, followed by fair and cooler weather.]



A marked storm covers the Central Mississippi Valleys, the center being in Iowa, while a secondary depression is central in Northern Louisiana. The pressure is high on the Atlantic Coast, in Western Texas and in Manitoba. Another "low" is noticeable in Western Montana.

General and in most cases heavy rains have occurred in the Central and Lower Mississippi Valleys, except in the section south of Illinois and east of the Mississippi. The heaviest reported are 2.94 at Oklahoma, 1.54 at Keokuk, 1.62 at Hannibal, 1.48 at Kansas City and 1.23 at Springfield, Mo. The area of 25-100 of an inch or more of precipitation embraces nearly every station in the Mississippi Valley from Wisconsin to Louisiana.

It is much warmer from Louisiana northward to the Upper Lake Region.

Forecast for St. Louis: Rain Saturday; fair and much colder Sunday.

Forecast for Missouri: Rain or snow to-day and probably local snows, followed by clearing weather Sunday morning; winds shifting to northwesterly; colder.

TWO ATTEMPTS.

Suburban Electric Trains Narrowly Escape Wrecking.

Boulders and Boards Placed on the Tracks by Miscreants.

THE MOTIVE FOR THE FIENDISH WORK SUPPOSED TO BE ROBBERY.

The Company Forced to Place an Armed Patrol Along Their Tracks—A Young Woman's Exciting Experience at Plymouth Avenue Last Night—Meeting at Normandy To-Night.

Two attempts to wreck St. Louis & Suburban electric trains have occurred on that road within the last week. One attempt was made outside the city limits, a few blocks beyond Davis Station, and the other inside the limits, at Belt avenue. What the motive was can only be surmised. That both attempts were not successful was due in one case to accident and in the other to the watchfulness of Supt. Sneed, who was on the front end of the motor.

BOULDERS ON THE TRACK.

The attempt at Davis Station occurred while the car was running down hill at a high rate of speed, having left Wells Station for Florissant on its regular night trip.

Several wealthy suburbanites were in the car and Supt. Sneed was on the front platform talking to the motorman, when he observed two rocks the size of a bushel basket or larger one on each rail but a few yards ahead. The road at this point runs on an embankment of a few feet, and the grade is quite steep. Mr. Sneed yelled to the motorman to reverse the power, and the motorman, who had seen the boulders about the same time, reversed the current, but the car struck both rocks, the fender in front pushing them from the track; the car started back at once and was stopped a few feet from where the boulders had been sighted. Had the power not been reversed when the motor hit the chances are that it would have been derailed and thrown on its side. As it was no damage was done. The effect upon the passengers in a car suddenly derailed and thrown on its side when it is running at a rate of speed such as the Suburban line is accustomed to do in the county can scarcely be calculated. The idea in the attempt was probably robbery, the wreckers calculating upon securing the conductor's cash and the property or money which might be found upon the persons of the injured passengers.

THE SECOND ATTEMPT.

The second attempt was at Belt avenue. Here a board was placed directly on the track in such a manner as to lift the trucks and toss them from the track. The motorman saw the board and was unable to stop, and, determined to give it the best game he could, put on the power stronger. The car, which is the heaviest on the road, cut it like paper and the passengers hardly felt the shock. A light car, such as the majority of the motors on the line, would have been thrown off the track.

TRACK PATROLLED.

Supt. Sneed, speaking of the attempts this morning, said: "The thing has come to a pass that we cannot stand it. Whether the motive in attempting to wreck our trains was caused by pure cussedness or a desire to commit robbery, I do not know. But if any-one is caught trying it, it will be made very warm for him. I have men patrolling the road every night between De Hodiamont and Wells and out the extension from Wells. The county offers a good field for any kind of a depredation. They come right in town on our cars before the crime is committed. It seems funny to say that vigilance committees are a necessity in a community like where it is settled up but there are three of them between Valley Park and Ferguson and murder and criminal assault will not be the only things they will hang people for. The citizens of the county do not blame Sheriff Garrett. He is a good, courageous officer and does all he can but it would take an army of deputies to watch all the roads in the county and the citizens will attend to anybody caught playing highway robber in the future. Our road along the line is well policed by our men and our men are well armed."

THE LATEST OUTRAGE.

The latest county outrage was perpetrated last night about 11 o'clock just inside the county line on Plymouth avenue. The intended victim is employed in the county and leaves the Suburban car at Plymouth avenue. Last night the young woman, whose name is not known, boarded a car at Garrison avenue and Franklin avenue and alighted from it at Plymouth avenue. Just as she signaled the conductor to get off two men on the rear platform also prepared to get off, and when the car stopped, alighted and went on ahead of her a few feet. When the car had gotten fairly out of sight the men turned and one of them displayed a revolver and made a motion to catch the woman, who uttered a blood-curdling shriek and turning fled toward the Suburban tracks again; reching them she continued her flight to De Hodiamont Station, where she arrived in a frightened and hysterical condition. She was pale as a sheet and trembling like a leaf. She told her story the best she could in her excited condition and a crowd of motormen and conductors, who had turned in their cars and were preparing to go home, organized a posse and started on the next car for Plymouth avenue. This was, however, fully ten minutes after the attempted outrage or robbery occurred, and no trace could be found of the men. They, however, had enough opportunity to escape. The young woman saw she had several squares to go into the country to reach where she was going, and refused to continue to her place of residence, taking the car back down town, and returning where she had spent the evening. Her name was not asked nor given.

VIGILANCE COMMITTEE TO BE ORGANIZED.

The Normandy citizens and the farmers around the suburban town will meet to-night in the Normandy School-house to form their vigilance committee and keep in line with the rest of the county and endeavor to stamp out crime.

ST. LOUIS POSTMASTERSHIP.

The Contest for the Position Growing Livelier Every Day.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 20.—The fight for the St. Louis Post-office grows livelier every day. A bundle of papers relative to the appointment, with "confidential" endorsed on the envelope, has been received at the department. It is rumored that the paper is a protest against the appointment of Mr. Carlisle by a number of the largest patrons of the St. Louis Post-office. No personal reflection is cast on Mr. Carlisle in the objection raised to his appointment. The protests simply state that, trained for the practice of law, Mr. Carlisle's business experience has not been as great as the St. Louis office demands. Congressman Cobb still thinks Carlisle will be appointed.

IT WILL OCCUR.

Jacksonville People Confident the Fight Will Take Place.

The Duval Club Certain, However, to Lose Money.

CONFLICTING STORIES ABOUT WHERE THE BATTLE-GROUND WILL BE.

Indifference of the People to the Presence of Militia—The Club Will Probably Make Newspaper Men Pay to Witness the Contest—Johnny Ward, the Base Ball Player, an Enthusiastic Corbett Man—Snapper Garrison's Stable Informations.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 20.—After a consultation which consumed less than a quarter of an hour at the Duval Club offices yesterday afternoon, Ike Thompson and Bat Masterson, who came here at the request of Chas. Mitchell to ascertain what provisions would be made for the contestants in the big battle in case it was interfered with during the earlier rounds, declared that the position taken by the club was entirely satisfactory to them, and this declaration wipes out all the possibilities of a quibble over the conditions named in the indorsement of the certified check, which John Kelly, the referee, has in his possession. It is odds on at this writing that Corbett and Mitchell will fight. Thompson and Masterson, in whose hands the British champion has placed himself, did not come up here to raise any argument about the purse or the division of it. Their journey from St. Augustine was solely for the purpose of finding out just what the club would consider evidence of good faith so far as the fighters were concerned.

VENDIG TALKS THROUGH HIS HAT.

Yesterday morning Joe Vendig said to the POST-DISPATCH staff correspondent that the club proposed to give its patrons a satisfactory fight or refund the money paid by them for admission and transportation to the scene of battle. "If the fight is stopped in the fifth round or the twentieth round," quoted jocular Joe, "neither of the fighters will get a penny, because they will not have fulfilled their contract, because we intend to give every person who comes a run for his money, and will refund to each spectator the money he paid for admission in case it is not a finish battle."

If the other members of the club had stuck to their proposition there would most unquestionably have been a very decided kick on the part of Mitchell's representatives, but the subsequent developments prove most conclusively that when Vendig talked in this strain he was talking through his hat. Bowden, Mason and Vendig met the committee of two sent from the Mitchell camp and had no difficulty in convincing them of the club's sincerity.

Said Mr. Bowden: "The moment Corbett or Mitchell gets into the ring the Duval Athletic Club ceases to have the slightest interest in the $20,000 purse, and the disposition of this money remains solely in Referee Kelly's hands. We intend to carry this thing out now at all hazards, and I consider that our proposition to the fighters is eminently fair, as we have already given them $5,000 as an evidence of faith."

THAT CORBETT LETTER.

"That suits us," exclaimed Masterson, "and you can rest assured that Mr. Mitchell will be on hand to fulfill his part of the contract whenever you send for him. Now we would like to known what information Mr. Corbett has which prompted him to send out an open letter advising his friends to come here. We are thoroughly satisfied that the fight will take place as you say, but at the same time it looks to us as though Corbett had been getting some inside information."

"That's exactly the way I look at it," put in Ike Thompson.

"I'll say this much to you, gentlemen," and Bowden spoke slowly and with much deliberation, "Corbett is confident that the fight will take place, and is willing to trust us with the details without asking for any explanative. I have assured him of our ability to carry out the programme, and I repeat to you just now what I said to him. He knows no more about the location of the battle ground than President Cleveland does. What I want to know is, are you willing to take for granted, as he does, what we say?"

"Certainly we are," exclaimed Thompson; "all Mitchell wants is an even chance, and I am very well satisfied now that he will get it."

Thompson and his companion appeared to be very much disappointed at the absence of any representation of the American champion at this conference, but it was learned that no appointment had been made with Brady. Of course, it could not be expected under the circumstances that he would be anyanywhere nearer Jacksonville than Mayport at this particular time.

Harry Mason appeared to be considerably cut up at Vendig's unauthorized statement in connection with the spending of money paid for tickets.

"Vendig and Bowden are all right," said he to the POST-DISPATCH representative, "but I am afraid they talk too much. They haven't very much more time, however, to do the talking, for when it comes to the real important question they will both be out of the know."

CONFIDENT THE FIGHT WILL OCCUR.

Everything in connection with the fight looks more favorable to-day than it did yesterday and there is scarcely a man in the town who is not willing to bet on the Duval Club's declaration that it can, without the slightest doubt, carry out its programme.

Sheriff Broward reached here yesterday from Tallahassee, and although he would say very little in connection with his interview with the Governor, it is strongly suspected he met with a cold reception. It was his intention, to guard against any legal action which may follow, to get from the Governor a written statement instructing him what to do in case he found that the manager of the club intended to pull the fight off in Duval County. The Governor simply told Broward to use every means at his disposal to prevent the fight, and placed the militia under his command. According to this, martial law will not be declared. Of course, the Sheriff is in a ticklish position. To lose his official head would mean to him the loss of at least $10,000 a year, since his fees run up to that amount, and while he would very much like to see the great international battle, Broward, in all probability, will forego this pleasure and do exactly what the Governor advises.

During a conversation with the POST-DISPATCH correspondent upon the subject of the fight this morning, Broward declared that there would be no pugilistic arrangement in this county, and Deputy Sheriff Vinson, who appears to have an inside knowledge of the affair, openly disputed his chief. Broward asked Vinson where he obtained his information, and the latter very sensibly declined to answer.

WILL PROBABLY CHARGE NEWSPAPER MEN.

The arrivals to-day include not less than thirty newspaper men, and this fact disturbs the peace of mind of the club directors to no small extent, and they have actually decided that the Corbett-Mitchell fight is not to be a professional matinee, for in the estimation of one or two of the men who are running this affair, men who report glove contests [illegible] the same as the fellows who do the fight. Harry Mason has for a long time been considering the advisability of putting a tax on the newspaper men, and from the way it looks at present a good many reporters will be frozen out if they don't happen to have $25 within easy reach. There are no less than a hundred newspaper correspondents in town at this moment, and there is every indication that as many more will arrive before Tuesday. It doesn't look as though the club intended to have any more glove contests, and they consider that it would be very poor policy not to take advantage of the opportunities that are offered of knocking into a cocked hat the usual arrangements made for newspaper men by a regularly organized and incorporated athletic club. It has begun to dawn upon the projectors of this pugilistic affair that there will be less than 50,000 men in Jacksonville next Wednesday, and they propose to get in all the money that is going around loose. Newspaper men appear to be easy prey, and reports keep coming into the the club telling of the astonishing rush for places that is being made by persons anxious to see the fight and of the special trains which are said to be coming to Jacksonville.

THOSE SPECIAL TRAIN STORIES.

But it is quite probable that the railroad companies are making no special effort to prevent blockades on the various systems through these advices. Col. Thomas Ochiltree Wilkinson, once of Ozone Park, L. I., later Chief of the Fire Department of Crede, Mont., but now the leading auctioneer of Washington, D. C., telegraphs the club that he starts from the Capitol City within a very few hours with six special trains, of ten vestibuled sleepers each, for the scene of action, but the Colonel's statement isn't generally believed. As a matter of fact, the Duval Athletic Club will be pleased beyond measure if he tows six good men, let alone trains, into town. A Boston sporting celebrity wires that he is coming on with 250 sports from the Hub, and a New Yorker, who has figured on several occasions in the big fights, promises to conduct as many more lovers of boxing to Jacksonville from that city. These special trains have always looked very well in print before the start, but as a rule their proportions have fallen away at least 75 per cent at the last moment.

THE CLUB WILL LOSE MONEY.

Although it is regarded as a sure thing now that Corbett and Mitchell will fight, some of those who have put their money in the club do not expect to come out within a great many thousand dollars of even. They appear to have cast aside altogether the thought of money, insomuch as the losses which are bound to follow the successful termination of their plan is concerned, but a few wiseacres in this vicinity do not believe that the club will go on with its arrangements when it ascertains at the last moment that there will be a frightful shortage. They seem to be sportsmanlike, do Bowden and his associates, but they are unmistakably amateurs and whether they will throw up the whole scheme when they learn on Wednesday just how the club is likely to be taken in, remains to be seen. In these hard times men who have had to work very hard for their money do not derive any pleasure from throwing it into the deep blue sea, but even if the club should fall by the wayside, there is a good chance for a meeting between Corbett and Mitchell, and if they do fight in the woods a $50 bill will go a long way towards piloting a stranger to the scene.

INDIFFERENT TO MILITIA.

The Second Batallion may invade the town on Tuesday instead of on Wednesday, but it is impossible to find any one here who cares a cent whether the soldiers come to-morrow or next Christmas. As far as one can judge the militia cuts a very small figure in the proceedings. Everybody is satisfied that the arrangements which the club has made with a certain railroad to carry the ticket-holders to the battle-ground cannot be interfered with by Gov. Mitchell. Sheriff Broward don't want the fight in this county, but if it is in an adjoining district he promises to pay for a front seat. Doc Robbins and Jack Fogarty of Philadelpha arrived yesterday and last evening started for Anastasia Island, where they will remain until Tuesday. Fogarty, who claims to be a pretty good judge of fighters, thinks that Mitchell has all of a 1-to-2 chance to carry off the honors, and his companion is of the same opinion in spite of the fact that Al Smith and Col. John D. Hopkins declare that Corbett has as much chance to lose as John G. McCane has to be elected President of the United States.

NO BETTING.

Less than $30 has been bet on the result so far as is known in this section, and it will not be surprising if the Corbett men do not look for odds in a short time. All well-posted sports figure that Mitchell has about a one to four chance, but you can't find anybody laying that kind of odds.

Steve Brodie writes from the Bowery that he will leave on Monday with a special train on board of which will be all of the political luminaries of the Eighth Assembly District. Brodie expects to carry along with him not less than fifteen cases of champagne, and he requests the club to secure for him a private cottage, or, failing in this, to engage at least one floor of the best hotel in town for himself and guests.

JOHNNY WARD A CORBETT ENTHUSIAST.

If there ever was an enthusiastic Corbett man John Montgomery Ward is the fellow. Accompanied by half-dozen pointer dogs and two servants, who had in charge the safe transportation of the guns and other hunting things with which Mr. Ward usually travels, the noted base ballist struck this village late yesterday afternoon, but he hasn't said a word about the national game since his arrival. "Think about the fight?" he exclaimed this morning talking to the POST-DISPATCH correspondent, "Why, 'tisn't going to be a fight so far as I can see. It is going to be something like a cake walk for Corbett. My honest opinion is that Mitchell will never come any nearer hitting him than Washington will to winning the championship next season. I do not intend to bet any money, because I am not particularly fond of laying four or five to one, but if I was a millionaire I would scare all the Mitchell people off the earth.

SNAPPER GARRISON'S TIP.

Snapper Garrison has been nosing around all day trying to find out in a quiet way the location of the battle ground so as to give a few lemonade men of his acquaintance a chance to make an honest dollar, for as long as the fight is going to be under a circus tent it will be only natural for the speculators to get a thirst for circus lemonade. As a result of his investigation the famous jockey said that he had ascertained the exact spot upon which the great fight will take place, and he declares that aside from himself there is only one other living man who knows the place.

"Of course," he said to the POST-DISPATCH representative, "we cannot afford to let every Tom, Dick and Harry into the secrets of the club. I'm not a regular member of the club, and would not have come here unless Joe Vendig had assured me that the fight would positively take place, although they held a meeting and agreed on me as official time-keeper. I know both Corbett and Mitchell couldn't be better pleased than to have me hold the watch for the club, and I am dead sure that my $2,600 chronometer, which keeps tab on the tides as well as the changes of the moon, will come in very handy at the ring side. These men are going to fight within fifty minutes' ride of Jacksonville, and the sports can get out to the scene and back a great deal easier than they could from the Coney Island Athletic Club. Everything is all fixed, and I believe as Vendig does, that the fight will come off sure.

STORIES ABOUT THE BATTLE GROUNDS.

This tip as regards the scene of battle does not exactly chime with the other stable information which is to be had in every sporting resort on Bay street. There are yarns and yarns in circulation, and the latest is that the club officials intend to hire a big flatboat, charge passengers $100 apiece, and let Jim and Charley disfigure each other on the placid bosom of the St. John's River. Another tale is that the battle ground will be a secluded spot nearly 400 miles southward from this point, where it is rumored that the tent and seats are already in shipshape order. Since Prof. Gentry's show will be in St. Augustine on the first three nights of next week this information may not be regarded as important, because a dog show in the open air, though it might be extremely interesting, wouldn't do much towards paying for the keep of the dogs, unless they showed in the base ball park. This is one thing that the club managers have really kept under their hats. It is impossible to get any idea of the club's plans in connection with the battle ground, as they will not unbelt themselves until the very last moment. Up till yesterday afternoon a number of workmen were plodding away at the proposed arena on the old Fair Grounds, but the club decided to abandon the work on this structure and the carpenters will be paid off this afternoon.

Prof. Gentry admitted this morning that he would get a good fat sum for the use of his [illegible] from the Duval Athletic Club. "But the money I receive," he remarked with true showman-like sagacity, "isn't a marker to the financial benefit I shall derive later on, when my equine and canine paradox takes to the road. Why, there isn't a man, woman or child in the country who wouldn't pay half a dollar to sit under the same tent in which Corbett and Mitchell fought for the championship of the world, and you can shoot me for an alligator if I don't take great pains to have this on my show bills."

IN THREE SECTIONS.

As near as can be learned, the club proposes to run its trains upon a first, second and third-class basis, although the accommodations will be the same on all. Tickets for the first section will probably be sold at a premium over the now regularly established $25 a head arrangement. For second choice a small advance may be charged, and the last train leaving Jacksonville will probably be a free-for-all; that is, to all those who have tickets. The directors of the club are going in for the handling of a big crowd in a delightfully innocent way. Their plans would probably work admirably if it was only necessary for them to handle 500 or 600 people, but there will be half that many reporters, in all probability, and if the sports come along in a great number the transportation manager of the club will have a pretty big job on his hands.

H. B. HACKETT.

A Letter From Mitchell.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—A letter received here from Charley Mitchell, who writes from his training quarters in St. Augustine, Fla., reads as follows:

I am enjoying the best of health, am in first-class trim and ready to fight. The contest will certainly take place, and you may rest assured that it will not be my fault if it does not, for I should be very sorry not to have the satisfaction of trying for that $20,000 purse and the pleasure—and I assure you it will be a pleasure—of testing Mr. Corbett's great skill, hitting power, etc., in a twenty-four-foot ring. I understand John Kelly has received a check for $20,000, but he cannot cash it for the "ready." We are going to notify Messrs. Mason and Bowden to substitute money for the check, and I expect Corbett will do the same. I understand Corbett is in first-class condition. If such is the case he will not have any excuse should I be fortunate enough to win. You can rest assured the battle will be fought from the start to finish. No punches will be wasted, either, and he who can hit the hardest will win. Dempsey, I hear, is going to second Corbett. Seconds cannot win prize fights, and the greatest fighters sometimes make the poorest seconds.

Letter From Bat Masterson.

The SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH of to-morrow will publish a long letter from Bat Masterson, the noted Colorado Sheriff, who is one of Mitchell's advisers and seconds. This letter is the strongest Mitchell argument yet advanced in its every detail. Masterson is known all over the country. He was time keeper for Corbett in his fight with Sullivan, and has shifted into the other camp. He is a most intelligent observer, and his arguments are straightforward and logical.

For the Multitude.

Many great blessings of the world can only be had by the few, but here is one for the benefit of all, and absolutely free of charge. Nothing is of more importance to us than our health: It has, until recently, been impossible for the poor, or those living far from large cities, to obtain the best medical advice except at great expense. But now comes forward one of our greatest and most successful specialists in curing nervous and chronic diseases and offers to every one, far and near, the privilege of consulting him by letter, without charge. This is none other than the well-known Dr. Greene of 35 West Fourteenth street, New York, the discoverer of the wonderful medicine, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy.

You who have sought in vain to learn what you are suffering from, or to obtain help, write him a description of your complaint, and he will return you a letter stating exactly what your disease is, and thoroughly describing each symptom, so that you can clearly understand just what ails you. And all this is entirely free of expense to you. The doctor gives most careful and explicit attention to all letters, and is having wonderful success in treating disease through his system of letter correspondence, using as he does, nothing but harmless vegetable remedies in his practice. Write the doctor at once all about your complaint. It is the surest way to regain your health.

Robbed the American Express Co.

The police received word this morning of the arrest at Moberly, Mo., of a man for whom they have been watching for several days. Some days ago the American Express Co. officials notified the police to be on the lookout for a man named Prior, whom it was alleged had absconded from St. Paul with about $200 or $300 belonging to the express company. The man was said to be traveling under the name of C. A. Stewart, and to be accompanied by a woman whom Stewart is alleged to have passed as his wife. They were traced to Mason City, Io., where they took a train for Moberly. Detective Howard watched the Union Depot all day yesterday in the event that they might get past Moberly. Supt. Adams of the express company, however, intercepted Prior at Moberly and arrested him.

THE CRESCENT HOTEL,

Eureka Springs, Arkansas.

OPEN FEBRUARY 1, 1894.

A beautiful stone, fireproof structure, with all modern improvements, situated in the heart of the Ozark Mountains. Mild and bracing climate. Wild and beautiful scenery. Unrivaled medicinal waters. Through sleepers over the St. Louis & San Francisco Railway between St. Louis and Eureka Springs. Write to the undersigned for descriptive pamphlet, rates, etc.

CHARLES MILLER, Manager.

School Board Proceedings.

At the meeting of the School Board Building Committee last night, the German School Association and Free Community asked the use of rooms in the Blair School branch on each Saturday; the patrons of the Dulaney School ask for the purchase of property adjacent to the school, the yard of which is occupied by street-car tracks, and alsow ant a colored kindergarten. John Farrell was given the contract to pave Dessalines School yard and also to construct the sewer.

In the matter of the High School heating contract a compromise was effected by which the Modern Heating Co. is to deduct $625 from the contract price and to continue the work. The Globe Heating Co. notified the board that, owing to changes in building plans, the heating apparatus at Pope School could not be completed.

That Story of Stockton's.

Frank R. Stockton has been working very hard for the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

And his labors have brought forth a new and remarkable story.

He calls it "The Comet Hunter and the Gemini," which indicates the story, but doesn't give an idea of it.

This is fiction, but there is no reason why it all, strange as it is, should not come true.

This story will begin in the next SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

Breckinridge's Manifesto.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Jan. 20.—Col. Breckinridge has issued the following political circular:

DEAR SIR—The canvass for Congressman has in a certain sense opened, and that very vigorously. My enemies are extremely busy, and do not confine themselves to legitimate methods of canvassing. They are attempting to stab me in the back while I am here attending to my public duties. I can not neglect these duties and leave the district unrepresented when important measures are pending, and I must, therefore, throw myself upon the indulgence of my friends and ask their help. I assure you I intend to make this race, and I don't intend to make a defensive race. I ask your support, and I will take it as a favor if you would send me the names of the Democrats in your neighborhood and correspond with me from time to come. Very truly yours,

W. C. P. BRECKINRIDGE.

ECONOMY COAL

Has no equal. Try a load and be convinced Anthracite, best grade, lowest prices.

DEVOY & FEUERBORN COAL & COKE CO.,
704 Pine street.

SATOLLI'S RECALL.

Bishop Spalding Says He Will Not Remain in America Permanently.

HE WILL NOT BE RECALLED ON SHORT NOTICE, HOWEVER.

The Pope Expresses Great Satisfaction With His Work in the United States and He Will, No Doubt, Be Elevated to the Cardinalate Ere Long—Catholicism in America.

ROME, Jan. 20.—A correspondent has had an interview with Bishop Spalding of Peoria, Ill., who recently arrived here, and who has had an interview with the Pope. Speaking in regard to the reports again circulated in the Rome newspapers that Mgr. Satolli would shortly be recalled from the United States, Bishop Spalding repeated that he had heard absolutely nothing either at the Vatican or elsewhere to give the slightest color to these reports.

"That Mgr. Satolli will not remain permanently in the United States," continued the Bishop, "is certain, as is also his elevation to the cardinalate ere long, but it is well known that the Pope' has expressed his satisfaction with the manner in which Mgr. Satolli has acquitted himself of the mission intrusted to him, and I have no reason to suppose that his holiness has any desire to recall him at short notice."

"Do you think," asked the correspondent, "that the institution of an apostolic delegation has been advantageous to the interests of the Catholic religion in the United States?"

"My impression is that the majority of North American Catholics have not regarded the presence of an apostolic delegation favorably, and do not, moreover, believe that the interests of the Catholic Church will in any sense be advanced thereby. The situation of the Catholic Church in America, it must be considered, is in many respects without a parallel, and the church there has exigencies which an Italian envoy, whose mind has ripened in a social and intellectual atmosphere quite different from ours, might fail to appreciate."

"Do you believe that the Pope will see fit to intervene in the school question at any future time?"

"His holiness has made a definitive pronouncement in ordaining that the resolutions of the Baltimore Congress are to be acted upon and this declaration must suffice, especially in view of the facts that the resolutions are respected by the American clergy and episcopacy."

"Has the Pope, to your knowledge or belief, made any declaration with respect to the two Catholic universities at Washington?"

"His holiness has had no reason to make any pronouncement on the subject, seeing that no real conflict exists between the two universities. In fact there are not two universities; there is a school under Jesuit direction, to which are annexed two faculties, one of jurisprudence, the other of medicine, and at the side of this school there is a university founded under the auspices of the American episcopacy. It is true the Jesuit school has many more students than the university, but I repeat his holiness has never judged it necessary to pronounce in favor of either of the two institutions."

In the course of further remarks Bishop Spalding said that he intended to remain some weeks longer in Rome before returning to the United States.

61 Days' Running Meet

AT HOT SPRINGS, ARK.,

Commencing Jan. 20 and continuing for a period of sixty-one days. $75,000 in stakes and purses to be given away. Great improvements have been made in the track and buildings. The grand stand and betting ring have been remodeled and inclosed in glass. For rates, tickets, sleeping-car berths and particulars call on or address City Ticket Office *Iron Mountain Route*, St. Louis.

Mercantile Hunting and Fishing Club.

A movement is on foot to get up a fishing and hunting club whose membership shall be limited exclusive to members of the Mercantile Club. The organization is to be known as the Mercantile Hunting and Fishing Club and has in view the purchasing of a tract of 2,324 acres of land just outside of Corning, Ark. Inclosed in the tract are Corning and Long Lakes and in time the adjoining property all the way over to the Black River, some 1,500 additional acres, may be purchased. A prospectus has been mailed to Mercantile Club members, with a view to getting from each an answer as to whether he cares to join. This prospectus states that the property can be secured for $5 an acre, or $11,620 exclusive of the merchantable timber, allowing the vendor five years to remove it.

California

AND THE MID-WINTER EXPOSITION.

A personally conducted excursion by Capt. A. Lederman will leave St. Louis Thursday, Feb. 1, via the MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY, passing through Kansas City, Omaha, Colorado Springs, Denver, Salt Lake City and Ogden over the "Scenic Route of the World." Special attractions will be offered members of this excursion party. For full particulars call on or address Capt. A. Lederman, care City Ticket Office, MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.

House of Delegates.

The House of Delegates held a short session last night.

The Ways and Means Committee reported adversely on the bill to sell the old City Hall property and devote the proceeds to the completion of the new building.

The bill authorizing the Manchester Electric Railroad Co. to lay tracks from the city limits to King's highway along the Manchester road, was passed.

The bill to raise the license of intelligence offices to $500 per annum and the bill providing for the inspection of stone masonry were also passed.

The bill compelling street railway companies to place watchmen at all crossings was passed, while that to increase the license of money lenders was laid over for one week. Adjourned.

JOHN F. YAEGER, grocer, 3673 Olive st., solicits your trade for strictly unadulterated goods. All goods are warranted to be pure.

Carry Too Much Steam.

Boiler Inspector John J. Burke had a summons issued in the First District Police Court to-day against John M. Darr, President of the Tower Grove Milling Co., on the Manchester road between Boyle and Kentucky avenues, and Oliver G. Richey, the engineer of the company, charging them with carrying a greater pressure of steam than the law allows.

WE do not like baldness, gray hair, dandruff nor thin locks. Avoid these erratic features of the hair by using Parker's Hair Balsam.

Starving Deer.

BANGOR, Me., Jan. 20.—Late Cleland, who has arrived here from Bubar's Camp at Millinoket Lake, says that in many places in Northern Maine deer have been found dead in yards. The cause is attributed to starvation, branches of trees upon which they feed having been encased in ice since December by the sleet storm which occurred in that month.

INSIST on getting DR. ENNO SANDER'S Seltzer or Ginger Ale, which is pure and wholesome. It improves the flavor of your liquor, while the cheap stuff some dealers try to pass on you spoils your drink.









Now For the Merry

MIDWAY PLAISANCE.

WITH ITS

Ancient Streets, Temples, Villages, Shops, Castles, Theaters, Panoramas, Encampments, Pagodas,

AND INTERESTING ETHNOLOGICAL TYPES.

Arabs, Laplanders, Algerians, Dahomeyans, Bedouins, Singhalese, Javanese, Turks, Esquimaux,

AND ANIMAL SPECIES.

Elephants, Camels, Reindeers, Donkeys, Arabian Horses, Lions, Dromedaries, Ostriches,

ALL SUPERBLY PICTURED IN THE



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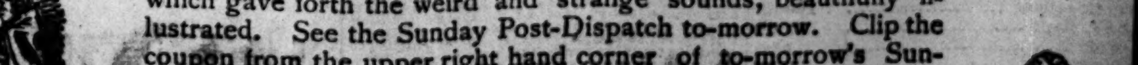
These Views are the Most ARTISTIC, AUTHENTIC, ACCURATE, and in Every Way THE BEST.

Don't Miss This Number

And Get All the Back Numbers.

The homes of the characters of the Midway and the places which gave forth the weird and strange sounds, beautifully illustrated. See the Sunday Post-Dispatch to-morrow. Clip the coupon from the upper right hand corner of to-morrow's Sunday Post-Dispatch.

CLIP a coupon from the **Sunday Post-Dispatch** and present it with 10 cents to any branch office. Back numbers to be had at the main office. Address Art Department, Post-Dispatch, St. Louis, Mo.



INCOME TAXES

Many Objections Mooted Against the Proposed Plans.

Representative Sperry of Connecticut a Strong Opponent to the Bill.

HE POINTS OUT THE INQUISITORIAL FEATURE OF THE MEASURE.

He Says the Proposition to Allow Those Affected to Make a Voluntary Report of Incomes Affords No Protection—The Government Assessors Will Still Pry Into the Business Affairs of Many—Hall of Missouri Argues for the Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 20.—The opponents of the income tax have been stirred to renewed activity by the digest of the measure as given in the Associated Press dispatches. It was the first time they had seen the detailed method proposed for levying the tax. Representative Sperry (Dem.) of Connecticut, who is one of the most active opponents of the bill, points out some of the main objections to the income tax plan as proposed. He says that the committee has in no way overcome the objection that an income tax is inquisitorial. They do not pry into the incomes of citizens, but leave it for the citizens having an income of over $3,500 to voluntarily make a report as to whether his income exceeds $4,000. Mr. Sperry says that this "voluntary" proposition gives no protection to the citizen. The Government assessors will select such citizens as have not made a voluntary statement and will pry into their affairs. Mr. Sperry says also that the voluntary system "puts a premium on liars."

Mr. Sperry points out that it wi ll be absolutely impossible for business men to make a voluntary statement as to the amount of their incomes. He cites an actual case which has come to his attention, of a man who had used a large stock of raw wool to make woolen hose, without expecting to sell the goods and merely for the purpose of keeping his men employed. The transaction resulted in a net loss of $30,000. Mr. Sperry shows that such a transaction cannot be estimated in figuring on income.

He also says that large commercial concerns will never be able to make an estimate of their incomes. They are in the habit of giving credit at from four to six months and their book accounts seldom or never show what their income is. If the book accounts are paid it represents income, otherwise it represents loss. Mr. Sperry says there is no practical means of obviating this difficulty. In the plan to have the disbursing officer of firms or corporations pay the tax on salaries of employes, Mr. Sperry says that the proposed law shows its manifest injustice. A salary is ascertainable and is not like the uncertain profits of a business firm. And yet the employer is compelled to do the bookkeeping and assume the burden of looking after the taxes on all the salaries of his employes.

HALL OF MISSOURI EXPLAINS.

Throws Light on a Number of the Details of the Income Tax Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Representative Hall of Missouri to-day explained a number of the details of the income tax bill to be reported to the House Monday. Mr. Hall is regarded in the House as the originator of the entire plan of an income tax. He has discussed the subject fully with President Cleveland and the various members of the Cabinet. Regarding an income tax, Mr. Hall said:

"I find there is much apprehension as to the amount of income which will be subject to a tax. If, for instance, a man receives a salary of $5,000 a year the opinion seems to prevail that this entire salary is subjected to a 2 per cent tax. As a matter of fact, however, all classes of incomes have an exception of $4,000, so that the man receiving a salary of $5,000 would pay a tax on only $1,000.

"One of the most inexplicable things to me is the opposition to this income tax bill, as passed by the Ways and Means Committee, from the wealthy classes of the United States. This bill should have been entitled, 'A bill to suppress demagoguery and the growth of anarchy and socialism.'"

In conversation with one of the ablest lawyers of the country, Mr. Hall made this remark: "Were I legal adviser of all the consolidated wealth of the United States I should advise them to advocate just such an income tax bill as this, because it shows a willingness upon the part of wealth to bear some of the burdens of governmental taxation and relieve the poor from that burden. If this bill is defeated the demagogue can then well go upon the stump and say that the wealth of this Government, while it receives the protection and defense of all other classes, refuses to bear any of the burdens for its support.

"One of the objections urged against the income tax," said Mr. Hall, "is that it is inquisitorial in its character. So is the Custom-house inquisitorial. Is not the internal revenue tax on whisky and tobacco inquisitorial? Is not personal property taxation, which is resorted to by thirty-nine out of the forty-four States of the Union, inquisitorial when it requires a man to make an affidavit to every dollar's worth of personal property he has and allows an officer to go into his wife's wardrobe and drag out her watch and jewelry and all her finery? And yet the same men who have succeeded in passing these laws in the States now come forward and oppose an income tax on the ground that it is inquisitorial. Another of their silly arguments is that the income tax is a reward for perjury. While we have heard demagogues upon the stump say many harsh and cruel things of wealthy men, we have never heard one so bold as to say that men who receive incomes of $4,000 would make themselves a band of perjurers in order to protect themselves from a small, pitiable tax on their incomes of 2 per cent. Instead of these measures being a reward for perjury by its passage, if we refuse to pass it because this claim is made, then the refusal to pass it from such an argument will be a reward to a threatened perjury.

"The danger arising from an investigation of the operation and methods of business men is entirely destroyed by the first part of sec. 10 of the bill, which punishes severely any collector or deputy collector who divulges any information regarding a person's financial condition.

"I asked the members of the Ways and Means Committee if they could even theoretically frame a tariff bill without an income tax that would yield a sufficient revenue for the years 1895 and 1896 and not have a deficit of $25,000,000 for 1897 and 1898. They said it could be done."

Sugar Schedule Contest.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 20.—The contest over the sugar schedule is likely to be precipitated Monday next by Representative Harter of Ohio. He will on that day move an amendment to the Wilson bill, doing away with the sugar bounty and putting a tax of 1 cent per pound on sugar. This proposed duty is intended for revenue only, says Mr. Harter.

Representative Johnson of Ohio will champion absolute free sugar without bounty or duty.

The Louisiana interests are preparing for a hot discussion.

WALTHALL'S RESIGNATION.

A Peculiar Situation—His Action Said to Be Illegal.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 20.—The situation arising from the resignation of Senator Walthall of Mississippi is curious. There seems to be no doubt that even if he were anxious to do so he could not tender a resignation including the term for which he has just been elected, but which does not begin until March 4, 1895. He could resign this position as soon as it has begun, but in that case an appointment would have to be made by the Governor, a condition which neither the Senator nor the people of his State regard with favor

Senator Walthall owns a fine residence here on Rhode Island avenue, but it is not thought likely that he will dispose of it for the present. His friends are urging him to plan to resume his seat in the Senate in March, 1895, and should his health improve in the meantime it is thought likely that he will do so, at least for a time. He may sit for the short session in the spring and from the opening of the regular session in next December until the Legislature, which is bi-ennial in his State, convenes in January, 1896. This would compel his attendance Washington only for a short time. His friends also hope that by March, 1895, he will have sufficiently regained his health to be able to sit through the entire term for which he has been elected.

Senator Walthall has not yet left this city for his home in Mississippi, and it is probable that being relieved of his duties in the Senate he may conclude to remain here for some time.

Statuettes of Kenna.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 20.—A number of statuettes of the late Senator Kenna of West Virginia have recently been brought to this city and entered into competition for the contract of furnishing a bronze statue of Mr. Kenna, to be erected in Statuary Hall at the Capitol. The models now being received represent the late Senator in a standing position, but there are variations in poses and expressions. The statues, some of which are on exhibition at various places in the city, are regarded with a great deal of interest by the friends and associates of Senator Kenna. One of the statuettes by Mills has been on exhibition in the room of the Committee on Territories and has occasioned a great deal of favorable comment. Another which is exhibited at the National Hotel is by Dunbar. It is hoped by the West Virginia Senators that the committee will be soon able to make a selection, so that the statue may be placed in the hall with the least possible delay.

Railroads in Public Lands.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The Senate Committee on Railroads has finally concluded its consideration of the bill requiring railroads throughout the public lands to stop at townsites selected by the Secretary of the Interior, and to-day authorized a favorable report on the bill with minor amendments. The measure is a general one, and applies to all railroads traversing the public lands, but the condition of affairs which caused its introduction arose in connection with the towns of Enid and Round pond, in Oklahoma, on the line of the Chicago & Rock Island Railroad. The railroad company has made strong opposition to the bill, and the Interior Department has contended for its passage.

Convention of Masters and Pilots.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 20.—The annual convention of the American Association of Masters and Pilots of steam vessels are holding a very interesting session. Various changes in legislation are being discussed and a report will probably be made to Congress of their recommendations.

Among the delegates are James Carroll of San Francisco, James B. Dickman, New Orleans; Lew J. Keen, Mobile, Ala.; F. J. Reisdorf, Galveston, Tex.; Charles H. Dixon, Portland, Ore., George S. Deppold, Pittsburg, Pa.; Sam D. Swaney, Cincinnati; Wm. D. McManus, St. Louis, Mo.; George C. Townsend, Indian River, Ind.; R. S. Brown, Grand Rapids, Mich.; R. C. Brittan, Chicago.

DANGER OF LYNCHING.

Authorities Closely Guarding J. V. McNamara at Kansas City.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 20.—Had not the police authorities taken extra precautions to guard the life of J. V. McNamara, the ex-Catholic priest at whose lecture last Tuesday night a riot occurred, he would probably have received very rough treatment, if not lynched to-day. His preliminary hearing to answer to the charges of malicious libel and circulating foul and obscene literature was to have occurred at Justice Latshaw's court this morning at 10 o'clock.

Long before that hour a crowd of 400 people gathered front of the court-room, evidently bent upon giving McNamara rough usage when he was going from the jail to the court-room. At 9:45 such a large crowd had gathered that the authorities decided to transfer the hearing to the county jail, where McNamara was incarcerated.

The news that the hearing was to be held there quickly spread, and a mob numbering fully 4,000 people gathered outside of the jail. A number of extra policemen were detailed to keep the crowd in order and only a comparatively small number gained access to the room in which the hearing occurred.

When McNamara was brought from his cell to the room his countenance was very white, and he evidently feared that personal violence would be offered him. The court-room was packed and the spectators regarded him with anything but friendly glances.

When the case was called McNamara's attorneys moved for a continuance, they not having conferred with him, and it was granted, not only for this reason, but because of the threatening aspect of the mob. The hearing was set for Thursday next at Justice Latshaw's court.

PRINTER FOUND DEAD.

No Marks of Violence on the Body—Cause of Death a Mystery.

FORT SCOTT, Kan., Jan. 20.—W. H. Talbott, a printer, originally from St. Louis, was found dead in the town of Garland, this county. There were no marks of violence on his body, and the cause of his death is mysterious. He lived with his family in this city and had charge of the printing department of the Kansas Normal College. It is thought he might have been poisoned. He was about 45 years old. The Coroner is holding a post-mortem examination.

A Great Secret

Underlies the principle that has brought success in the production and sale of the Gail Borden Eagle Brand Condensed Milk, and this partly accounts for the fact that competitors do not successfully imitate it. Thirty years in the lead.

Safe Blowers Unsuccessful.

An unsuccessful attempt to blow open the safe of T. J. Kruegel, 827 South Broadway, was made this morning at 2 o'clock. A night watchman heard the explosion and frightened the robbers away. The safe contained $60 and a number of checks. The thieves left some powder and a broken drill.

Raboteau Sells Only

The finest perfumes from the South of France at 40c per ounce. 714 North Broadway.

Missourians at New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—Hotel arrivals from St. Louis: R. Kurtzeborn, Jr., St. James; H. L. Weber, Sturtevant; H. J. Pierce, H. S. Beattie, Brunswick; G. W. Wilson, B. Brown, Imperial; W. H. Mathews, C. A. Parker, C. G. Warner, Windsor; R. S. Davis, Astor; F. H. Kenworthy, Morton; C. A. Lemp, Gilsey.

RELIGIOUS NEWS.

Y. M. C. A. Anniversary—Progress of the Revivals.

The eighteenth anniversary of the St. Louis Young Men's Christian Association will be observed in many churches to-morrow by special services. Annual reports and addresses will by made by D. C. Ball and D. A. Sinclair at Central Christian Church, by James H. Allen and Geo. T. Coxhead at Lindell Avenue M. E. Church, by E. H. Semple and L. Wilbur Messer at First Presbyterian Church, by Selden P. Spencer and John M. Coulter at Second Presbyterian Church; by Gen. E. Anson More and T. S. McPheeters at West Presbyterian Church; by George T. Coxhead and John M. Coulter at Second Baptist Church; by Charles W. Barstow and T. S. McPheeters at Third Baptist Church; by E. P. V. Ritter and Selden P. Spencer at Pilgrim Congregational Church, by C. Gordon Knox and L. Wilbur Messer at Union M. E. Church, and by W. O. Andrew and D. A. Sinclair at St. John's M. E. Church South.

"A Christian's Life" will be the topic at the young men's meeting at the Central branch Y. M. C. A., Pine and Twenty-ninth streets, this evening at 8 o'clock, it being the second in the series of talks to young men by Selden P. Spencer.

To-morrow there will be a special service of song for medical students and at 4:30 o'clock the third in the series of addresses on Successful Men will be given by Rev. Addison Moore of the Second Baptist Church on the theme "From the Sheep-fold to the Throne." A song service will precede the address, during which Mr. Chas. A. Finlay will sing a solo.

The Board of Directors of the Y. M. C. A. met Thursday evening and lected the following officers: T. S. McPheeters, President; James H. Allen, Vice-President; W. O. Andrews, Recording Secretary; D. C. Ball, Treasurer.

The Revival Meetings.

The attendance at the Hammond revival at People's Central Church last night was large, despite the inauspicious weather. The choir was well assisted by Master Charles Johnson, a boy of 12. Mr. Hammond drew lessons from passages of the first chapter of the Acts of the Apostles. He spoke at length on the efficacy of prayer. The services to-morrow will be as follows: Inquiry meeting, 12 to 1 p. m.; grand mass-meeting of Sunday-school children at 3 p. m.; prayer and inquiry meeting at 6:45 p. m.; and general services at 7:45 p. m. Mr. P. M. Hanson, the Chairman of the Executive Committee, is desirous to have a large crowd of children and grown people, too, at the afternoon mass-meeting.

Evangelist Merton Smith spoke of the fear and the love of God at First Congregational Church last night, and produced so deep an effect upon his auditors that at the close of his sermon they rose in a body to be prayed for. Mr. Smith will preach to-morrow morning at the Grand Avenue Presbyterian Church.

Evangelist Kilgore at St. Paul's M. E. Church spoke of the character of Moses last evening and held him up as a model worthy of emulation. Many came forward and asked for prayers for themselves and their friends.

The revival meetings which have been held every night in People's Tabernacle Church, Twenty-third and Clark avenue, have been well attended, and several conversions have taken place. The interest is so great that the meetings will continue the coming week. On Sunday evening Rev. Wm. Johnson, the pastor, will preach an illustrated sermon entitled "Christian's Journey From the Cross, Over the Hill Difficulty to the Palace Beautiful."

Religious Notes.

The feast of St. Agnes will be celebrated at the church of that name, Sidney and Salina streets, to-morrow.

Rev. Robert I. Fleming, pastor of Lindell Avenue M. E. Church, will preach to-morrow at 11 a. m. on "Young Men and the Sabbath." The afternoon services will take at 4 o'clock.

The second anniversary of the Parish of St. Paul the Apostle will be commemorated to-morrow by special services.

Rev. C. S. Sargent will begin his pastorate of Central Congregational Church to-morrow morning.

Rev. S. H. Werlein will preach at St. John's Church, corner Locust and Twenty-ninth streets, Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, and Mr. D. A. Sinclair of Dayton, O., will speak in the interest of the Y. M. C. A. at night.

Rev. Dr. James W. Lee will deliver an address in the chapel of St. John's Church, corner Locust and Twenty-ninth streets, Thursday evening, Jan. 25, on "The Unswept Halls of the Montezumas." This lecture will be in the interest of the Woman's Foreign Mission Society.

The Sunday Evening Service Club of the Third Congregational Church announces the following special musical features for to-morrow evening: Soprano solo, "The Holy Child," with violin obligato; duo for violin and piano, "Largo" (Handel), and due for violin and piano, "Ave Maria" (Bach—Gounod). Mr. Leslie Lieber will be the violinist.

The third of the series of organ recitals at Christ Church Cathedral will take place immediately after the evening service to-morrow:

Sonata No. 2, in C minor, Mendelssohn; grave, adagio, allegro maestoso a vivace, fuga allegro moderato. "March of the Magi Kings," Dubois; the high note represents the star that guided the Magi Kings on their way to Bethlehem. "First Offertory de St. Cecile," Julius Grison; allegro moderato, andante quasi allegretto. "Procession March," Scotson Clark. H. H. Darby, Organist.

Universalist Church services at Cooper Hall, corner of Ware and Franklin avenues. Rev. J. Edward Keyes, Associate United States Missionary, will preach at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Morning subject: "Going to Heaven." Evening subject: "Opportunities of the Present." Rev. Keyes will sing a solo at each service. Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m. The public is cordially invited.

Rev. F. A. Noble, D. D., a prominent minister of Chicago, will preach at Pilgrim Congregational Church to-morrow.

Rev. Frank Lenig of the Dr. Fry Memorial Church at Clifton Heights will preach to-morrow morning on "Our Mission to the Poor," and at night on "The Creation of the Firmament."

Knights of Father Mathew Adjourn.

The Convention of the Supreme Council of the Knights of Father Mathew was concluded with an entertainment in Exposition Music Hall last evening. The Christian Brothers' College Band played the overture, Joseph P. Hartnett delivered an address and S. A. Legg sang a humorous song. Miss Theresa Rhonan delivered a recitation and musical numbers were rendered by Misses Laura Cowan, Nellie Haynes Barnett and Guyre. Messrs. John J. Cahill, Arthur J. Ryan and P. F. Cook also took part in the programme.

The afternoon session of yesterday was consumed in acting on proposed amendments. It was decided that members shall not be assessed for deaths occurring prior to their initiation; that no one selling intoxicating liquors shall be eligible as a beneficiary; that a fixed number of days was prescribed to intervene between the date of approval of an application and the date of initiation. Law 17, as to who should be admitted to subordinate councils as associate members, was referred to the Executive Board, as was also the proposition as to payment of benefits to all members who reach the age of 70 years.

An amendment was added as to masses that shall be offered during November of each year for souls of deceased members. Two laws on relief funds and the financial report were adopted.

It was voted to meet here again next year, and the knights adjourned at 6 p. m.

PITTSBURGH CRUSHED COKE,

For stove, grate or furnace, saves 30 per cent. DEVOY & FEUERBORN COAL & COKE CO., 704 Pine street.

Lochren's Order.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Commissioner of Pensions Lochren has issued the following order respecting calls for testimony in pension cases:

From and after this date all calls made by the Second Auditor taken for abstracts of testimony or for copies of evidence or for transmission of originals to his office will be referred by the Chief of the Mail Division to the Chief of the Law Division, who will designate a sufficient force of employes of that division to answer said calls.

DANGER JUST AHEAD.

A Prominent Professor Speaks About the Threatening Things Abroad at This Time of the Year.

"It is surprising how many people are suffering to-day from so-called coughs, colds and influenza."

The remark was made by a very prominent professor, connected with one of the leading New York hospitals. Continuing, he said:

"It is not these things that are troubling people, but it is an advanced form of our old enemy, the grip. People feel out of sorts, sneeze, have pains in the muscles and bones, have no appetite, lose all interest in the world and wonder what is the matter. It is the grip; nothing else.

"Now, all such symptoms need to have prompt treatment. The attack must be met and repelled at once, or it is certain to run into something serious. I know of but one way to certainly avoid these troubles which are now so common, and that is, to immediately counteract them by using a good, pure, strong stimulant. Nothing of the ordinary kind, but something pure and scientific. For this purpose nothing has ever equalled Duffy's Pure Malt Whisky, which is acknowledged to-day by physicians and scientific people to be the only pure, medicinal malt whisky upon the market."

The words of the professor are true and they carry a wonderful meaning to many men and women who are suffering with the first symptoms of grip, or else grip in its advanced stages. For all such people we offer a word of advice; which is to take the best means to overcome these troubles and do not permit any dealer to swerve you from your purpose to have that which has proven itself by years of use, to be the best and purest stimulant in the world.

HIGHWAYMAN CAPTURED.

One of the Trio Who Held Up Jacob Smith Run Down.

Shortly after 12 o'clock last night Officer Langan and Private Watchman Brewster arrested a man named John Martin on Eighth and Lucas avenue after a run of two blocks, during which Brewster fired three shots. Shortly after his arrest Jacob Smith, who resides at 2215 Wisconsin avenue, called at the Third District Station and identified Martin as one of a trio who followed him from Sixth and Market streets to the alley on Seventh, between Washington and Lucas avenues, where they held him up and robbed him of $8.15. Martin he recognized as the man who grabbed him by the neck and held him while the others searched his pockets.

Carondelet Jottings.

Harry Taylor, the night operator at Jefferson Barracks, has recovered his coat and overcoat which were stolen from the agent's office at the Barracks Station on last Thursday evening. As soon as he discovered his loss, Mr. Taylor telegraphed up and down the line for the men to keep a lookout and his prompt action was rewarded by the capture of the tramp who stole the coats at Sulphur Springs. The tramp was captured by a party of railroad men who not only took the coat and overcoat from him, which he had substituted for his own, and left him scantily clad, but gave him a severe beating.

Herman Shopa, a farmer, was up before Judge Meegan in the Carondelet Police Court this morning, charged with careless driving. He was fined $8 and costs. Shopa was very drunk yesterday and allowed his team to go as they pleased.

A concert will be given at the Carondelet M. E. Church next Monday evening by Blind Boone and troup for the benefit of the church.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Carondelet Bank will be held on next Wednesday evening for the purpose of electing directors.

Mr. and Mrs. George H. Sauer have returned from their wedding trip and are visiting at Mrs. Sauer's former home.

Miss Addie Stephens gave a card party at her home on Minnesota avenue last night. The prizes were won by Miss Blanche King and Mr. Sam Davis.

Dear Children:

Your Little Paper,

- - "MIDGET," - -

ISSUED WITH THE BIG

SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH,

—WILL BE—

BRIGHTER and BETTER THAN EVER TO-MORROW.

SEE THESE FEATURES:

Two Stories of Real Life in St. Louis.
"Elsie's Rival," a Tale of School-Girl Life.
All About the Aurora Borealis, by Mary Proctor.
(Daughter of Astronomer Proctor.)
How to Make Artificial Fish.
A Page of New Puzzles and Games.
A Story About Real Fiaries.
Poetry and Humor.
Children's Society Page.

A Whole Page for Handy Boys.
How to Make a Robinson Crusoe Pen.
A double Vase for Flowers.
How to Make Home-Made Crystals.
A Two-Handed Trick and How to Do It.
Something About Babies.
Letters from Little Correspondents.
Pictures for the Little Tots.
Want and Exchange Column.

Get Up Early To-Morrow and Be the First to Find

•• •• "MIDGET," •• ••

Hidden Away in the Folds of the Big Sunday Post-Dispatch.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,
PUBLISHED BY
THE PULITZER PUBLISHING CO.
JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

SATURDAY, JAN. 20.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—"Comedy of Errors."
THE HAGAN—"Gloriana."
OLYMPIC—"Mrs. Grundy, Jr."
POPE'S—Vernona Jarbeau.
HAVLIN'S—"A Cracker Jack."
STANDARD—May Russell's Burlesque company.

WELL WORTH FRAMING.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 16, 1894.

Editor Post-Dispatch:

We being extensive advertisers and liberal users of printer's ink and realising that newspaper advertising, when properly done, is the most profitable of all advertising, are always interested in newspaper circulation. Having been constant patrons of the POST-DISPATCH for many years, we were glad to avail ourselves of an invitation to visit your press and counting-rooms last Saturday night to witness, check up and investigate the edition of your Sunday paper.

We visited the office about 12 o'clock Saturday night, and were surprised on entering the counting-rooms to find that the aisles and spaces outside and inside the office railings had been filled with temporary shelving. These, with every desk, nook and corner in the counting-rooms, mailing-rooms, spaces under alley, galleries in mailing-rooms and every other available spot were filled with sections of the Sunday paper, which your great army of expert stuffers and arrangers were handling with wonderful dexterity.

We went into the carriers' room and here found a busy corps of helpers filling the boxes with sections of the paper, preparatory to the coming of the carriers.

At 2 a. m. the last section of the paper to be printed went to press, and in less than half an hour thousands of complete papers had been arranged, wrapped, addressed, weighed by the Government weigher and loaded into more than half a dozen wagons, and were off to the depot in time to catch the fast mails, leaving at 2:30 and 3 a. m.

At this time, 2:30 a. m., the scene, with the carriers' room now filled with carriers, the streets, Olive street, Sixth street, Locust street and alley, all filled with wagons and carts of every sort, beggars description.

After the fast mails had left, the corps of half a hundred or more mailers, stuffers and addressers, with their patent mailing machines, kept right along with the same rush and untiring energy at work on the papers to go in the later mails.

As previously stated, we saw the last section of the paper to be printed go on the presses at 2 a. m. By 5 o'clock in the morning over 79,000 complete papers had been printed, and the work of the giant machines was complete. By 5:30 nearly 40,000 complete 36-page papers had been mailed, and nearly as many more taken from the office by carriers, newsboys and wagons for the distributing stations in the city, completing one of the greatest night's work ever accomplished in what we consider *cramped and inadequate quarters* for the conduct of such an immense and wonderful publication as yours. *That you printed on this occasion between 79,000 and 80,000 papers we positively know, because we saw them come from the presses and distributed.*

Truly the POST-DISPATCH deserves the most liberal patronage of the merchants of St. Louis, as well as their support in all their undertakings, for as we have seen, *we positively know its records of every sort are open to the scrutiny and careful investigation of its advertisers,* while its circulation is certainly most wonderful and widespread.

While we stood and watched our page ad. of Sunday flash through the presses with lightning rapidity, we felt truly gratified to know that ere the sun would set on another day, our advertisement in over 79,000 papers would be in the hands of people of every class and station throughout the city of St. Louis and surrounding country. Respectfully yours, F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.

Two hundred newsboys on the down town streets are selling the Daily Post-Dispatch for two cents. Do not be deceived into spending over twice that amount for a mass of stuff you do not need. Only 2c need be spent for the day's news. When you buy "3 for a nickel" you are likely to get old papers

THE private subway charter will be a first-class foundation for monopoly.

THE delay in the Council affects the unemployed, but not the contributors to the Lake Employment Fund. It should spur their generosity.

FREE rails could carry farm produce and passengers cheaper than taxed rails. Mr. Johnson's amendment ought to have been unanimously adopted.

THE greater the contributions to the Lake Employment Fund the better the results will be when the Council decides to give the unemployed a chance to work.

THE McKinley tax on a farm wagon is $15, on a reaper $75, on a mower $20. Some men in Mr. McKinley's shoes would be ashamed to look an American farmer in the face.

THE income tax will go to pay the veterans who were getting only $16 a month when the payers of the tax were safe at home drawing heavy interest on Government bonds.

THE report that Senators Hoar, Chandler and Frye wrote President Dole's letter to President Cleveland is supported by strong internal evidence. It was a partisan screed from the Republican standpoint.

HAVING no case, Congressman Dalzell acts upon the advice of the veteran attorney and abuses the opposite party. Protection is in the last ditch when it has nothing but invective and personal abuse to offer.

THE Republican minority of the House Elections Committee concede the election of O'Neill in the Eleventh District if the Australian law is mandatory. This doubt of the validity of an election law is thoroughly Republican. What is it if it is not mandatory?

TO-MORROW'S edition of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH will reach 100,000 complete papers. Advertisers are cordially invited personally to inspect the printing, mailing and distribution of this enormous edition.

THE makers of genuine butter are being charged with making bogus cheese, which has taken the place of good cheese because the inferior article can be sold cheaper. With Chicago butter, "filled" cheese, shoddy clothing and high tariffs, has the American consumer any good reason for staying any longer on this earth?

THE talk of the "cruel competition of the underpaid labor of the Old World" will not do. In England and Belgium, where there is free trade, wages are very much higher than in Germany or France, where tariffs are the rule. Is it the underpaid high tariff labor of Europe that we have to fear?

THERE are two persons whom it would delight every true high tariffer to kick all over the country. These persons are Andrew Carnegie and Chauncey Depew. Mr. Carnegie advised the acceptance of the Wilson bill and Mr. Depew came back from Europe and said times were hard all over the world.

NO DEMOCRAT can defend a vote to put back a tariff tax on an article which has been freed from all duty. "Once free, always free" is the rule of progress. But when such a vote is cast in order to relieve the incomes of the rich from fair taxation it is thoroughly undemocratic. It is a plutocratic vote.

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IF the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe people had tried as hard to pay the wages of their workingmen as they did to pay interest and dividends on $250,000,000 fictitious capital they would not now be three months behind with their pay-roll and their employes would not be suffering for the necessaries of life.

WHEN Queen Lil thinks on how that eminent Republican statesman, Senator Hoar, is capable of going back on a colored lady, she feels thoroughly discouraged. She fails to comprehend why Mr. Hoar should want to put white people over the blacks in Hawaii and black people over the whites in the American Southern States.

"THE wisest law the wit of man has ever devised for the collection of revenue" is Congressman Grosvenor's opinion of the McKinley enactment. In justice to Mr. McKinley it should be said that his wit did not devise this measure. Such great wits as Carnegie and Disston got up the McKinley law. It really does not take much wit in a man to mark up the prices of goods he has to sell.

EVICTIONS are going on in New York by wholesale, but real estate values hold up well. Land owners like the Astors and the Trinity Church corporation know that the value of this kind of property can never suffer very long because the demand for it increases with the arrival of every new baby or immigrant. There is no reason why rents should suffer much in an overcrowded city no matter how great the depression may be.

A GOOD wise policy for the city to adopt is a municipal subway which shall be a source of revenue to the city; all wires to be put in this subway as fast as the sections of it are completed at a rental sufficient to pay a good profit on the investment. This is practical, practicable and economical. It will insure the best wire service, lower taxation and a measure of freedom from the corporations which now rule the people with an iron hand.

MR. SUTTER expresses the belief that "wires will not go under ground until the placing of them becomes a commercial necessity, or at least, a commercial advantage to the companies using electric wires in this town." He also mentions the fact that there is no law compelling the underground movement. No, there is not, but it may be possible to get such a law. The organizations which are interested in this would do well to lay plans for a legislative campaign next winter.

A LEADING manufacturer in New Jersey says: "The utter absurdity of the assertions made by protectionist journals and manufacturers that manufactories, especially anything in the line of hardware, will be ruined by the enactment of the Wilson tariff, is shown by the fact that in the old so-called free-trade period, prior to 1860, the proportion of foreign hardware sold by jobbing houses was only 15 per cent, to 85 per cent of domestics, and under the tariff prior to the McKinley bill the proportion was not over 4½ per cent foreign to 95½ per cent domestic, and very probably would have been still less if natural laws of trade had continued." And [illegible] prehensive consumers who have sympathised with the monopolies to be "ruined" by the removal of tariff duties, will perhaps feel better after reading these facts.

PUTTING DOWN CRIME.

The citizens of St. Louis County feel the need of a vigilante committee to protect them from the criminal outbreaks so unusually prevalent just now. But when the vigilante committee is formed it will make a great mistake if its members go about with dark lanterns, masks and arms, shooting and hanging criminals without due process of law. There is lawlessness enough in the county now without the increase of it by its best citizens. The condition of the county will be more intolerable than it is now when the people who must be depended upon to support good government imitate the thugs in overthrowing law and order.

The presence and pernicious activity of criminals in the county are the effects of a plain cause. Criminals naturally seek the safest place to commit crime. They go where there is the least danger of arrest and punishment. When a locality is infested with thugs it is safe to conclude that the laws are not enforced with efficient vigor. When the laws are not enforced and criminals brought to justice the responsibility rests with the officials and when the officials are lax in the performance of their duties the responsibility rests with the people who elect them and keep them in office. So after all the fault is traced directly to the people who suffer. If the citizens of St. Louis County have to go armed in fear of attack, if their families are in constant danger of outrage and their houses are broken into it is because they and their officials have permitted the laws to fall into contempt. Law officers, courts and juries have become derelict. The citizens have neglected their public duties at the polls, in the jury room and in the posse comitatus.

What St. Louis County needs is the enforcement of the laws on the statute books. It needs officers, judges and juries who, with the active aid of the citizens, will enforce the law. The Citizens' Vigilante Committee should devote its energies to reforming officials and aiding them in enforcing the laws. When the citizens demand good government and enforce their demand in this way there will be no need for lynching bees, White Cap parties and midnight assaults on the jail.

A STRANGE PROCEEDING.

More than 2,000,000 acres of Florida swamp land have been reclaimed for agricultural purposes by the Disston Land Co. of Philadelphia.

With true loyalty a Philadelphia newspaper comments thus:

The mere financial reward which our townsman's untiring devotion has deserved will not be his only nor perhaps his greatest source of gratification. Surely if he who makes two blades of grass to grow where only one grew before deserves better of mankind than the warrior and the politician, he who has made millions of acres available for the support of thousands of people may be classed among the benefactors of the human race.

This sounds well and the directors should be congratulated. But of what use are two blades of grass when one is more than sufficient. The farmers of the West grow more wheat than they can sell, and feed what is left to their stock. As long as there is a surplus why sow more wheat or reclaim land for the purpose of producing costly vegetables for swine?

But a quarter of a million of people in Mr. Disston's own State do not take this view. They are those who want to know why swine are fed, while men and women and little children go hungry. If there is a surplus of food why can they not get it and feed fat? They cannot but wonder why more land should be reclaimed for agricultural purposes when its products are not destined for human mouths.

Examples like this are calculated to make people wonder and ask questions. If overproduction in wheat and cotton results in misery to the farmer, starvation to the Pennsylvania miner and iron-worker and great joy to the hogs, why should the Disstons propose to augment the overproduction still more? There is something in this if people will take the trouble to study it.

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MURDER AND SALVATION.

It is a strange and startling thing that the promise of salvation should in any way seem to encourage the crime of murder. Yet what is one to think on reading the replies of the woman Jennie Liggett, when she was questioned by Capt. Joyce?

"Don't you know," asked Capt. Joyce, "that the man is dead and that you have committed murder?"

"I don't care," she replied; "if he's dead let him stay dead."

"Are you not sorry for what you have done?"

"Yes, I'm sorry for him because he died in his sins."

"Are you not afraid you'll be hanged?"

"Oh, no; I ain't sorry for myself. Even if I do hang I won't have to die in my sins. I've got time for repentance."

Nothing can be plainer than that this wretched creature, believing that at least her soul would be saved, plunged the knife into her companion. Her regret that he had died in his sins indicates that she has been a reasoner for others as well as herself; but the belief that he would be punished eternally does not appear to have stayed her hand for an instant.

This belief that repentance, however late, is certain to save the soul, has, no doubt, influenced many other offenders who have not gone so far as to commit murder. In the face of death only do these persons recognize their wrongdoing. Can such a repentance be genuine? Is it anything resembling repentance? Is it not merely a device to escape punishment, bringing with it nothing of regret, and deceiving the one who practices it?

It would almost seem that if this murderess had feared instant punishment for her crime it would not have been committed, for she would have hesitated to accompany her victim to the eternal torment to which she supposes he has gone. It is common for those who commit murder to assure themselves of heaven when they are on the scaffold, but not many have given evidence of having early weighed the chances of their salvation as murderers.

THE fashion in dogs for women changes so often in New York that Fido might almost as well be an article of dress as an animate object. The pug that succeeded the spaniel has to give place to the bull terrier, and the bull terrier must now stand aside for the Chiuauau, a dog with fragile limbs and a head like a deer, but which takes cold so easily that it is a constant source of care and anxiety. It has to be muffled in furs and blankets in the winter. Perhaps the new breed of dogs now being raised in Ohio, having but two legs, will succeed the Chiuauau, but as there are as yet only five of them the change may be delayed somewhat. There is one important advantage in frequent changes of the canine fashion. The features of a woman whose constant companion is a dog gradually shape themselves to resemble the dog's face, and when the canine features are varied, there cannot be so much of a departure from the divine image.

THE following, from a list of intimidations and outrages in Ireland, shows what has to be endured in that perilous island: "On the 28th of December the second meet of the Roscommon Staghounds took place at Roscommon, but after about half an hour the hunt was interrupted by crowds of country people who stated that they would not allow their lands to be hunted over by exterminators." No wonder Mr. Gladstone finds so much opposition to home rule. The 'orn of the 'unter is no longer 'eard on the 'ill in 'Ibernia.

THERE should be no impatience over the non-appearance of greatness in recent American literature. The great American author will bob up when the time comes for him to appear. Neither immigration, the copyright law nor the insipidity of magazines will keep him down. He may even now be laying out the work that is to carry his name into all languages.

SOME of the bachelors are saying that they don't want to marry, because their wives might do as so many wives are doing—go to public places indecorously clad. Perhaps if the bachelors would unanimously rise up against the decollete fashion it would soon be abolished.

A BILL against stray chickens and a bill to protect the lives of skunks have appeared in the Ohio Legislature. The chicken bill may go through unanimously, but the other may possibly meet with opposition from prejudiced persons.

A GEORGIA bank defaulter is glad to go to prison because "for seven years his life has been a living hell." It is likely that few defaulters are happy men, but this one seems to have suffered more than most of them.

AMBITIOUS American women who long to be presented at court may well envy the poor insane lady of Alabama, who lived forty years believing herself to be Queen Victoria. She was a happy woman all that time.

THE French executioner who became a dentist probably does not miss his old place much. People howl more and perhaps suffer more in the dentist chair than they do on the scaffold.

THE folk who go the nearest way
And new ideas catch,
Are reading every Sabbath day
The SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

A ROCK fell upon four Ohio men while they were hard at work in a game of poker. It looks as if the fates are leagued against all Ohio industries.

MRS. LEASE is not likely to retire to a California farm. California soil is not so well adapted to raising hades as that of Kansas.

THE Prince of Wales' piper is dead, but Albert will not give up dancing on that account.

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Thrashing Straw.

From the Chicago Times.

It is a pity that the straw which has been thrashed in the House this month will have to be thrashed again in the Senate. There has been quite enough oratory over the tariff already. In the House each succeeding speaker went over the ground which his predecessors had covered. Reiteration adds no force to an argument. Chairman Wilson's speech gave the Democratic contention in full and those who followed only amplified his arguments, or went into the details of individual industries—always a misleading line of debate, as too many factors are involved in almost every industry to make deductions from it safe. Further debate will obscure, not clarify, the issue. It would be well if the Congressmen who have obtained promises of the floor from Speaker Crisp would take "leave to print" and consign their essays to the pages of the *Congressional Record*. Unhappily, however, this is but a Utopian vision. The wicked will have to cease from troubling and the weary be at rest before the average Congressman will forego a chance to address his fellows. The 29th, then, is the earliest date at which we may hope for a cessation of the flow of the House oratory, and as for the debate in the Senate nothing save the exhaustion of the speakers there—one of whom has a record of fourteen hours' continuous talking—will end it.

Meantime we read that manufactures and trade languish pending action on the tariff bill!

Why Not Make Them Pay?

From the Springfield Republican.

Later plans for the reorganization of the Union Pacific road, as well as some of the earlier ones, suggest the vesting of the control of the road in the Government. If this means anything more than the old plan of giving the Government a few of the directors, it is of some significance. What the stockholders have now to fear is a foreclosure on the part of the Government. To save the road from that fate they would doubtless be glad to hand over control to the nation on the theory that it could not do much worse for them than some past mismanagements. But while Government control might be of doubtful expediency in any case, it would be particularly foolish to accept the management of the property with its present load of water in capitalization added to by one of these "reorganizations" so popular in recent years.

We Are All Miserable Sinners.

From the Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

Northern newspapers should stop preaching to the South. Ohio has no negro problem, yet the people of Winchester, in that State, lynched a 16-year-old colored boy on Friday. On Thursday a white man was lynched in Martin County, Ind. On Sunday three white men were lynched at Russell, Kan.; and as throwing a little more light on Kansas civilization, it should be added that a jury in Sabina on Friday allowed $2 damages to a negro whose son was lynched last April. Nothing worse happens in Tennessee, Mississippi or Texas.

Hard Nut for Protectionist Croakers.

From the Kansas City Star.

Another dreadful effect of the threatened passage of the new tariff law is the establishment of a new steel rail plant by the Johnstown company, with a capital of $3,000,000. It is hardly necessary to explain that the stockholders are not putting in this amount of money for the excitement of being ruined by the "pauper labor" of England. On the contrary, they are looking for a rushing business and fat dividends at Wilson bill prices.

The Louisiana Bounty Grabbers.

From the Louisville Courier-Journal.

The Louisiana sugar-bounty grabbers are greedily trying to squeeze their pailful of blood from the Treasury turnip. The subsidy claimant cares little for the public credit so long as his aims are dealt out to him promptly. Such a claim at such a time upon an embarrassed Treasury is not likely to make more friends for the generally unpopular sugar bounty.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

[No matter written on both sides of the sheet can appear under this head.—ED.]

[Bear in mind that it is against our rule to print any letter sent to this office unaccompanied by the name and residence of the writer.]

Home Questions Unanswered.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Though my father even before the war was an outspoken Abolitionist, risking his life in the slave State of Maryland to denounce slavery, and though myself reared an ardent Republican, with a brother named after John C. Freemont, yet refusal of Republican editors to answer questions or insert letters from free trade correspondents finally led me to suspect the weakness of protection. For truth and justice need fear no investigation or criticism. In the search-light of investigation they but shine forth the brighter. And by refusing their patrons a hearing in their columns, Republican editors evince either the fatal weakness of their cause or the gross ignorance of their readers—or both.

Common civility makes it as necessary to answer a civil question when written as when spoken to. Nevertheless Gov. McKinley, the New York *Tribune*, and other prominent protectionists persistently evade restating and answering the following questions repeatedly addressed to them by the Chicago Question Club, and they even kept the postage we had inclosed for reply. During my temporary sojourn here, an answer to them will be thankfully received from any protectionist possessing the courage, ability and courtesy to publicly reply:

1. Can tariff cheapen an article yet simultaneously raise its producer's wages?
2. Would shrewd protectionists like Carnegie desire a tariff if it cheapened what they sell—goods—and made dearer what they buy—labor?
3. If a tariff on articles cheapens them ought it not be put the lightest on the finished product and heaviest on the raw material to cheapen it, and thus widen our manufacturers' margin of profit? Why does the McKinley tariff invert this order?
4. If the tariff is no tax why refund to exporting manufacturers 99 per cent of the duty on their imported raw material?
5. Unless protective tariff enhances domestic prices, why give sugar producers a bounty in lieu of the removed sugar tariff?
6. Why more laboriously make tin plate instead of its cheaper exchangeable equivalent? If toil is more desirable than its fruits —labor products—why not destroy all labor-saving tools and machinery?
7. If protective tariff is good would not prohibitive tariff be still better?
8. If international trade is impoverishing, is not interstate trade equally hurtful?
9. Can foreign trade be injurious, yet shipping subsidies desirable?
10. Can "trusts" be injurious yet the tariff fostering them beneficent?
11. Why are free trade England's average wages higher than those of protected Germany, Italy, Russia and all other protected European nations? Where age of country, form of government, density of population, standing armies and all else save tariff are equal, does not free trade give the most factories, trade, wages and general prosperity, and protection the least?
12. As wages is the laborer's share of the product, will abstracting taxes therefrom increase his share or wages? Can we injure labor by lifting the taxes off from it and its products?

D. WEBSTER GROH,
1025 South Twelfth street.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 19, 1894.

To Reduce Salaries.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

The bill sent into the City Council by Mr. Gast is one of the most commendable acts offered to the new Council. The last one did nothing but raise salaries for tax-payers to settle. If the newspapers are right this bill takes off a burden of $4,120 every year from the heavy tax collar we now wear, and the men reduced all receive liberal compensation for their work, viz.: $4,000, $1,800 and $1,500 a year. I assume that 1,000 men in our city could be found in half a day fully as able to do the work as the men reduced, and be thankful to get it. This leaves so much money to employ cheaper labor where absolutely poor men get a chance to work and earn small wages. In this way money might be found for the new City Hall. At any rate, the money of the city tax-payer should be used to pay its employes a fair rate of compensation and be distributed through as many channels as possible, not give exorbitant pay to some and thus eat up the taxes to the exclusion of poor people who need every cent they can earn. You are right, Mr. Gast. The people of St. Louis, Republicans and Democrats, are at your back. Push the bill as fast possible.

REX.

A Laborer's Thanks.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

The laboring men of St. Louis cannot nor will they ever forget your efforts in their behalf to give them a chance to earn honest bread for their families. You are doing a noble and humane work, and you have the approval of all good citizens. I hope you will succeed, but I fear you will not. These men who are opposed to it, they want a "rake-off" which they cannot get. They will be looking for votes again as they were a short time ago. The laboring men of St. Louis have them marked for the future. Keep the good work going. Hoping to soon get work, I remain, a friend to the cause, twenty-six years a resident of St. Louis; never asked for charity nor never will.

A WORKINGMAN.

A Just Fine Remitted.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

About one week ago, in the Empire Building, 919 Olive street, a young man named Wm. (alias Jack) White, aged 25, attacked and brutally beat the janitor, Thos. Niles, an old man of 79 years. White was arrested, given a hearing before Judge Morris and fined $50. This fine was remitted by the Mayor and White released. The old man is seriously injured and will probably never recover from the effects of the assault. Why not abolish the police courts and give the Mayor power to try all such cases, and thus save the city expense? No citizen can feel safe while such a state of affairs exists in the administration of justice.

OLD SUBSCRIBER.

HAVE COWED IVES.

The Young Napoleon Disheartened by Schaefer's Recent Victories.

PREDICTION THAT HE WILL NEVER AGAIN DEFEAT THE "WIZARD."

Manager Wade's Idea of Why Schaefer Is the King of All Billiard Players—Charley Bennett's Gameness—Brooklyn to Keep Richardson—McCafferty Will Not Come West This Year.

"Jake Schaefer is the greatest cue expert the world has ever seen, and Frank Ives will never again defeat him at any kind of billiards," said Manager Wade of Schaefer's room this morning. "I see where the 'Young Napoleon' is now anxious to play Jake fourteen-inch billiards for any part of $10,000. Well, that is the only game he can play against Schaefer, but the higher they make the side stake the easier it will be for the 'Wizard' to win. This is due to the fact that Ives will be half whipped before the contest is inaugurated. His last two sensational and unexpected defeats at Jake's hands have cowed him completely, and he never will have confidence enough in himself to play his best game with Schaefer. He can, and undoubtedly will, put up wonderful billiards against the second-raters and short stops, but when it comes to tackling Shaefer, his heart will go back on him. I was one of the most interested spectators, at last Saturday night's great game, and I am positive Ives 'quit' towards the last when the 'Wizard' commenced to overhaul him. Now, a great billiardist must be game to the core, and no chicken-hearted player can ever do himself justice against a man that defeated him once. Frank Ives is a great billiard player. No one can deny that fact, but all the leading authorities now agree that he has been greatly over-estimated. While it is true he can play as good fourteen-inch billiards as Schaefer, the fact is he lacks the wonderful iron will power, so characteristic of the 'Wizard.' The latter plays his greatest game when the odds are against him, but with Ives, Slosson, Vignoux and the rest it is just the opposite. With everything their own way they roll along nicely, but when Schaefer warms up and goes after them they melt away like a cake of ice in hot water. When Ives defeated Jake for the championship the latter figured on an easy victory and was caught off his guard. I don't think Ives will ever get another chance like that again. He will, no doubt, give Schaefer a hard rub at the fourteen-inch game, but Jake outclasses him as an all-around player. I am certain George Slosson can defeat Ives at cushion carroms and Schaefer is the master of them both."

BENNETT WAS GAME.

How the Great Catcher Caught With His Hands Battered to Pieces.

Charley Bennett first played ball at Newcastle, Pa., where he was born twenty years ago, catching a pitcher named McGuffin. When James A. Hart, now President of the Chicago Club, managed the Boston team in 1889, Bennett was in the club. "He had more grit than any catcher I ever knew," said Hart to a Chicago reporter. "A score of times when his hands were badly injured he would continue to catch, and the only way we would find out that he was hurt was to discover blood on the ball. I remember a game in Pittsburg, the last one of the season of 1889 for the Boston Club, when he refused to go out of the game until I simply refused to let him play longer. New York and Boston were a game apart, and if New York lost to Cleveland that day and we won from Pittsburg we would be tied. Clarkson was pitching, and in the third inning he showed me the ball covered with blood. I called Bennett to the bench and asked to see his hands, and he refused to show them. Mike Kelly was playing right field, and I called him in to catch and put Tom Brown at right. Bennett wanted to catch the game out so much that he wouldn't give Kelly the mask nor the pad. I sent him home after the game, and two weeks later Bennett's hands were still so sore that he could hardly feed himself. He was the best player to handle I ever dealt with, and I don't know of one who was a greater credit to the profession."

SODALITY FOOT BALL LEAGUE.

The Championship Standing Up to Date—To-Morrow's Games.

As the season progresses the championship race in the Sodality Foot Ball League grows more interesting. The leaders are now very close and the loss of a game by either will make a material difference in the standing of the club. The St. Malachy eleven has been displaced in the second place by the Paulian Athletic Club, at whose hands they met defeat last Sunday. The former team displaced the latter in second place the week previous. The lead which St. Theresa's held at one time is gradually diminishing, and the Paulian Athletic Club, St. Malachy and St. Kevin teams are now moving up fast. The St. Kevin team has shown great improvement lately. The standing of the various elevens up to date is as follows:

	Won.	Lost.	Tied.	Av.
St. Theresas	8	1	1	.889
Paulian Athletic Club	7	3	0	.700
St. Malachys	6	3	2	.667
St. Kevins	5	3	2	.625
St. Alphonsus	3	7	0	.300
St. Bridgets	1	8	1	.112

To-morrow the following championship games are scheduled:

At New Sportsman's Park—St. Teresas vs. St. Kevins.

At Christian Brothers' Grounds—Paulian Athletic Club vs. St. Bridgets.

At Compton Avenue Park—St. Malachys vs. St. Alphonsus.

All games with favorable weather will commence promptly at 3 o'clock.

WILL NOT COME WEST.

McCafferty and Wishard to Race in the East Exclusively This Season.

McCafferty and Wishard will not campaign their big string on the Western circuit the coming season. Instead of going into winter quarters at Columbus, Ga., which was the case last year, the stable has been located since the close of the Washington meeting at Monmouth Park. The experiment of keeping the horses in the East this winter has proved most satisfactory, and Trainer Ed Wishard, who is a partner in the stable, reports the entire string in "apple-pie" order. He says Helen Nichols, Yemen, Tom Harding, Nero, Hugh Penny and Fatality will be ready when the saddling bell rings at Brooklyn, and the green and white braces should be seen to the front frequently next spring. The stable has a number of promising youngsters who have been tried highly enough to win in fast company. Johnny McCafferty himself is now at New Orleans with old Volunteer II., Wedgefield and some more selling platers, earning his winter expenses. Young Rieff, who has developed into a really clever rider, will be the stable's regular lightweight again this season. The coming spring and summer Fair Grounds' meeting will miss the McCafferty horses. Last year the little Georgian and his partner came to this city with a string of over forty including some of the best performers in training.

* * *

Jack Farrell, winner of the inaugural 3-year-old race of the year at New Orleans this week, is a compactly built chestnut gelding and is by Monmouth, dam Susie Kerwin. His owner, Orville West, is quite "sweet" on him and thinks he has in him the making of a good racehorse.

* * *

Jockey [illegible], the well-known Gloucester lightweight, was ruled off the turf by Judge [illegible] of the East St. Louis [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] received orders from owner Sam Hildreth to finish only second or third. Hildreth and Bookmaker Billy Dunford, who it is supposed stood in with him on the job, were then blacklisted. Hildreth is a Texan, and this is not the first time he has been accused of jobbing. The New Orleans track management suspended or ruled him off some years ago on a charge of having pulled Tom Karl to let Lady Blackburn win. He has been racing at Gloucester and Guttenburg of late years, and his Khaftan stable includes besides Climax, Rico and several other good ones. Billy Dunford, the bookmaker, is a local man.

* * *

Richard Croker since Jan. 1 has erased his name from the turf registers, and in the future his horses will run as the property of the Manhattan Stable.

Boxing and Wrestling.

The preliminary boxing and wrestling bouts in the Business Men's Gymnasium's Western championship tournament were decided at Entertainment Hall last night. A large crowd was on hand and witnessed some entertaining sport. Jack Wilkes, the crack welterweight, refereed the boxing bouts and Max Luttbeg, the Pastime Club instructor, officiated in the same capacity for the wrestlers. A summary of last night's sport follows:

BOXING.

Bantamweights—Fred Craig outpointed John Conlon in three rounds.

Featherweights—Charles Martsching defeated M. Orange in two rounds.

Lightweights—Con Corcoran defeated Nick Schoppe in three rounds and Charles Wegman outpointed H. Winsby in three rounds.

In the special six-round bout between the lightweights, Al Neist and Jack Winsby, the former was given the decision.

Middleweights—James Conlon defeated T. M. Walker in two rounds.

Heavyweights—J. F. Stelzner made D. F. Cronin quit in two rounds.

WRESTLING.

Lightweights—Otto Wendt defeated Wm. Forrest, Theodore Koppen defeated H. E. Schaumleffel, and John C. Beckman defeated W. Jackson.

Middleweights—Aug. Laurant defeated Louis Maisak, and Math. Voney defeated George Knight.

Heavyweights—Frank Edom defeated William Strantz.

Brooklyn to Keep Richardson.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—The Brooklyn Club has decided to retain the services of Dannie Richardson. President Byrne has received an offer from St. Louis for him but no satisfactory deal could be arranged. Von der Ahe offered Gleason in exchange for Richardson and Burns, and would listen to no other proposal, while Manager Barnie of Louisville also wanted Dannie, but would not come up to the mark. Richardson has not been heard from since his reinstatement by the Brooklyn Club, and a letter was sent him yesterday by Manager Foutz explaining that if he would join the Brooklyn team and let bygones be bygones he would be greeted with open arms, and a place made for him at his old position.

Base Ball Chat.

Martin J. Lee, catcher of the Waukesha (Wis.) ball club last year, has been signed by the Chicago club for the next season.

Cincinnati is anxious to trade Pitcher Chamberlain for big Sam Thompson of the Philadelphias. Comiskey is also ready to trade the once prized Morgan Murphy.

Sporting Notes.

G. R. Fearing, the famous Harvard hurdler and high jumper, has developed into a remarkable court tennis player. He is a member of the Boston Athletic Association.

LAIRD CLOWES' NAVAL ESSAY.

Some Instructive Points on the Ram in Action and in Accident.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—Laird Clowes of the United States Naval Institute read a paper last night on the "Ram in Action and in Accident" at the Royal United Service Institution in the presence of Prince Louis of Battenberg, Admiral Nicholson and other naval experts. Mr. Clowes analyzed the actual result of all reported cases of ramming or attempting ramming in modern naval warfare, including many cases since the outbreak of the American war of secession. In forty-two out of a total of seventy-four cases, he said, damage was done to one or both vessels. In twenty-four of these forty-two cases of actual collision the ramming ship received no damage worth mentioning. In fourteen cases the rammer was injured herself as much or more than her opponent. In no case did both the rammer and rammed sink. He summarized his conclusions as follows:

First, That to endeavor to effectively ram a ship that has sea room and is under control is hopeless, even if she be of greatly inferior speed; second, that only vessels that can be sacrificed ought to be deliberately employed as rams; third, that for ramming purposes a little ship is equally efficient with a big one.

A discussion followed the reading of the paper and the Admirals present generally agreed with Mr. Clowes' conclusions. Mr. Arnold Forster, M. P., said that he thought that the ram ought not to be discarded, but employed under scientific conditions.

WAITERS WAGES REDUCED.

Reasons Why a Strike Is Not Regarded as Probable.

It was rumored this morning that the Delicatessen waiters were about to go on a strike but an investigation, while it failed to confirm the rumor, revealed some interesting facts. A week or two ago the Delicatessen management reduced the wages of its regular men from $9 to $8 a week and of its "dinner" men from 75 cents to 50 cents a day. A few of the aproned artists took offense at the reduction and quit, but most of them remained. Since then, it was reported, the union men among the remaining waiters had notified the Waiters and Bartenders' Union, A. F. of L., of which they were members, and that body had demanded of Mr. Charles R. Sprague, the Delicatessen manager, that he restore the former wages or all the union men would be ordered out. Mr. Sprague, when seen, denied most positively that this was the case. "Why," said he, "ours is not a union shop. I don't know whether the men working for me belong to a union or not. I never inquire. I would not care if they did. I never consider that question when I hire them. But the union has made no demand on me and I don't think it will." Another member of the Delicatessen company said that the reason the wages of the men had been reduced was in conformity with an annual custom. "We do the same thing every winter," said he, "and to tell the truth, we waited a month longer this year to make the reductions than we ever did before. The men certainly can't kick if we pay them only $8, for they have started to work at Thatcher's new place for $7.50 a week."

Several members of the Waiters' Union were seen and all agreed that there is little probability of a strike.

"There are very few if any union men working at the Delicatessen," said one member of the Waiters' Union, "and I don't think the union cares enough about the shop to order a strike. Why, when we wanted to unionize the whole shop those Indians up there all came to our headquarters and put their names down, and when the time came they never joined, and if those fellows get their wages reduced we won't feel a bit sorry. I'll tell you what, though, about that Delicatessen. Some of our men claim they saw the foreman of the Olive street place and one of his men go into the Woman's Training School, and it is supposed that he is drilling the girls down there to take the place of the men in the Delicatessen, just like they did down at the Beanery."

The Waiters' Union has about 350 members, who meet in Walhalla Hall every Monday afternoon.

The Delicatessen matter will come up for consideration at the next meeting. J. H. McCarthy is President of the Union and Fred Huber Treasurer. The Union now has only two exclusive shops, and they are Wickham's and Montgomery's.

John E. Mulford's Funeral.

The funeral services over the remains of the late John E. Mulford, the well-known stock broker, are to be held this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Episcopal Church of the Holy Communion, Washington and Leffingwell avenues, Rev. P. G. Robert, rector. The body will be interred to-morrow afternoon in the family lot at Memphis, Tenn., whither it will be shipped after to-day's services. Mr. Mulford was 51 years old. His father and two sisters reside in Los Angeles, Cal., and his brother, W. Mulford, is a broker in this city.

Liebig Company's Extract of Beef [illegible]
[illegible]

NO OBJECTION.

Bell Co. Not Opposed to a Municipal Conduit.

Supt. Taubold Explains Conditions Under Which It Would Be Favored.

SUTTER BELIEVED TO BE BEHIND THE ST. LOUIS SUBWAY BILL.

The Bell Telephone Co.'s New Building Designed for Underground Wires—Plans Proposed by the Single Tax Men—Rentals Deposited in Advance to Secure a Fund for Construction.

The Bell Telephone Co. is coming around to the Municipal subway idea. It has got to go under ground, and it wants to do it as soon as possible, for every arrangement for its new exchange at Olive and Tenth streets is made for underground service, even to the provision of a cable shaft to get from conduit to switchboard.

It is pretty certain now that the St. Louis Subway bill is not a Bell Telephone project. Dr. John L. Hornsby of Chicago is said to be the man who handed the bill in to Councilman James, though a member of the House of Delegates. The doctor was once Secretary of the St. Louis Council, and before that worked on a morning newspaper. During the World's Fair he was connected with the electrical department under Chief Electrician John P. Barrett. Hornsby when here said Barrett had some Chicago and New York capitalists who would put down the conduit. Hornsby's brother-in-law, Wilson Prinn, now an electrical expert, but formerly a reporter, has just entered the employ of Charles Sutter, who owns and has for sale a conduit franchise and whose friends are interested in the Telephone and Telegraph Service Company which applied for a franchise for a conduit the very night Mr. Jones presented the St. Louis Subway Co. bill.

TAUBOLD TALKS.

"I suppose," said Supt. John F. Taubold of the Bell Telephone Co., "that we can't get a chance to go under ground until these people sell their franchise. They are working every scheme. They appear to want a monopoly of the streets. All we ask is to be allowed to use the streets in common with others and are willing to pay something for the privilege—5 per cent on gross earnings and supply ducts for the city wires without cost. Nobody has made any such offer as that, and if the city built its own conduits it could get no such returns on its money."

"But you ask for a monopoly?"

"I don't see it. We don't ask for an exclusive franchise. Anybody else can go down. We shall not want to occupy one street in five, even in the business districts."

"If you desire no monopoly why object to fix the price at which you will give telephone service?"

"Because we cannot afford to be limited in view of the varying market on materials, I suppose, though I have no connection with the executive department and have never asked. But I judge that if a copper trust would corner copper the price of copper cables might put us in a hole. One likes to have leeway in business. One must make arrangements for meeting possible emergencies, though they are only possible and not probable."

"Then if you wish no monopoly you ought not to object to going in a city conduit or subway."

"Why, bless you, we don't. But where's the city conduit or subway to go into? Let the city put down a conduit for telephone and telegraph wires on one side of the street, and one for electric wires on the other and we're with it, though how it can do it with the state of its treasury, I don't know. Even a subway, such as they have in Paris, one big enough to walk in, with shelves for telephone and telegraph cables on one side and shelves for electric light cables on the other, would not be open to objection. That would separate the two kinds of wires and give opportunity for getting at either without danger to workmen. But an enormous expense would be entailed. Why not fix up the objectionable features in the Ryan bill and provide the streets where w[ork] shall begin and go ahead. Forty miles [isn']t much, still it is a start. Conduits will [be], if separated. Let the city go ahead by all means. We're not afraid of competition. Our system is so far ahead of any other system not covered by patents that, even if we charge $150 and others charge only $60, we will get the subscribers. We are putting in new boxes all over town; began two months ago; use four miles and supply practically a metallic circuit. The $60 system will be a one-wire circuit. It will drive a man to drink and eventually to the insane asylum. If our telephones were worth $100 a year when we had but 800 subscribers they ought to be worth that with 3,761, and worth more when the number is increased, as it will be when we get rid of the trolley wires. We don't expect to extend much now. In fact we don't expect to get underground and are putting up 55-foot poles and taking down 40-foot poles so as to get wires up above inducing influences in the business section. When we go before the Municipal Assembly we go openly and will go that way if I know the company and the general manager."

THE SINGLE TAXERS' BILL.

A meeting of those interested in the advocacy of a municipal subway was held at room 501 Fagin building last night. Sheridan Webster presided. Representatives of the Social Culture Club, Musicians' Union, the Trades and Labor Assembly and the Single Tax League were present. The talk for the subway was enthusiastic. Chairman Webster is to appoint committees to see if the city can force all wires under ground by ordinance; to see if all wires can be "nestled" in one conduit of reasonable size and economic construction; to see if the city may go into the telephone business; to decide between several plans for raising money for the subway's construction, among them the Gehner plan, which is to have the companies which are willing to use a municipal subway, but will not be forced into a private subway, put up a lump sum to be repaid in rental; the Addington plan which is to add to to the companies' lump sum as many dollars as would be subscribed in advance by telephone users toward the conduit and a telephone plant, telephone receipts at $50 a year to be given for the money so advanced. Then there is the idea that a special conduit bond may be issued something like the waterworks bond, without entangling the city's subway revenue, and the Webster plan, which is to have some one build the subway for the city and sell it as soon as built on time payments, to be met out of subway revenues and in such other manner as afterwards seem appropriate; interest on the deferred payments, not to exceed 5 per cent.

The plan will be to have these committees report Monday evening at a meeting to be held at Self-Culture Hall, 1730 Wash. Then Lawyers Bullock and Worth will draw up a municipal subway bill and it will be submitted to the Municipal Assembly Tuesday evening or Friday evening at the latest.

Two Sudden Deaths.

Johanna Douglass, 53 years of age, a well-known police character, died on the way to the City Dispensary from the Third District Police Station last night. At 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon she was arrested at 1288 North Sixteenth street and placed in a cell in the station-house. At 7 o'clock last evening Turnkey Gavin found her sick on the floor. She was put in the wagon for removal to the Dispensary but died en route.

Mary Brady, 28 years old, living on the second floor of 1882 Morgan street, died without medical attendance at 7 o'clock last evening. She had been sick for several days and the police had sent for an ambulance to remove her to the City Hospital. She died before the ambulance arrived. The body was removed to the Morgue.

THE BATTLE GROUND.

Spot on the Florida and Georgia Line Said to Have Been Chosen.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 20.—There is said to be only one man who knows the place selected for the Corbett-Mitchell fight in case it is decided at the last moment to hold it in the East Jacksonville arena. From the most reliable sources, however, the POST-DISPATCH correspondent learns that the place decided upon is at a point on the Florida Central & Peninsular Railway, where it crosses the St. Mary's River. That portion of the F., C. & P. system is really an extension of the south-bound railroad from Savannah, and is a part of the New Richmond & and Danville through route from New York to Jacksonville. The St. Mary's River is about ninety miles from Jacksonville and it is the intention of the Duval Club, so it is said, to prepare for holding the fight at two different points, one on the Florida side of the river and the other on the Georgia side. This would enable the club to act on its best judgment when the river is reached. If there is danger of interference at one point the pugilists and the crowd can be hustled off to the other. The club will, of course, pay for the transportation of all ticket holders to the scene of the fight, and will get them back to Jacksonville. Manager Bowden of the Duval Club said this morning that the fight would be held as early as 11 o'clock on the morning of Jan. 25, and that a wire would be tapped temporarily near the ring side to get off bulletins to the afternoon newspapers, and press associations. S. A. ADAMS.

SOCIETY OF PEDAGOGY.

The Various Sections Hold Interesting Sessions To-Day.

The various sections of the Society of Pedagogy met at the High School this morning and discussed interesting subjects.

G. W. Krall, Professor of Manual Training, explained the use of a number of simple instruments devised to aid the children in the grammar schools in the study of physics. The members of the department on science were much pleased with the ingenious devices. Many grammar schools in New England have adopted the plan suggested by Prof. Krall, and it is thought the grammar schools in this city will now take up the study of physics.

Prof. Krall is a member of the committee of ten appointed by the National Teachers' Association to select instruments suitable to the teaching of physics in grammar schools. The report of the committee has just been published by the Bureau of Education at Washington. The report is fully discussed in the January number of the *Educational Review*.

George E. Seymour addressed the section on history in a most entertaining manner. He took as his subject the "Wars of the Roses," commenting upon the struggles between the royal houses of Lancashire and York. He showed that there is in all history an unseen force which is working for the betterment of mankind. The many bloody battles, he said, during the war of roses at last resulted in the predominance of the house of York, and in that way helped on the cause of all English speaking people.

Supt. E. H. Long delivered a learned lecture on "Psychology." The principal topic of discussion was the question whether or not the sense of extension requires more than one sensation to develop it.

A large number of ladies and a few gentlemen were in attendance at the illustrated art lecture of Miss Amelia C. Fruchte. The earlier paintings and other works os art were discussed this morning. Eighty stereopticon views were used as illustrations. The section on art at first was composed of only fifty teachers but now numbers 250. It is understood that the study of art will be prescribed in the next high school course.

Missing Witness Found.

The missing female witness in the Menkausen case at Belleville, Ill., has been found. She was met by an East St. Louis detective in the neighborhood of the Four Courts a couple a days ago and was brought into Capt. Boyd's office, where a subpœna was served on her. She was then asked by Capt. Boyd if she was willing to go to Belleville and testify in the case, and she replied in the affirmative and left with the officer. Since then a story has gained currency that she was locked up in this city and refused the ordinary necessities of life, but it has been ascertained that this statement is without foundation.

Balch's Assailants Fined.

William, Joseph and Frank Stadtmueller and Michael Dugan were arraigned before Judge Morris to-day charged with disturbing the peace. The principal witness was Ed Balch, the victim. The defendants and the prosecuting witness got into a dispute last Sunday night in the saloon at McKenzie avenue and Manchester road, and in the melee Balch received a fracture of the right jaw bone. To-day Judge Morris heard the facts as nearly as they could be told, and fined Frank Stadtmueller $100 and his two brothers, Joseph and William, $50 each. Dugan, who took, if any, only a trival part in the affair, was fined $10. All of them will probably go to the Work-house.

Sir Robert Peel's Nephew.

Sir Frederick Peel, a nephew of Sir Robert Peel, arrived at the Southern this morning from England and will remain in the city for a week. Sir Peel stated this morning that he had come to St. Louis to confer with Moses Greenwood, who represented his real estate interests in St. Louis and East St. Louis. Upon his departure from St. Louis he will at once return to England.

La Grippe Conquered

By a visit to Hot Springs, Ark., the "Carlsbad of America." The Hot Springs special leaves via the Iron Mountain Route, 8:35 p. m. daily, and runs through solid to the Springs, arriving there at 12:20 noon. There is also a through sleeping-car leaving on the morning train at 10:00 a. m. daily. An elegant descriptive and illustrated pamphlet will be mailed free on application to any agent of the company, or to the General Passenger Agent, St. Louis.

City Hall Notes.

The Mayor is in receipt of a letter, postmarked Terre Haute, but dated by the writer "Heaven," in which it is stated that the private ownership of land should be abolished and each man allotted fifteen acres for a homestead, which could neither be sold nor mortgaged. The communication was turned over to the Health Department.

The Council Committee on Public Improvements, Railroads and Municipal Affairs held meetings this afternoon to consider a large number of bills referred to them.

Had the Grip Twice

Prostrated, Health Broken Down, Night Sweats, Etc.

Gained Rapidly on Taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"My husband had the grip twice, and the second attack left him in a prostrated condition, health-tone very low, very weak, and with no appetite, and did not gain strength. When he slept he would have such perspirations that his clothing would be wringing wet and his flesh very cold. I proposed that he should take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it did him good. He is now taking his sixth bottle; has no night sweats, has a good appetite, has gained rapidly in strength, and has

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

not felt so well in years. We shall always recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. L. S. HALSTEAD, Ray, Genesee Co., N. Y.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, sick headache, indigestion, etc.

FOR VAIL'S DEATH.

His Daughter Alice Enters Suit for $5,000 Damages.

THE PARKER-RUSSELL CO. DEFENDANTS IN THE CASE.

Vail's Awful Fall From the Tenth Floor of the Union Trust Building and His Trial for His Wife's Death Recalled by the Proceeding—Last Day for Filing Suits.

To-day is the last day for service in suits to be heard during the February term of the Circuit Court, and a correspondingly large number of suits was filed.

Early this morning papers were filed in a case which will recall the sensational career of Charles F. Vail, the alleged wife murderer, who some months ago met a tragic death by falling from an elevator in the new Union Trust Building, then in the course of construction. Alice Vail, a daughter of the deceased, entered suit against the Parker-Russell Mining and Manufacturing Co. for damages in the sum of $5,000 for the death of her father. Vail was employed as a clerk to keep track of material, etc., used upon the building. Last August, while at work, he had occasion to ascend to the tenth floor of the building, and there, owing, it is said, to some defect in the elevator machinery, the car became detached and crashed to the bottom of the shaft. Vail fell with it, and received horrible injuries, from which he died a few days later. He died without a word which would throw light upon the peculiar death of his wife, who was killed at Old Monroe, while alighting from a vehicle, by the discharge of a pistol in her husband's overcoat pocket. Vail claimed that the discharge of the weapon was accidental, but he was indicted for her murder at the instance of insurance companies who had issued policies on her life. After a mistrial, however, a nolle prosequi was entered in the case.

Cresencia Kaercher this morning filed suit against the Wabash Railroad Co. for $5,000 damages for the death of her husband. Dec. 31, last, he was driving an express wagon across the tracks at the Union Depot when he was run down by one of the defendant's cars and killed.

Annie Levisen and William H. Hauschutte, administrators of the estate of John Young, deceased, filed suit against William, Estelle and John Young, minors. They ask the appointment of a guardian ad litem and a partition of property in block No. 1232. Annie Levisen was widow of deceased and has since married John Levisen.

Ellis B. Ebert sues the Schollmeyer-Hess Realty Co. to recover $1,031.75 balances alleged to be due on sale of property known as the Winkelman farm.

Frank Henseler sues the City of St. Louis and Timothy Maloney for $5,000 damages for personal injuries received. The plaintiff in driving his wagon on Nineteenth street was precipitated into an excavation in the street, killing his horse and severely injuring himself.

Amelia Henner entered suit against F. A. Barr asking for $3,500 damages for breach of agreement relating to a deed to property lying between Bartmer and Maple avenues.

Mary and Enoch Berger apply for an injunction to restrain Julia Murphy from executing judgment of ejectment from property in block No. 3029.

Minnie Hopper wants a divorce from her husband, Spencer Hopper. The pair were married in January, 1885, and separated Dec. 10, 1887. Cause alleged, failure to support, cruel treatment and the use of improper language to plaintiff.

Barbara Frank has entered suit against the Wabash Railroad Co. for $5,000 damages for the death of her husband, who, Dec. 23 last, was run down by one of defendant's trains at the intersection of John and Gano avenues and received injuries from which he died.

The St. Louis Railroad was this morning sued for $5,000 damages by M. L. Keoun, who asks judgment in that amount as damages for the death of her husband, a gripman in the defendant's employ, and who while at work received injuries which proved fatal.

Mahlon H. Luff sues John B. Clements to recover $2,500 commission due on the sale of some property in East St. Louis.

Herman J. Krembs wants $1,000 damages from Eva Hamberg, Herman Hamberg, L. L. Stephen, B. Campbell and Gustavus H. Osborn for unlawfully withholding property in the Old Orchard tract and also $50 for monthly rents.

Elizabeth H. Coale this morning petitioned the Circuit Court to have guardians appointed for two minor children, and to have title in property on Vandeventer place vested in her. Albert H., James B., Lewis J., Lilly M., Laura C., Ralph W. and Eugenia Coale and Elizabeth H. Coale, executrix of the estate of Samuel A. Coale, deceased, are named as defendants in the suit.

An appeal was filed in the case of W. P. and Jennie H. Pendleton vs. R. U. Leonori, Jr., et al.

P. W. Provenchere, assignee of Edward B. Hall, brings suit against Christin Roethsig for $849.40, balance on account of a shipment of cattle sold to defendant by deceased.

Henry Bohland, executor of the estate of Louisa Rothenbucher, sues Henry Troll, administrator of the estate of Franz Rothenbucher, to recover $2,500, money collected by the defendant and not turned over.

Hattie McManus filed a petition for divorce from her husband, W. McManus. As cause she alleges desertion and maltreatment. The pair were married September, 1876, and parted in September, 1891, and have six children, the eldest aged 16 years.

The Citizens' Bank of St. Louis entered suit against Henry J. Bailey and William C. Farrar to recover balance on a note of $265 with interest at 8 per cent.

Henry Sachleben has instituted suit against the Continental Wire Co. for $20,000 on shares of stock in the defendant's company. The amount is claimed as damages on account of the President and Secretary's refusal to issue new certificates.

M. L. Weyl sues Augustus Weyl for $800 and $1,200 due on two promissory notes.

Casper Moeller filed suit against Frederick B. Zimmerman, John C. Zimmerman and Fredericke Zimmerman for $400 due on a note dated Aug. 18.

Augustus H. Eiseman vs. Bertha M. Eiseman. This is a suit for divorce in which the plaintiff charges his wife with grossly immoral conduct and with being a morphine fiend. They were married in January, 1888, and have two children.

Bauer Bros. have entered suit against Della and F. A. Smith for $533 alleged to be due on a note.

The Next Half-Rate

HARVEST EXCURSION,

Via the Iron Mountain Route, will be Feb. 13. Tickets on sale to points in Arkansas, Texas and Louisiana at one fare for the round trip. For further information, descriptive pamphlets, etc., address City Ticket Agent or Union Depot, St. Louis.

Vetoed by the President.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The New York and New Jersey bridge bill has been vetoed by the President.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—Flour very dull. Wheat—Receipts, 800,000 bu; sales, 400,000; options No 2 red, dull but steady; May, 69 11-16@69¾c. Rye nominal. Corn—Receipts, 125,500 bu; sales, 30,000 bu; options, No 2 dull but firm; March, 44@44¼; May, 44 9-16@44¾c. Oats—Receipts, 27,300 bu; options, No 2 dull track white, 30@40c; track white, State, 35@40c; track white, Western, 35@40c. Beef dull; family, $14@15; extra mess, $8.50@9.00. Pork quiet; new mess, 14.25@14.75c; family, 15.25@16.25; short clear, 16@17.50. Lard dull. Butter—Receipts, 3,459 pkgs; quiet and steady; State dairy, 16@23c; Western dairy, 13½@17c; Elgins, 25½c; State creamery, 18@22c; Western do, 18@25½c. Cheese—Receipts, 1,795 pkgs; steady; State large, 9@11¾c; small, 11@12¾c; part skims, 4@10c; full skims, 2@3. Eggs—Receipts, 4,500 pkgs; Western, 14½@15c; Southern, 13½@15c. Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining, 2¾c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3c; refined, quiet; crushed, 4 15-16c; powdered, 4 7-16c; granulated, 4 3-16c. Petroleum quiet; all ports, 5.10@5.15c. Coffee dull; No 7, 18c. Spirits turpentine quiet; 30¼@30¾c. Molasses dull. Rice dull. Freights dull. Rosin quiet. Tallow steady. Hay quiet.

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 20.—Wheat higher, quiet; No 2 cash and Jan, 60¼c; May, 64¾c; July, 66¼c. Corn dull; No 2 cash, 35c; May, 38c. Oats steady; cash, 29c. Rye firm, cash [illegible]. Cloverseed quiet; prime cash and Feb, [illegible]; March, [illegible] asked.

MAY BE DOUBLE MURDER.

After Shooting Two Women a Crazed Chicagoan Commits Suicide.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—Walter Phipps shot and dangerously wounded Mrs. James McCormick and Elma Erickson on State street to-day and then committed suicide. Phipps had been on a spree and entered his room where Miss Erickson was putting things in order. What was said no one knows. The report of a pistol was followed by screams from the girl. Mrs. McCormick rushed to the room and found the girl on the floor with a bullet hole in her head and Phipps standing over her with a revolver in his hand. He fired at Mrs. McCormick, the ball taking effect in the head. He then rushed down stairs and fired at the barkeeper, after which he turned the pistol on himself with fatal results.

Mrs. McCormick and Miss Erickson were taken to St. Joseph's Hospital. It is believed that they cannot recover.

WARRING FAMILIES.

Both Used the Same Laundry and Trouble Resulted.

John F. Shriner, who resides at No. 3111 North Nineteenth street, was a co-defendant in the Second District Police Court this morning with his two pretty daughters, Lulu and Addie Schriner. They were charged with disturbing the peace of Frederick Watts and his wife. Watts is a middle-aged man and is the manager of a tea company.

The testimony showed that both parties lived in the same house and had joint ownership of a laundry in the basement. Of course, this caused trouble, both parties insisting on owning the place all to themselves. Some coal was thrown during the progress of hostilities and Judge Paxson fined the defendants $5, but stayed it on promise of prolonged peace.

MAY CONTEST THE WILL.

A Brother of the Late Leland Stanford Not Satisfied With His Legacy.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 20.—It is rumored that A. P. Stanford of New York, a brother of the late Leland Stanford, will contest the latter's will. Stanford is quoted as having said he had not announced his intention of contesting the will, but that he was by no means satisfied with $100,000, the amount left him by Senator Stanford.

He further said: "If the other side manifests a disposition to be fair and reasonable I shall not bring suit. I should greatly regret the necessity of forcing the estate into the courts, because it would air family matters that I do not wish to give publicity to."

FOR ROBBING A POST-OFFICE.

John Kavanaugh and Geo. Devine Held to Answer to the Charge.

John Kavanaugh and George Devine were given a preliminary hearing by United States Commissioner Crawford to-day on the charge of robbing the post-office at O'Fallon, Ill., last Monday. They were held for the Federal Grand-jury and were committed to jail in default of $2,000 bail each. H. H. Murrier, the Postmaster at O'Fallon, testified that about $16 worth of stamps were stolen from his office last Monday night. He identified several articles found on the accused as having been stolen from his grocery at the time the Post-office was robbed. G. A. Richard, Village Marshal, testified that he saw the accused begging from door to door in O'Fallon last Monday afternoon. Robert Kerr, a barkeeper at the saloon and lodging establishment owned by Robert Kerr at 107 South Seventh street, testified that Kavanaugh and Devine took a room last Tuesday morning and acted so peculiarly that he became suspicious. He peeped through a knot-hole at the men in their room and saw them counting piles of stamps. Alexander Reed, the proprietor, testified that Kavanaugh offered him 90 cents' worth of 10 cent stamps for 70 cents, and he closed the bargain for 60 cents. Detective Flynn and Post-office Inspector Johnston testified to the arrest of the prisoners.

A Patent Case Dismissed.

The suit of the American Drier Co. against the Laclede Fire Brick Co. was dismissed by Judge Thayer in the United States Circuit Court to-day on motion of the defendant's attorney. The suit was for alleged infringement of a patent right to an improved tobacco drier, invented by James Kinzer Hardwicke and Edward Benton Welles in 1885. The inventors assigned their title to the complainants in the suit, who alleged that the defendants were manufacturing the drier in violation of the patent rights.

Postmaster Harlow's Term Expired.

Postmaster John B. Harlow's commission expired to-day, but the official wheels will not become stationary, because his successor is not appointed. Mr. Harlow said to-day that he would continue to act until his successor is named and qualifies. Mr. Harlow's official hand remains effective, and practically there is no change in his relations to the Government although his term of office is at an end. Mr. Harlow did not take office until Feb. 3, 1890, but his commission bore date of Jan. 20, 1890.

GERMAN ENDEAVOR.

Second Day's Session of the St. Louis District Convention.

The convention of the German Christian Endeavor societies of the St. Louis district continued its session at the First German Presbyterian Church this morning. The programme opened with an able paper by Rev. G. Berner, subject, "For Christ and the Church." Though the reading of the paper consumed some forty-five minutes, the speaker retained the closest attention of his hearers, with the wisdom of his remarks and forcible manner of putting them. Following this a paper by Anton Roesh on "Committee Work;" five-minute addresses by Rev. L. G. Nollan on "Prayer in Public," L. Obrock on "Prayer at Home," Rev. G. Niebulen on "Need of the Bible in Meetings," L. Martin on "Need of the Bible at Home," and J. H. Utthoff on "Regular Attendance at Christian Endeavor meetings." An adjourment for lunch was then taken until 2 p. m., at which time the following programme was resumed: Paper on "Mission Work of the Christian Endeavor Unions," by Rev. Reinhardt, and discussion; paper by Rev. L. Haas of Manchester, Mo., on "The Christian Endeavor Pledge," and discussion; free parliament on the questions: "How shall we get the young people of our churches into the Christian Endeavor Union?" and "How shall we get the members of the Christian Endeavor Union into our churches?" election of officers and other business.

In addition to the regular delegates the students of the Evangelical Seminary of St. Louis, about sixty in number, attended in a body to-day to participate in the exercises. Rev. C. Zimmermann, President of the Evangelical church of the United States, was present and delivered an eloquent address on "Endeavor Work," encouraging the members to zealously prosecute the work so well begun. The Endeavor Society of the First German Presbyterian Church of this city was the first Endeavor Society in the world. It was organized five years ago and, since that time 140 societies of the same kind have sprung up.

The convention was opened last evening with an address of welcome by Julius F. Schwartz, President of the St. Louis Union. Addresses were also made by Revs. G. Berner of Buffalo, N. Y., S. A. John of St. Louis, and G. Niebuler of Wright City, Mo.

Another interesting feature of the present convention is that it is the first convention of the German Endeavor Societies ever held in the West. It was constituted to-day as the Convention of the German Endeavor Societies of Missouri and adjacent States.

Buy your groceries and general household supplies from John F. Yaeger, 3673 Olive st.

DETECTIVE KELLY'S HOUSE ENTERED.—Detective Michael W. Kelly, who has been at Hillsboro, Mo., for the past three days attending the trial of Attorney McGinness' damage suit against the police for alleged illegal arrest and detention, was greeted with a surprise on his return home. A stranger had invaded the detective's home at 1423 St. Louis avenue during his absence. The description furnished of the intruder is that of a twelve-pound boy. Mrs. Kelly and the boy are both doing well.

PURE SPRING WATER, 75c Per Case.

We call your attention to our Carbonated and Plain Spring Waters which are unexcelled in quality and of absolute purity.

Our Plain Spring Water packed in cases of twelve half-gallon bottles delivered for 75 cents, will commend itself to every family from an economic standpoint. And our Carbonated Waters stand unrivaled for delightful and refreshing taste and are delivered for lower price than all other Spring Waters offered to the public.

Physicians recommend Windsor Water on account of its purity. As it is put up only in glass, and bottled at the Spring, it avoids every possibility of contamination.

WINDSOR SPRING CO.,
1630 OLIVE STREET. TELEPHONE 1021.

RIGHT NOW

While this offer is being made, is the time to

BUILD A LIBRARY.

Books Are Cheap.

OVER 3000 WORKS

By Classic and Modern Authors to Select from,

From One Cent Upwards

Send 2c and the following coupon and get 64-page Illustrated Catalogue by return mail. Address,

POST-DISPATCH BOOK DEP'T,
142 Worth St., New York.

CUT THIS OUT.

BOOK COUPON.

This coupon must be cut out and sent with each book order. If two books are ordered two coupons must be inclosed.

Post-Dispatch.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SHAARE EMETH TEMPLE, corner 17th and Pine. Sunday service at 11 o'clock a. m.; subject of discourse by Dr. Sale: "Jewish Sects at the Time of Jesus." Visitors are always welcome.

FIRED FOR HELP.

Anton Weise Fined Because His Means of Calling an Officer Was Too Violent.

Anton Weise, a saloon-keeper at 1427 Old Manchester road, was fined $10 this morning by Judge Morris on the charge of discharging firearms within the city limits. In this case Weise had the tables turned on him for having the audacity to call upon the limbs of the law in what he considered an emergency. A few nights since a crowd of young men got into an argument in his saloon, and it looked for a while as though they would convert the fixtures into kindling-wood and the place into a morgue. Weise called for assistance, but in vain. Finally an idea struck him. He seized his revolver and rushing into the street fired several shots for the purpose, as he claims, of attracting the attention of an officer. He succeeded. Officer Downey of the Fifth District came upon the scene expecting to find several persons more or less wounded, but when Mr. Weise explained that he discharged his revolver simply to obtain assistance, the officer concluded to have something to show for his trouble and Weise was arrested. Mr. Weise, Judge Morris thought, could have chosen a different way to secure an officer.

THE SUGAR BOUNTY.

An Attempt Will Be Made to Wipe It Out of the Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 20.—Mr. McRae (Dem.) of Arkansas to-day gave notice to the House that he would on Monday offer an amendment to strike out the sugar bounty.

The amendment of Henderson of Iowa to substitute the present law for the agricultural schedule was lost by a vote of 118 to 63.

At 11:10 the consideration of the tariff bill was resumed in the House, the pending amendment being that of Mr. Henderson (Rep.) of Iowa to substitute existing rates on agricultural products for the agricultural schedule of the Wilson bill.

Mr. Wilson asked unanimous consent that on Tuesday three hours be set aside for the discussion of the coal schedule and three hours for the iron ore schedule. After some parleying this was agreed to.

AT HARD LABOR.

Punishment of Father Connolly for Assaulting Miss Sutherland.

DULUTH, Minn., Jan. 20.—Rev. Fr. Connolly, the Catholic priest convicted of criminally assaulting Miss Julia Sutherland, a member of his congregation, was to-day sentenced to twenty years and three months' imprisonment at hard labor.

Colorado Legislature.

DENVER, Colo., Jan. 20.—The Senate and House met this morning at 10 o'clock and a few minutes later receiving word of the death of ex-Gov. Gilpin, immediately adjourned to 10 o'clock Monday out of respect to the Governor's memory.

JOHN F. YAEGER, grocer, 3673 Olive st., is headquarters for the celebrated Spring Lake creamery butter and also strictly fresh eggs.

Minor Police Mention.

An attempt was made to burglarize the residence of Morris Stone, on the third floor of 1123 North Seventh street, this morning about 4:30 o'clock, but the burglars were scared off by a dog.

Property valued at $18 was stolen last night from the residence of John Hogan, at 2100 Gravois avenue.

On the Curb.

Wheat—May, 61⅝c sellers; puts, 61½c to [illegible]; calls, 61⅞@[illegible]c to ⅛c.

GYMNASTIC EXHIBITION.—The members of the St. Louis District of the North American Turner Association will give a mammoth gymnastic exhibition and concert at Grand Music Hall, on the evening of Friday, Feb. 9. The entire proceeds will be turned over to the St. Louis Provident Association. One hundred ladies, 300 men and 1,000 children will take part in the performance. Tickets can be had at the Turn Halls or from the members.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.

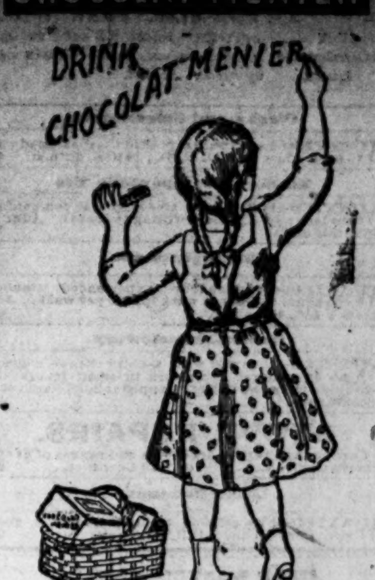
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

CHOCOLAT MENIER



Did you see me at the Fair?

Every American has known that Chocolate was pleasant when the right product was used, but it was a revelation to find that it was as nourishing as meat.

Thousands, footsore, famished and almost fainting under the unusual fatigue of the Fair, have found out how invigorating a cup of **Chocolat Menier** is, and can now understand why 33 million pounds annually of this famous chocolate is consumed in the countries of the old world, where

**No Tea,
No Coffee,
No Cocoa,**

Is their motto. TRY IT.

Your grocer will get it for you

THE GREAT BROADWAY GROCERY ESTABLISHMENT

Our fine selection of GROCERIES, WINES and LIQUORS (which every householder who desires first-class value should purchase), are now on sale at the lowest prices, to suit the existing hard times.

3-lb. Standard Tomatoes, $1.05 per dozen.
2-lb. Standard Corn, $1.00 per dozen.
P. N. & S. extra quality Family Soap, $2.75 per box of 60 1-pound bars.
Standard Family Soap, $2.50 per box of 60 1-pound bars.
2-lb. Standard Sifted Early June Peas, $1.05 per dozen.
3-lb. Standard California Apricots, $1.75 per dozen.
3-lb. Standard California Peaches, $1.90 per dozen.
P. N. & S. extra quality Family Flour, $3.60 per bbl.,
And other goods at corresponding low basis of values.
Our Gem Cook Books are still being given away FREE to all who visit us.

PETER NICHOLSON & SONS,
Nos. 208, 210, 212, Between Olive and Pine Sts.
Telephone 492.

"WELL DONE OUTLIVES DEATH." EVEN YOUR MEMORY WILL SHINE IF YOU USE

SAPOLIO

$2.49 Will buy you the pick of our stock Ladies' Hand-Sewed Shoes, regular prices $3.50 and $4.
ALL STYLES, SIZES AND WIDTHS.

$3.95 Will buy you a Fine Hand Welt Gents' Shoe, regular prices $5 and $5.50.

All our Winter Furnishing Goods Sold Below Cost.
Call and See Us and Save Money. Cash Does the Business.

GEO. DIEL & BRO., 1231-35 Franklin Avenue.

LISTEN TO HIM!

The One and Only McNichol!

Do not hearken to your neighbor,
Do not cast a slight on labor,
Do not think good times are past,
That of booms you've seen the last.
Try to think that you've a nickel,
That you're solid with McNichol,
That you're in it; that's a fact,
And you know just how to act.

Do not doubt that he will aid you,
Many times before he's made you
Without cash or ready money,
And, in fact, it seems real funny
That he satisfies your wishes,
Sells you furniture and dishes,
Sells you carpet, stoves and curtain,
He's your best friend, that is certain.

You, perhaps, are sober, steady,
But you have no good home ready
For a little girl you covet;
And this home, Oh, how you'd love it!
Only do not now delay it
And in weekly portions pay it,
This is business good for all meant,
Paying bills by slow installment.

Our McNichol, "he's a daisy!"
Those who doubt him, they are crazy;
He will make your home a beauty,
You will learn to love your duty,
Pay a little every week, sir,
Nothing really felt to speak, sir,
Wife and children housed and happy
Owing all to prudent pappy.

And the man who wants anybody to have a good home. Pay a little by the week, in installments, to (Trade Mark.) **The Only McNichol,**
1015-1022-1024 Market street.

P. S.—The finest goods in town. Furniture, carpet, curtains, pictures, clocks, bedding, stoves, ranges, etc.
No such chance will ever come again. You can get all you want on credit, paying when you can. The very best.

Burlington Route

BEST LINE TO BLACK HILLS AND CALIFORNIA.
Dining Cars.

F. C. BONSACK,
ARCHITECT!
ROOM 516,
UNION TRUST BUILDING, St. Louis.

$26.50 TO JACKSONVILLE, FLA., AND RETURN.

Excursion tickets will be sold from St. Louis, via the Louisville & Nashville Railroad, the through car line, Jan. 21 and 22. Good thirty days returning. City office, 206 N. Broadway, or address GEO. B. HORNER, Division Passenger Agent.

RADIANT HOME
Base Burner Stoves.
RINGEN STOVE CO.
414 N. BROADWAY.

ELECTION NOTICES.

ELECTION NOTICE—The annual meeting of the White Cross Association for the election of officers for the ensuing year, will be held at the house, N. W. corner of Garrison and Thomas sts., on [illegible] Feb. 5, 1894.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

STUART ROBSON,

TO-NIGHT Only Performance of
"Leap Year; or, The Ladies' Privilege."
MR. ROBSON as DIONYCIUS DIMPLE.
(A Husband on Trial.)

"Leap Year" was suggested by an extract from an old English law entitled, "An Act to Amend the Law of Courtship and Matrimony." Albeit it is now become a part of the common law in regard to the social relations of life that as often as every bissextile year doth return, the ladyes have the sole privilege of making love unto the men, which they doe either by words or looks as unto them seemeth proper; and no man will be entitled to the benefit of clergy, who doth refuse to accept the offer of a lady, or who doth in any wise treat her proposal with neglect or contumely."

Next week—Russell's Comedians, About Town.

OLYMPIC

To-Night at 8.
Chas. Frohman's Comedians
IN
MRS. GRUNDY, JR.
Sunday, Jan. 21—"In Old Kentucky."

The Hagan TO-NIGHT

A Great Success—Funny
GLORIANA,
with Emily Bancker, and a great cast of comedians.
LAST PERFORMANCE
Next Sunday—Joseph Grismer and Phœbe Davis in the "New South." Tele. 771.

HAVLIN'S—TO-NIGHT.
A CRACKER JACK.
Full of Songs, Dances and Sensations.

STANDARD -- TO-NIGHT
MAY RUSSELL CO.
See "Jack's Ante" and the "Boys in Red"
Next week—The London Belles.

POPE'S—To-Night.
Last Performance. The Queen of Comedy, VERNONA JARBEAU and her FUN-MAKERS. Last Performance.
Next Sunday—Primrose and West. Tele. 1470.

SECOND ANNUAL GRAND BALL
GIVEN BY THE
Retail Clerks' Association of St. Louis,
AT CONCORDIA CLUB, 1441 CHOUTEAU AV.,
Wednesday, Jan. 24.
A handsome Souvenir Programme will be presented to each lady.

SIVALL'S WONDERLAND and Family Theater.
This week; open daily from 1 to 10 p. m. Startling stupendous show; the curio hall filled with a multitude of novelties; Hanley Comedy Co. in the Theater; 20 people on the stage 20; One Dime admits to the entire show.

Madison Race Track.
Five Races Daily.
Races Commence at 2 O'Clock.
Trains will leave the foot of Olive st. for Madison every ten minutes, commencing at 11:30 each day. Residents from North St. Louis can reach the track by taking the trains at North Market st. or Benton av.
FREE-Admission-FREE
Betting on All Outside Races.

EAST ST. LOUIS JOCKEY CLUB.
Grand 3-4 Mile Track.
FIVE OR MORE RACES DAILY.
Take electric cars on the Bridge. Direct to the track in 15 minutes. Round trip 15 cents. Betting on all outside races.
FREE-Admission-FREE

BOOKS FREE.

Any Want Advertisement Costing 25 cents or more entitles the advertiser to one of the following Books Free.

The advertisement may be left at any Branch Office of this paper.

Branch Office Manager will give you an order on this office for any one of the books.

LIST.

"The Wages of Sin," by Lucas Malet.
"Violet Vyvian, M. F. H.," by May Crommelin.
"The Firm of Gridlestone," by A. Conan Doyle.
"Uncle Max," by Rosa N. Carey.
"The Viscomte's Bride," by Esme Stuart.
"Heart of Gold," by L. T. Meade.
"The Story of an African Farm," by Ralph Iron (Olive Schreiner).
"Famous or Infamous," by Bertha Thomas.
"Cripps, The Carrier," by R. D. Blackmore.
"Fern Leaves," by Fanny Fern.
"Eric Brighteyes," by H. Rider Haggard.

The publishers of the POST-DISPATCH reserve the right and privilege of revising or rejecting any advertisement left in their counting-room. In case of rejection money will be refunded.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY (English Evangelical Lutheran), McMillan av., west of Taylor, Rev. C. T. McDaniel, pastor; divine service Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.; prayer and lecture services Wednesday at 8 p. m. All welcome.

ETHICAL SOCIETY, Memorial Hall, 19th and Lucas place, Sunday, 11 a. m., address by Mr. Sheldon. Subject: "Savonarola." The public are cordially invited.

ST. MARK'S ENGLISH EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH, Bell and Cardinal avs.—M. Rhodes, D. D., pastor. Preaching every Sunday at 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sabbath-school at 9:15 a. m. Prayer-meeting and lecture by the pastor every Wednesday evening at 7:45 o'clock. The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor meets every Sunday evening in the church parlors at 6:30. Welcome.

SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, n. w. cor. 17th st. and Lucas pl., Rev. S. J. Niccolls, D. D., pastor. Divine service Sunday, Jan. 21, at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor meeting at 7 p. m. in the lecture room. A cordial invitation and welcome extended to all services.

SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH, Locust and Beaumont—Sunday-school, 9:30 a. m.; annual endowment services, with preaching by Rev. Addison Moore, 11 a. m.; subject, "The Living God." Society Christian Endeavor, 6:45 p. m.; evening service given up to anniversary exercises Y. M. C. A., 7:45 p. m.; midweek service, Wednesday, 8 p. m. Welcome.

LODGE NOTICES.

MT. MORIAH LODGE, No. 40, A. F. and A. M., will confer the Entered Apprentice Degree this evening at 7:30. We will be glad to see you. W. A. HALL, W. M.
E. V. KYTE, Secretary. 33

ST. LOUIS LODGE, No. 5, I. O. O. F.—There will be an illustrated lecture given at the lodge hall this evening by W. E. Ittner and W. H. Hs Clarke on "Columbian World's Fair." Brothers and their families are invited to attend.
BEN T. ITTNER, Secretary. J. C. HESS, N. G.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

Bryant & Stratton

BUSINESS, SHORTHAND AND TELEGRAPH SCHOOL, OPEN DAY AND NIGHT, corner of Broadway and Market st. Personal instruction given in all departments. Book-keeping and banking taught by actual practice. Graduates are successful in getting employment. Send for circular. 36

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Situation by a registered pharmacist in Missouri; refs. Add. N 450, this office. 37

WANTED—Young man, 21, desires any kind of office work; familiar with produce and wool commission business. Add. T 450, this office. 37

The Trades.

WANTED—Carpenter wants work in hotel, wholesale house or with real estate man; will work reasonable. Address K 453, this office. 38

Boys.

WANTED—Work by boy 18 years old, inside work preferred. Add. G 452, this office. 42

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Position by young colored man as porter or janitor; city refs. furnished. Add. S 455, this office. 43

WANTED—Situation by a man who thoroughly understands taking care of horses, etc. Add. G 454, this office. 43

WANTED—Sit. by a young man 22 years of age as porter or driver; well acquainted with the city; can give good references. Add. Thos. Gleason, 1514 Spruce st. 43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

SHORTHAND.
JONES
COMMERCIAL COLLEGE

Broadway, between Olive and Locust. Shorthand and typewriting; the complete business course including actual business practice and practical book-keeping with banking, telegraphy, the English course and elocution thoroughly and practically taught. Call at the college office, or write for the catalogue of information. Day and night. 53

Perkins & Herpel's
MERCANTILE COLLEGE
Cor. 4th Street and Washington Ave., ST. LOUIS, MO.
INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION
Given in Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Typewriting, Grammar, Arithmetic, Etc.
CALL OR WRITE FOR CATALOGUE. (Mention this paper.)

Clerks and Salesmen.

HAVE you tried "Harris'" $4 shoes? Judge their value by the months they wear. 520 Pine st. 54

THE Furniture Mortgage Co., 1301 Washington av., will loan you money on your household goods. 54

$12.50 UP—Suits and overcoats to order. Mesritz Tailoring Co., 8th and Olive.

$3.00 UP—Pants to order. Mesritz Tailoring Co., 219 N. 8th st., cor. Olive, 2d floor.

HAYWARD'S SHORT-hand and Business College, 702, 704 and 706 Olive st.; day and night sessions. Phone 479.

Stenographers.

WANTED—Two bright students to learn shorthand; instructions free. Call Typewriter Headquarters, 509 Olive st. 60

The Trades

WANTED—Edge trimmer for McKay and Goodyear work, Huiskamp Bros. Co., Keokuk, or Goodyear Shoe Machinery Co., 1019 Locust st. 58

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Cooks, etc.

WANTED—Sit. to do cooking. 3630 Lucky st. 49

Laundresses.

WANTED—Washing, to be taken home by 1st-class laundress, neighborhood 33d and Market sts. Add. R 441, this office. 51

THE POST-DISPATCH receives advertisements for its Sunday issue, WANTS as well as DISPLAY, any day in the week to suit the convenience of its patrons, with the assurance they will be properly inserted.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

A Handsome Book — Worth $1.00, FREE to each advertiser whose "Want" in this column amounts to 25 Cents and upwards. See list.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—Lady wants position as saleslady in book store. Ad. J. E. D., 1910 S. 12th st. 44

Teachers, Companions, Etc.

WANTED—Situation by steady girl as companion to lady; good reader; willing to travel. Add. X 453, this office. 77

Stenographers.

WANTED—Situation by experienced stenographer; willing to work for $6 per week. Address Y 456, this office. 45

General Housework.

WANTED—A woman with a child wishes a place to do general housework in small family; no washing; wages no object. Apply at 2686 Papin st., second floor. 48

STOVE REPAIRS.

Castings and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. A. G. Brauer, 219 Locust st. 43

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—By a reliable colored woman a good sit. Cora Tichner, 12B Targee st. 52

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Housekeepers.

WANTED—Housekeeper. 116 N. 13th st. 65

WANTED—Middle aged housekeeper, very young widower with two small children; one able to do housework and care for children; must have best of ref. Add. T 452, this office. 65

General Housework.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 3688 Finney av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 2839 Morgan st. 66

WANTED—Good capable girl for house and laundry work. Apply Sunday, 3934 Delmar av. 66

WANTED—German girl for general housework; must be a good cook. Apply 4209 Margan st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework, extra good wages; refs. req. Call at 3825 Finney av., between 2 and 5 p. m. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family; good home; good pay to right party; call at once. 3848 Windsor pl. 66

WANTED—A young girl to assist with housework and care of two children; German preferred. 6155 Central av.; take Surburban electric cars. 66

GOLD AND SILVER

Plating and Repairing. Cash for gold and silver articles. Estab. 1872. Saml. L. Dowping & Co., 210 N. 7th st. 66

Cooks, Etc.

WANTED—Good woman to cook at 1210 Washington av. 68

WANTED—Competent cook; will go out of city; ref. 3803 Westminster pl. 68

WANTED—Good cook, washer and ironer; reference reqnired. 2933 Lucas av. 68

WANTED—A good German girl for cooking, washing and ironing in a small family of 3 persons. 2011 Park av. 68

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Girls to press and learn on vests. 621 Lynch st. 69

Nurses.

WANTED—A girl to do nursing and assist with up-stairs work. 2628 Gamble st. 70

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A neat young girl to wait on table. Grand Hotel, 414 Market st. 71

WANTED—A girl 12 to 16 years old to assist in kitchen. Mora Restaurant, 2005 Olive st. 71

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

580 ACRES Missouri land, $1,700 stock of notions and gold watch, all clear; will trade for vacant ground or equity in dwelling in St. Louis or good farm. Colonius, 9 N. 8th st. 24

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

IF parties wishing rooms and board or rooms for light housekeeping will send their address or call on E. R. Baker, 2617 Pine st., office hours 11 a. m. to 1 p. m. and 5 to 9 p. m., a list of desirable places will be furnished free of charge; no room agency. 20

WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—Partner and some money to put on the market a blood, liver and kidney remedy, the best in the United States; investigate. Add. H 455, this office. 28

MONEY WANTED.

WE have applications for loans from parties offering security two or three times the amount; those wanting safe investments can secure them by calling on or addressing us; established 39 years.
JOHN MAGUIRE & CO.,
25 107 N. 8th st.

$500 WANTED

For 3 years at 6 per cent interest on real estate worth more than double. JOHN T. GRUCHY,
25 708 Chestnut st.

EDUCATIONAL.

MONS. GUSTAVE MICHAUD, Doctor of Sciences, University of Geneva, Switzerland), gives instruction in sciences, French and Spanish; students prepared for university examinations. 2621 Pine st.

MUSICAL.

FOR SALE—$65; 7-octave square Chickering; cost $450; splendid condition. 2712 S. Jefferson av.

FIRST-CLASS new, and excellent second-hand pianos, at rare bargains during balance of this month. Estey & Camp, 916 Olive st. 27

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—Agents to handle the latest nickel-in-the-slot machine; small capital required. Address A 454, this office. 73

WANTED—Lady agents—Send 12 cents for sample; sells for $1; used by ladies only. Mrs. G. Blackwell, 7 N. Broadway. 73

WANTED—Agents, male or female, to sell the best article of its kind in the world; it is a very quick seller in either city or country; big profits. Address Hustler, P. O. box D, South Bend, Ind. 73

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Good printing outfit; terms to suit, or will trade for good pony. Address L 455, this office. 4

FOR SALE—Confectionery, ice cream and notion store at a bargain; party leaving city. No. 2610 Cass av. 4

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—A fine billiard table. 2714 Olive st. 5

FOR SALE—Good double couch, $2; hanging lamp, decorated shade, $2. 3935 Evans av. 5

FOR SALE—A two-hole gas stove, best made; used but little; cost $18; will sell for $10. 5702 Cabanne place. 5

FOR SALE—Beautiful $50 brown fur muff and boa, $15; also new $30 ulster (bust 36) for $8. Add. D 455, this office. 5

TYPEWRITERS.

Buy the best and most popular, "The Smith Premier;" it will give greater satisfaction. Send for catalogue. The Smith Premier Typewriter Co., 208 N. 7th st., St. Louis, Mo. 5

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Gold spectacles in seal bag, in or near Exposition Hall, Thursday night. C., 1414 Lucas pl. 30

LOST—From buggy this morning on Locust or St. Charles st., hand satchel with tag on it. Finder please advise J. G. Creveling, Vandalia Line, Main and O'Fallon sts. 30

LOST—On Cora pl. or 4500 Easton av., a brown leather purse; contents, $3.90 and five cards with owner's name, etc. Return to 1812 Carr pl. and receive reward. 30

HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Complete furnishings of 4-room flat; any price goes; must sell quick. Add. T 453, this office. 85

THE POST-DISPATCH receives advertisements for its Sunday issue, WANTS as well as DISPLAY, any day in the week to suit the convenience of its patrons, with the assurance they will be properly inserted.

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. Advertisements in this column not of a business nature, of two lines and over, FIFTEEN cents per line.

A Handsome Book — Worth $1.00, FREE to each advertiser whose "Want" in this column amounts to 25 Cents and upwards. See list.

PERSONAL—Will young lady getting off car corner of Dolman and Chouteau av. Saturday morning at 10:30 noticing gent make acquaintance? Add. D 457, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Will lady who left car about 10:40 last night at Spring av. let gentleman sitting opposite whom she noticed, know where a communication will reach her? Ad. T 455, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Gondola: I will not keep appointment Sunday night; will be at same place same time Sunday week; anything should prevent will notify you next week. Gondola. 1

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

ALL kinds baths and massage treatment; experienced operator. Mrs. Brooks, 2204 Chestnut. 74

ANDRUS' electric belt, 107 N. 9th st., cures the sick, weak, nervous, pains, aches, etc.; write. 74

CALL on Dr. J. L. Fitzporter, No. 1516 Chestnut st.; female and chronic diseases a specialty. 74

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE HEALING at the Galen Med. Inst., No. 1516 Chestnut st.; chronic dis. cured. 74

DOCTOR at Havlin's Pharmacy, 6th and Walnut; ch. only for med.; male and female dis. tr. auc.

DR. LOTTIE REINER, midwife; grad. 2 colleges; receives ladies during confine.; female complaints treated successfully; charges reas. 120 S. 14th. 74

DR. ANNA NAWLAND, ladies' physician and midwife; treats and cures female troubles; board dur. con. Ladies in trouble call or write. 29 S. 14th.

DR. MARY ARTHUR treats female irregularities successfully; receives and boards ladies in con.; reas. terms; bus. confidential. Call 2612 Wash st. 74

MRS. SANFORD of Denver; plain tub baths and massage treatment. 2107A Market st. 74

MISS CROWLEY, fortune teller, 1247 N. 8th st. Ladies 25c, gents 50c. Call and see her. 74

MRS. C. AMES gives baths, massage and magnetic treatment; lady operators. 28 S. 16th st. 74

MASSAGE—For treatment call at Mrs. N. Van Dyke, 2313 Walnut; made new arrangements. 74

MRS. M. EDWARDS gives massage, magnetic treatment; ladies a specialty. 2217 Market. 74

MRS. GARDNER gives baths and massage treatment; lady operators wanted. 19 S. 22d st. 74

MRS. PARKER gives massage, magnetic and electric treatment; 1st-class patronage. 108 N. 22d.

MRS. BUSHEY'S massage treatment; massage baths; highly recom. 2111 Chestnut st.; 2d flat.

MRS. L. HOTSON receives ladies during con.; reasonable rates; ladies in trouble call or write; take Market st. car. 2305 Market st. 74

MRS. A. BURGER, M. D., receives ladies pending and during confinement. 2300 S. 12th st.; take yellow car at Union Depot going south. 74

MRS. DR. MARGARET DOSSEN, the great female specialist, 26 years' practical exp.; ladies in trouble will do well to call or write. 1006 Chouteau av. 74

MRS. J. SONNEN, graduate midwife, receives ladies during confinement; first-class accommodations at reasonable prices; strictly confidential. Call or write 1331 Park av.; take U. D. cars south.

1000 BUSINESS CARDS, $1; 1,000 billheads, $1.50. H. B. Crole & Co., 815 Locust. 74

1,000 FINE walnut 8-day strike and alarm clocks, $1.50 to $3; fine Ansonia mantel clocks, $5 to $13; at Dunn's Loan Office. 74

TREATMENT FREE

For all diseases; small charges for medicine only; 10 a. m. to 9 p. m. daily; Sunday, 9 to 12; no students. Policlinic and Dispensary, 813 N. 6th st. 74

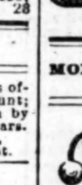


Dr. Chase

Owns exclusive rights to use Odontunder in St. Louis for the painless extraction of teeth. Indorsed by thousands. From 100 to 200 teeth extracted a day. In Crown and Bridge work and all kinds of Plate work we invite and solicit cases that have proved failures at the hands of other Dentists.

CONSULTATION FREE. PRICES MODERATE.

E. C. CHASE, D. D. S.,
904 Olive St. 74



PRIVATE LYING-IN INSTITUTE
AND COLLEGE OF MIDWIFERY,
Incorporated.

The only regular institute of the kind in the West.

Ladies who expect their confinement can be accommodated and find perfect seclusion. Female diseases a specialty.

DR. H. NEWLAND,
2201 and 2203 Olive St.

MONEY TO LOAN ON PERSONAL PROPERTY.

MONEY TO LOAN from $1 to $10,000 on watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, musical instruments, etc. Low rates of interest.
S. VAN RAALTE, 12 and 14 S. 4th st.

MONEY to loan on furniture and pianos without removal; terms lowest and easiest in city; money can be paid back in monthly payments; open every night until 8 o'clock; notary in office. Furniture Mortgage Co., 1301 Washington av. 31

MONEY to loan on furniture and pianos in any amount you desire, without removing property from your house; money can be paid back in installments and save interest; no commission or charges for papers; you can get the money the same day you apply for it. John C. King, 814 Morgan st. 81

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1015 Morgan st. 61

CONFIDENTIAL LOANS on furniture, pianos, building association books, etc.; no publicity, no charge for papers; monthly payments received, thereby reducing both principal and interest. J. W. Staley, 717 and 719 Market st. 31

FURNITURE LOANS—Money loaned on furniture, real estate, building association books, other good securities; lowest rates. C. J. Voorhis, 111 N. 8th st.

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Room 2, 904 Olive st. 31

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, revolvers, trunks, medical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan office. 812 Franklin av.

ST. LOUIS MORTGAGE CO.

Loans money on furniture and building books; can keep possession of your property and pay off loans in installments and save interest; no commission and business confidential; lowest rates in city. 813½ Chestnut st., second floor. 31

FURNITURE LOANS.

Money to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. Union Loan Co., 1003 Pine st.

IF YOU WANT MONEY

Advanced on furniture and pianos in sums to suit without removal then call on us; loans made on installment plan; terms reasonable. German-American Loan Co., 515 Pine st., 2d floor. 31

STORAGE.

STORAGE—Regular storage-house for furniture, pianos, vehicles, trunks, boxes, etc., safe, reliable clean rooms, get our rates; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc., estimates free; money loaned. Consign goods to our care. Telephone 4122. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1219-1221 Olive.

Fidelity Storage, Packing and Moving Co.
1723 and 1725 Morgan St.
Branch office—1003 Pine st. Telephone Nos. 2890 and 4101.

FURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—7-room furnished house on Compton Hill for three months to family without children. Address K 455, this office. 15

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

WANTED—A good, nice horse, good traveler, 16 hands high. Call at 413 Locust st. 11

For Sale.

FOR SALE—Wagons of all kinds in stock at lowest figures at H. H. Bothe Carriage and Wagon Co., 1319 N. 9th st. 12

250 OPEN and top wagons, surreys, storm buggies, phaeton, carts, sleighs, all kinds, new and 2d-hand. Northwestern Buggy Co. 1110 N. B'way

THE POST-DISPATCH receives advertisements for its Sunday issue, WANTS as well as DISPLAY, any day in the week to suit the convenience of its patrons, with the assurance they will be properly inserted.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE!

BY ORDER OF THE COURT.

4 DOWN-TOWN BUSINESS CORNERS.

Southeast cor. Fourth and Elm streets, 5-story building and lot 51 feet by 154 feet 4½ inches, renting for $9,000 per year.
Southwest cor. Third and Locust streets, 4-story brick and iron building, renting for $6,700 a year.
Northeast cor. Sixth and Spruce, 2-story building and lot 33 feet 3 inches by 104 feet, rents $2,670 per year.
Northwest cor. Third and Cedar streets, 3 houses and lot 61 feet 7 inches by 64 feet, renting for $900 per year.

AT EAST FRONT OF COURT-HOUSE,

Saturday, January 27, 1894, at 12 M.

Down-town corners are scarce—here is the buyers' opportunity.

CHAS. C. NICHOLLS.

For particulars see assignee,
NICHOLLS-RITTER REALTY and FINANCIAL CO.,
Judson & Taussig, Attorneys. 713 Chestnut St.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

A Handsome Book — Worth $1.00, FREE to each advertiser whose "Want" in this column amounts to 25 Cents and upwards. See list.

7 N. 22D ST.—Newly furnished 2d-floor front room; also hall room. 13

8 S. 11TH ST.—Nicely furnished rooms; low rates; day, week or month. 13

12 N. 11TH ST.—One room for light housekeeping, second floor; $2 per week. 13

513 S. BROADWAY—Nice furnished rooms for 1 or 2 gents, $1.25 and $1.50 per week; with evening fire. 13

600 ELM ST.—Furnished room, front; gas, fire; cheap. 13

618 N. CHANNING AV., near Washington av.—2 or 3 newly-papered rooms, fur. or unfur., with first-class table; parties without children can find every comfort of home. 13

715 N. JEFFERSON AV.—Nicely fur. room for housekeeping; also hall-room with fire. 13

822 N. 18th ST.—2 nicely furnished front rooms in private family. 13

1013 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished front room; also other rooms; from $1.25 to $3 per week. 13

1019 OLIVE ST.—Finely furnished 2d-floor front rooms, $1, $2, $3 and $4 per week; entrance on 11th. 13

1109 WASHINGTON AV.—Furnished rooms $1.50 and $2.50 per week. 30

1125 PINE ST.—Furnished housekeeping rooms; $2, $2.50 per week; 25c day; single rooms $1. 13

1208 ST. ANGE AV.—Two large light rooms with sink in kitchen, bath and all conveniences, unfurnished, $10; furnished for light housekeeping $15 per month. 13

1217 WASHINGTON AV.—Two desirable rooms furnished for housekeeping; gas and water in kitchen, etc. 13

1235 N. GRAND AV.—2d-story front room with alcove and board. 18

1302 OLIVE ST.—Second-story front room, suitable for 2; also hall room; $1.50 per week. 13

1305 N. GRAND AV., near Page—Neatly fur. front room for 1 or 2 gents; private family. 13

1318 N. GRAND AV.—2 rooms suitable for doctor or dentist. Inquire in store. 13

1454 WRIGHT ST.—Five rooms, front and back yards, rent $15 per month. Inquire next door west or 2928 Pine st. 13

1601 OLIVE ST.—Two nicely fur. rooms, complete for light housekeeping. 13

1733 WASH ST.—Four rooms and bath; all conveniences; references wanted. Apply to above number. 13

2108 CLARK AV.—2 nice unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. 13

2108 MORGAN ST.—New and handsomely furnished rooms, in private family; terms very moderate for 1 or 2 persons. 13

2607 LUCAS AV.—Nicely furnished room, first floor, complete for housekeeping. 13

2607 LUCAS AV.—3 rooms on 3d floor, furnished complete for light housekeeping; $15 per month. 13

2612 CHESTNUT ST.—A nicely furnished front room; all conveniences; for gentleman. 13

2658 LUCAS AV.—Nicely fur. parlor bedroom, $10 per month; breakfast if desired. 13

2801 MORGAN ST.—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences. 13

2808 MORGAN ST.—Double parlors; also rooms, 3d floor, $7 per month. 13

3034 EASTON AV.—Handsomely furnished 2d-story front and connecting rooms, complete for light housekeeping. 13

6711 S. 7TH ST.—2 elegantly furnished rooms on 2d floor, 2 blocks from car line. Address H. Dixon. 13

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room for gent; refs. Address C 454, this office. 13

WANTED—A young lady having handsomely fur. parlor would like a room-mate; ref. exchanged; a comfortable home; $4.50 per week. Add. Y 450, this office. 13

BOARDING.

912 N. 20TH ST.—Handsomely fur. 2d-story front room and connecting room, with or without board. 18

932 HICKORY ST.—Neatly furnished room with good family board for two gentlemen; reference. 18

1211 PINE ST.—Fur. rooms and board or without board; board $3, rooms $1.50 per week; open all night and day. 18

1233 LINN ST.—Furnished front and connecting rooms, with board; fire and bath; $3.50 per week. 18

1706 LUCAS PL.—Nicely furnished rooms, first-class board. 18

1707 OLIVE ST.—Furnished rooms, with or without board. 18

1834 LOCUST ST.—Furnished rooms with excellent board. 18

2618 LAFAYETTE AV.—A nicely furnished room, with or without board. 18

2704 PINE ST.—Handsome 2d-floor front room and room adjoining; en suite or single; nicely furnished; excellent board. 18

2744 LAFAYETTE AV.—Newly and comfortably fur. room for 2 gents, with board, at $4.50 per week; hot bath, gas, private family. 18

2808 LOCUST ST.—Very desirable fur. front room, with board. 18

2900 GAMBLE ST.—One alcove parlor furnished and other pleasant rooms, with board. 18

2925 PINE ST.—Two nicely furnished rooms; one 2d story front; excellent table; private family. 18

3105 OLIVE ST.—Very desirable room, comforts of a home; board very reasonable. 18

3131 LUCAS AV.—2d-story front room with board. 18

4231½ EASTON AV.—2 beautiful front rooms; fur.; reasonable; board; private family. 18

5344 EASTON AV.—Two gentlemen can find a handsome furnished orom with or without board in private family. 18

BOARDING—Second-story front and smaller rooms, single or en suite, also large room for party of gentlemen on reasonable terms; best accommodations. 3142-3144 Locust st. 18

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms with or without board, with use of bath and heated by furnace. Add. S 452, this office. 18

FLATS FOR RENT.

2423 N. 10TH ST.—Nice 3-room flat, $10.
83 GAY & M'CANN, 922 Pine st.

ALL SORTS.



ST. LOUIS MUTUAL HOUSE BUILDING CO., Office No. 513 Walnut st., Samuel Simmons, Pres.; Hugo Kromrey, Sec'y. This pioneer company builds or purchases houses at option of applicant, on monthly payment plan, in St. Louis City. Prospectus at office free of charge.

500 YOUNG LADIES WANTED,

To try those elegant Minnettes and Diamonds, $1.50 a dozen, two proofs, finest finish. Aristo.

Also Parsons' $8 Aristo Cabinets. Best on earth.

PARSONS,
The Leading Photographer of St. Louis,
1407 Market st.

THE POST-DISPATCH receives advertisements for its Sunday issue, WANTS as well as DISPLAY, any day in the week to suit the convenience of its patrons, with the assurance they will be properly inserted.

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

1303 PINE ST.—10 rooms; all conveniences; will rent at a low figure.
14 NICHOLLS-RITTER, 713 Chestnut st.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

FOR RENT—OLIVE ST. OFFICES.

Elegant front rooms on 2d floor, 702 and 704 Olive st.; cheap rent. CORNET & ZEIBIG,
17 111 N. 7th st.

4 RENT.

Office Rooms, Cheap.

712 Pine st., 2d floor, corner of alley, two elegant rooms, $35.

722 Pine st., corner 8th st., second floor, two large rooms; undoubtedly the choicest office rooms in the city; reduced to $45.

RUTLEDGE & KILPATRICK,
17 717 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT—CHEAP.

A good store, 20x60; location for any business A1. 610 Vandeventer av. G. B. Morgan, 411 Commercial Building. 17

IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE

FOR SALE—$4,000 will buy 2 good six-room brick houses near new Union Depot.
7 GAY & McCANN, 922 Pine st.

BARGAINS.

8-room house in West End suitable for 2 families; nice neighborhood; convenient to street-cars; price, $2,700; $1,200 cash; balance in 4 years.

4-room brick house on Leduc st. west of Marcus av.; lot 25x240 feet; price, $2,200.

Elegant lot on Leduc st., near Marcus av.; 71x240 feet; price, $25 per foot.
7 JOHN J. GRUCHY, 708 Chestnut st.

Our SATURDAY List

WE ARE GOING TO SELL THESE HOUSES

WE WANT OFFERS.

4217 and 4219 Washington Av.

Two of the best built houses and prettiest houses for the money in the city. They are located on one of the choicest boulevards of the city, are detached, have 13-inch walls throughout and modern in every respect. IF YOU DON'T WANT BOTH OF THEM WE WILL SELL YOU ONE.

4347 Washington Av.

New 10-room house, modern, beautifully decorated; lot 35x150.

4407 Washington Av.

New, 11 rooms, handsomely decorated, stable and side driveway, every convenience; lot 40x150.

4433 Washington Av.

New, 10 rooms; one of the prettiest little houses in the city; front and side entrance.

4420 West Belle Place.

New 9-room house; modern in every respect; beautifully finished inside; at bargain.

3816 Westminster Place.

Lovely new 11-room house, detached, modern; no better location in the city; convenient to everything. Will not be in the market long.

Washington Boulevard.

An elegant new 13-room house, finished in the finest style; 13-inch walls throughout; built for owner's own use under supervision of one of the best known architects in the city; can sell with 50, 60 or 100 feet; lot is 243 feet deep; at a sacrifice.

3892 and 3894 Delmar Boulevard.

Two new 9-room detached houses, modern in every respect, choice location; easy monthly payments.

518 Newstead Av.

Between Washington av. and Olive st., new 9-room house, only $7,000, on monthly payments; will exchange for improved or unimproved property.

Laclede Av., West of Boyle.

New detached 9-room house, $7,000, and on monthly payments; will exchange for improved or unimproved property.

4527 West Morgan Street.

Eight rooms; lot 30x150; just a cozy little home.

If you want to buy a home now is the time; do not wait until the prices advance; they are at bed-rock now.

We have a number of bargains in West End residence lots.

NICHOLLS-RITTER
Realty and Financial Co.,
Phone 885. (7) 713 Chestnut St.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE.

MONEY to loan on city real estate in sums to suit; terms satisfactory to borrowers; established 39 years. JOHN MAGUIRE & CO.,
31 107 N. 8th st.

MONEY TO LOAN

on St. Louis real estate; lowest rates of interest; sums to suit. CAVENDER & THOMPSON,
31 706 Pine st.

MONEY TO LOAN

On good St. Louis City Real Estate in sums to suit at lowest rates.

RUTLEDGE & KILPATRICK,
31 717 Chestnut St.

MONEY TO LOAN

$2,000, $4,000 and $5,000 on City or County Property at 6 per cent.

GOESSLING & NOLTE,
Real Estate Agents,
Phone 2922. 3231 N. Broadway.

Superior to Copaiba, — Cubebs, Injections

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A Cure in 48 Hours

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.



SAFE, always reliable. LADIES, ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. [illegible]

THE POST-DISPATCH BRANCH OFFICES.

At the following LOCATIONS BRANCH OFFICES have been established, where WANT ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS will be received and where the PAPER is kept for sale:

CENTRAL.

Clark av.—Cor. 14th .... G. H. Scheel
Clark av.—2136 .... Chas. P. Ochsner
Franklin av.—1600 .... C. Klipstein
Franklin av.—1737 .... H. A. Kattelman
Jefferson av.—300 S. .... A. H. Schulte
Jefferson and Market st .... H. D. Rohlfing
Lucas av.—1700 .... W. S. Fleming
Olive st.—1400 .... S. Riley
Olive st.—2001 .... J. S. Proctor
Washington av.—1328 ... McFarland's Pharmacy
Washington av.—2338 .... T. S. Glenn

NORTHWEST.

Benton st.—1501 .... Koch & Kempff
Benton st.—N. W. Cor. 22d .... John A. Fritz
Benton st.—2572 .... A. H. Vordick
Biddle and High sts .... Koch & Kempff
Biddle st.—1600 .... A. Friedberg & Co
Biddle st.—N. w. cor. 20th .... Alex J. Temm
Broadway—1751 N .... B. J. Ludwig
Broadway—2001 N .... O. D'Amour
Broadway—3625 N .... W. C. Waldeck
Broadway—4101 N .... W. J. Kohrumel
Broadway—4830 N .... C. W. G. E. Bachman
Brooklyn—1100 .... A. J. Engel
Carr st.—1328 .... Lion Drug Store
Carr st.—2201 .... Crawley's Pharmacy
Cass av.—1000 .... Cass Avenue Pharmacy
Cass av.—1627 .... A. A. Link
Cass av.—Cor. 23d .... H. W. Strathmann
Cass av.—Cor. Jefferson .... W. A. Holscher
Cass av. and Bacon st .... F. C. Herkert
Chambers and 15th sts .... C. W. Smith
Cottage and Warne avs .... J. X. Geisler
Dodier st.—2248 .... F. B. Vogt
Easton av. 3180 .... F. C. Pauley
Easton av. 4161 .... Fisher & Co
Easton av. 4252 .... E. H. Voepel
Easton av.—4900 .... H. O. Koenig
Easton av. 4966 .... G. P. Mulhall
Eleventh st.—3701 N .... T. H. Wurmb
Eleventh st.—4201 N .... H. W. Barkhoefer
East Grand av. 1923 .... T. H. Wurmb
Gamble st.—2631 .... A. Braun
Garrison and Cass .... Gill Bros
Grand av.—1460 N .... F. Sohn & Co
Grand av.—1927 N .... W. D. Temm
Grand av.—3631 N .... A. J. Hoenny
Grand av.—4048 N .... Wm. Craemer
Kossuth av.—3903 .... L. W. O. Renke
Madison and 14th st .... Pauley's
Madison and 19th sts .... B. J. Ludwig
Marcus and Greer avs .... J. A. Pfunder
Ninth st.—2625 N .... O. Claus
N. Market and 14th sts .... A. P. Gest
O'Fallon and 10th sts .... T. T. McAuliffe
St. Louis av.—1948 .... Gustavus Koch
St. Louis av. and 25th st .... J. H. Sewing
St. Louis av.—2858 .... Carey Bros. Drug Co
Taylor av.—1827 .... G. H. Wagner

WEST END.

Bayard av. and Suburban Ry .... C. Aldenhoven
Boyle av. and Old Manchester .... Lehman Bros
Cabanne .... Arcade Drug Store
Clayton av.—4340 .... H. P. Roller
Chestnut st.—3201 .... F. H. Swift
Chestnut st.—2601 .... F. L. Pickett
Compton av.—200 S .... J. F. Cummings
Delmar and Taylor avs .... E. M. Pirner
Finney av.—4069 .... Gatewood & Haagen
Finney and Taylor avs .... Taylor Av. Pharmacy
Franklin av.—2605 .... Temm's Pharmacy
Grand av.—1001 N .... Pauley's Drug Store
Grand and Finney avs .... Clinton Pharmacy

[illegible] .... D. A. [illegible]
[illegible] .... Charles C. [illegible]
[illegible] .... St. Louis Pharmacy
Manchester rd.—[illegible] .... E. E. Martin
Manchester and Thorn[illegible] .... Crusius
Maple and Hamilton avs .... C. J. Hasbargh
Morgan st.—[illegible] .... W. Ross Harris
Morgan st.—2746 .... Schneider's Pharmacy
Olive st.—3100 .... Olive Pharmacy Co
Olive st.—3201 .... Louis Schurk
Olive st.—3342 .... E. H. Newland
Olive st.—3500 .... Adam B. Roth
Olive st.—3718 .... W. R. Grant
Olive st.—4101 .... E. N. Harris
Olive and Grand av .... Thomas Halpin
Old Manchester rd. and Hackland av., ... Schreier's Drug Store
Page av.—3750 .... H. O. Brenner
Pendleton av.—927 .... R. S. Overton
Vandeventer and Morgan .... C. F. Ruesch
Vandeventer and Cook avs .... Lyda & Reed
Vandeventer and Finney avs .... A. H. Sippy
Washington av.—2800 .... J. Weiner
Washington av.—3901 .... J. E. Hilby

SOUTHWEST.

Arsenal st.—1961 .... R. R. Kettenbach
Broadway—1532 S .... S. Broadway Pharmacy
Broadway—1800 S .... O. F. Heitmeyer
Broadway—2000 S .... Irwin J. Kosberlin
Broadway—2318 S .... Chas. Renner, Jr.
Broadway—2618 S .... E. S. Geisler
Broadway—3624 S .... H. W. Clausen
Broadway—2919 S .... South Side Pharmacy
Broadway—3907 S .... F. Hemm
California and Russell avs .... J. P. Methudy
California av. & Cherokee st .... Carey Bros. Drug Co
Chouteau av.—700 .... Henry Braun
Chouteau av.—1500 .... T. F. Hagenow
Chouteau av. and Grattan st .... Chr. Schaefer & Son
Chouteau av.—1801 .... H. F. A. Spilker
Chouteau av.—2200 .... H. F. Helwig
Chouteau av., cor. Jefferson .... Otto Traubel
Chouteau av.—2738 .... Friedewald's Pharmacy
Chouteau av.—2837 .... W. E. Krueger
Eighth st.—1701 S .... Albert J. Funsch
Fourth st.—1128 S .... Jacob Freiss
Gravois st.—1948 .... Henry Fisher
Gravois st.—2711 .... B. C. Nieman
Gravois st.—2946 .... B. Jost
Hickory st.—800 .... E. A. Sennewald & Co
Hickory st.—1100 .... Lohrman & Mynders
Jefferson av.—2127 S .... Berg's Pharmacy
Jefferson av.—3408 S .... Theo. Boody
Jefferson av.—3601 S .... Fred'k J. Meyer
Jefferson and Gravois avs .... H. Pockels
Lafayette av.—1800 .... Philip Kaut
Lafayette av.—2601 .... Paul M. Nake
Lafayette av.—2822 .... Compton Hill Pharmacy
Menard—1434 .... G. Weinsberg
Menard—2358 .... A. C. Beadel
Park av.—1937 .... G. H. Andreas
Park av.—2600 .... J. T. Feager
Sidney st.—1956 .... C. H. Zahn
Salina st.—2870 .... A. P. Kaltwasser
St. Ange av.—1400 .... R. H. Gaertner

CARONDELET.

Broadway—7618 S .... A. Knorr
Broadway—7631 S .... L. F. Waibel
Michigan and Ivory av .... Benno Bribach

SUBURBAN.

WELLSTON.
Wellston Pharmacy .... Frederick A. Moses

DE HODIAMONT.
W. E. Elliott.

FERGUSON.
Ferguson Pharmacy .... L. B. Yancey

EAST ST. LOUIS.
Collinsville and Missouri av .... O. F. Kresse
Missouri av.—501 .... Heller & Traubel

BELLEVILLE, ILL.
Main and High sts .... Geo. H. Stolburg

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Trains Running Into the Union Depot—St. Louis Time.

*Except Sundays. †Daily. ‖Except Saturday. ‡Except Monday. ¶Monday. §Sunday.

BURLINGTON ROUTE.

Burlington Route.

Through trains to Kansas City, St. Joseph, Lincoln and Denver, with Pullman Sleepers and Free Chair Cars. Through trains to St. Paul and Minneapolis, with Pullman Sleepers and elegant Dining Cars.

BURLINGTON ROUTE—C., B. & Q. R. R.	Depart.	Arrive.
Rock Island, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Peoria, La Crosse and Dubuque Express	† 8:35 am	† 5:30 pm
Rock Island, Dubuque, Galesburg, Peoria, St. Paul and Minneapolis Express	† 8:20 pm	† 7:20 am

BURLINGTON ROUTE—ST. L., K. & N. W. R. R.		
Minneapolis, St. Paul, Omaha, Cedar Rapids Express	†11:40 am	† 3:45 pm
Denver, Lincoln, Omaha, Leavenworth, Kansas City and California Express	† 8:45 pm	† 7:20 am
Hannibal, St. Paul and Minneapolis, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington Night Express	† 7:50 pm	† 7:10 am
Hannibal, Kansas City, Leavenworth, Atchison and St. Joseph Day Express	† 7:40 am	† 7:15 pm
Fast Mail, Louisiana, Hannibal, Quincy and Burlington	† 2:30 am	....
Local passenger from Quincy	....	† 1:00 pm
Texas Ex. via M., K. & T. to Sedalia, Ft. Scott, Denison, Dallas and Houston, Houston and Galveston	† 8:45 pm	† 7:10 am
	† 7:40 am	† 7:15 pm

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RAILWAY—"BIG FOUR ROUTE."		
Day Express	* 7:10 am	* 5:45 pm
Southwestern Limited	† 8:05 am	† 7:30 pm
Alton Express	*10:40 am	* 7:30 pm
Alton Express		§10:20 am
Mattoon, Jerseyville & Springfield Accommodation	† 4:20 pm	† 1:30 pm
Alton Express	* 5:55 pm	* 1:30 pm
Boston, New York & Cincinnati Express	† 7:45 pm	* 7:45 am

CAIRO SHORT LINE, ST. L., A. & T. H. R. R. CO.		
New Orleans and Cairo "Fast Mail"	† 7:40 am	† 6:45 pm
Paducah, Metropolis and Murphysboro Express	† 7:40 am	† 6:45 pm
Memphis and Cairo Fast Line	† 7:30 pm	† 7:30 am
New Orleans Limited	† 7:30 pm	*11:50 am
Parker City, Creal Springs & Cape Girardeau Express	‡ 7:40 am	*11:50 am
Sparta Express	* 7:40 am	* 7:30 am
Sparta, Chester and Murphysboro Express	* 4:25 pm	*11:50 am
Sparta and Chester Express	* 7:40 am	* 6:45 pm
Cairo, Carbondale and Parker City Express	* 4:25 pm	*11:50 am

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD.		
Southern Fast Mail	† 7:50 am	† 7:20 pm
Belleville Accommodation	*10:45 am	* 1:25 pm
Mt. Vernon Accommodation	* 5:00 pm	* 9:10 am
Southern Fast Line	† 7:35 pm	† 7:20 am

ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY.		
Valley Park Accommodation	* 7:00 am	* 6:45 am
Valley Park Accommodation	* 8:00 am	* 7:40 am
Kansas & Colorado Mail	† 8:25 am	† 6:30 pm
Arkansas & Texas Vestibuled	† 8:25 am	† 6:30 pm
Valley Park Accommodation	* 9:00 am	†10:30 am
Valley Park Accommodation	* 1:00 pm	* 1:25 pm
Valley Park Accommodation	* 2:00 pm	* 4:00 pm
Pacific Accommodation	* 5:25 pm	* 8:35 am
Valley Park Accommodation	* 6:30 pm	* 6:00 pm
Col. & Cal. Express	† 8:30 pm	† 6:50 am
Ark. & Texas Express	† 8:30 pm	† 6:50 am

VANDALIA LINE.

Trains No. 20 and No. 21	† 8:10 am	† 7:30 pm
Day Express	† 8:40 am	† 7:20 pm
Indianapolis Accommodation	*11:25 am	† 5:00 pm
N. Y., Balt. & Wash. Express	† 9:00 pm	† 7:00 am
Chicago Day Express	† 8:10 am	
Chicago Day Express		† 7:20 pm
Chicago Diamond Special	† 9:10 pm	† 7:30 am
Cincinnati Day Express	† 8:10 am	† 7:20 pm
Cincinnati Night Express	† 8:00 pm	† 7:00 am
Effingham Accommodation	* 5:30 pm	† 8:15 am

Wabash Line

LINES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

Chicago Local Express	† 7:30 am	† 8:00 pm
Chicago Fast Express	† 9:00 am	† 6:30 pm
Toledo, Detroit & New York Fast Express	† 7:30 am	† 8:00 pm
Decatur Accommodation	* 4:50 pm	*10:35 am
Toledo, Detroit, New York Vestibule Limited	† 7:00 pm	† 7:35 am
Chicago Vestibule Limited	† 8:30 pm	† 7:30 am

LINES WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

Kansas City Mail and Express	† 8:30 am	† 6:25 pm
Kansas City, Ottumwa	* 9:00 am	* 6:10 pm
Montgomery Accommodation	* 4:30 pm	*11:00 am
Omaha, DesMoines & St. Paul Express	† 8:25 pm	* 7:30 am
Kansas City Fast Express	† 8:35 pm	† 7:00 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 7:30 am	* 5:35 pm
Ferguson Accommodation	† 1:00 pm	† 8:50 am
Ferguson Accommodation	† 1:00 pm	† 3:50 pm
Graham Accommodation	* 6:25 pm	* 7:15 am
Ferguson (Thursday only)	11:30 pm	7:45 pm
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	1:00 pm	10:30 am
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	4:00 pm	3:05 pm

FROM FRANKLIN AVENUE STATION.

Bridgeton Accommodation	* 6:50 am	* 8:45 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 8:50 am	* 6:40 am
Ferguson Accommodation	*10:45 am	*10:30 am
Ferguson Accommodation	† 1:35 pm	* 1:30 pm
Bridgeton Accommodation	* 4:10 pm	* 3:00 pm
St. Charles Accommodation	* 5:40 pm	* 8:00 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 6:20 pm	* 6:10 pm
Ferguson (Fri. and Sat. only)	11:30 pm	7:30 pm
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	8:55 am	8:45 am
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	1:35 pm	10:25 am
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	2:45 pm	2:30 pm
[illegible]	5:45 pm	5:35 pm

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY		
Dallas, Ft. Worth, Houston and Galveston Express	† 7:40 a m	† 7:15 p m
Dallas, Ft. Worth, Austin and San Antonio Express	† 8:45 p m	† 7:10 a m

OHIO & MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY.		
Cincinnati & Louisville Accom	* 7:20 a m	* 6:50 p m
Cin., Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phila. and New York	† 8:00 a m	† 6:00 p m
Cincinnati, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phil. and New York	† 8:05 p m	† 7:15 a m
Vincennes Accomodation	* 5:50 p m	* 8:30 a m

ST. LOUIS & EASTERN RAILWAY. From Dickson and Collins Street Station.		
Glen Carbon Accommodation	8:20 am	4:50 pm
Marine Accommodation	4:20 pm	8:10 am

ST. LOUIS, KANSAS CITY & COLORADO R. R.		
Union Accommodation	* 6:00 am	* 6:00 pm
Creve Cœur Accommodation	* 9:20 am	* 1:40 pm
Union Express	* 4:50 pm	* 8:20 am
Creve Cœur Accommodation		§ 4:30 pm

ST. LOUIS & HANNIBAL RAILROAD.		
Mail and Express	* 8:30 am	*11:00 am
Mail and Express	* 4:30 pm	* 6:25 pm

CLOVER LEAF ROUTE.		
Mail and Express	* 7:35 am	* 6:15 pm
Toledo Night Express	† 6:55 pm	† 7:58 am

ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO & ST. PAUL RAILROAD. (Bluff Line—via Big Four.)		
Grafton and Elsah		
Grafton and Elsah	† 5:55 pm	†10:30 am
Springfield, Jerseyville, etc		† 1:30 pm
Springfield, Jerseyville, etc	† 4:20 pm	

ST. LOUIS, ALTON & SPRINGFIELD R. R. (Bluff Line—via Big Four.)		
Elsah, Piasa Bluffs & Grafton Express	†10:40 am	† 5:45 pm
Jerseyville & Springfield Exp	† 4:20 pm	† 1:30 pm
Piasa Bluffs Special	† 5:55 pm	†10:30 am

IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE.

Columbus Accommodation	† 7:57 am	† 6:45 pm
Little Rock, Hot Springs, Dallas and Ft. Worth Express	† 9:20 am	† 6:10 pm
Memphis Express	† 8:30 pm	† 7:15 am
Texas Special to Hot Springs, Dallas, Galveston, San Antonio, New Orleans and City of Mexico	† 8:20 pm	† 7:25 am
El Paso & California Express	† 9:30 pm	† 6:15 am

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Fast Mail	† 3:00 am	....
Local Express	† 7:55 am	† 6:00 pm
Kansas City, Omaha, Lincoln and Southern Kansas Exp	† 9:00 am	† 6:25 pm
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Omaha & So. Kan. & Col. Fast Line	† 8:20 pm	† 6:55 am
Kansas City and Colorado Express	....	† 7:15 am

Missouri Pacific Locals.
Washington Accommodation
Leaves *5:25 pm., arrives *8:00 am.
Kirkwood Accommodation leave
*6:45, *8:00, †9:50, *11:50 am., *1:25, *3:15, *4:10, †5:50, *6:20, *6:30, *8:45, *10:30, *11:30 pm.
Sundays Only, Leave
7:30 am., 1:00 pm., 9:45 pm.
Kirkwood Accommodation Arrive
*6:30, *7:35, *8:40, *9:50 am, *12:35, *1:50, †3:10, *5:10, †5:55, †7:40, *8:20, *9:45, *10:40 pm.
Sundays Only, Arrive
9:05 am, 10:25 am.
Oak Hill Accommodation Leave
*6:20, †8:05, †10:00, *11:55 am, †3:00, *4:45, †6:15, †11:35 pm. Sunday only leave 1:15 pm.
Oak Hill Accommodation Arrive
6:35, †8:20, †10:30, *11:55 am, †1:30, †5:35, †7:00, 7:45 pm.
Creve Cœur Lake.
Leave—†6:00 am, †9:30 am, †4:25 pm.
Arrive—†8:15 am, †12:40 pm, †7:10 pm.

JACKSONVILLE SOUTHEASTERN LINE.		
Peoria and Jacksonville Ex	† 7:45 am	† 7:40 pm
Jacksonville and Litchfield Ac	† 4:45 pm	†11:10 am

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD (Chicago Line).		
Chicago Day Express, daily	† 8:10 am	
Chicago Day Express		* 7:20 pm
Chicago Diamond Special, d'ly	† 9:10 pm	† 7:30 am

MOBILE & OHIO RAILROAD.		
New Orleans Express	† 8:35 pm	† 7:05 am
Mobile & Florida Express	† 8:35 pm	† 7:05 am
Cairo, Sparta, Chester, Murphysboro & Cape Girardeau and Jackson Express	† 7:05 am	† 6:55 pm
Murphysboro, Sparta, Chester and Cape Girardeau Accom	* 4:30 pm	*12:10 pm

CHICAGO & ALTON RAILROAD.		
Chicago Limited	† 8:45 am	† 7:15 pm
Chicago "Palace Express"	† 8:55 pm	† 7:10 am
Chicago Day Local Express	† 7:55 am	† 7:35 pm
Chicago Night Local Express	† 6:40 pm	†10:20 am
Kansas City Vestibuled Limited	† 8:40 pm	† 6:55 am
Kansas City Day Express	† 8:30 am	† 7:00 pm
Jacksonville Accommodation	* 5:48 pm	*11:00 am
Alton Express	*10:00 am	* 6:10 am
Alton Express	* 2:00 pm	* 1:35 pm

ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN RAILWAY.		
Cotton Belt Express	† 7:57 am	† 6:46 pm
St. Louis and Waco Express	† 9:30 pm	† 6:15 pm

LOUISVILLE, EVANSVILLE & ST. LOUIS CONSOLIDATED RAILROAD (AIR LINE.)		
Louisville Vestibule	† 8:20 am	† [illegible] am
Belleville Accommodation	* [illegible] am	* [illegible] am
Belleville Accommodation	* [illegible] am	[illegible] am
Belleville Accommodation	....	* [illegible] pm
Belleville Accommodation	*11:[illegible] am	* [illegible] pm
East St. Louis Jockey Club	[illegible] pm	....
Belleville Accommodation	[illegible] pm	[illegible] pm
Belleville Accommodation	[illegible] pm	....
Belleville Accommodation	[illegible]	[illegible] pm
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

[illegible]ALL CROSSINGS

[Str]eet Railway Companies Must Keep Private Watchmen.

PROVISIONS OF A BILL WHICH HAS PASSED THE HOUSE.

It Is Claimed That the Measure Would Cost the Corporations $219,000 a Year—Belief That the Bill Will Be Killed in the Council—Legality of the Measure.

The House of Delegates passed a bill last night to compel all street railway companies in the city to station watchmen at all street intersections in the city where two or more lines cross each other at these points.

The bill was introduced some time ago by Delegate Henry Henning and when it was referred to the committee there was some talk of amending it so as to limit the watchmen to the down-town and more thickly settled districts, but this idea was abandoned and the bill passed as originally written.

It provides that these watchmen are to be at their posts from 6 o'clock a. m. until 8 p. m. and that the wages shall be paid pro rata by the companies whose lines cross each other at the intersecting streets.

A failure to comply with the terms of the ordinance is made a misdemeanor payable by a fine of $50 per day for each and every day the ordinance is violated.

Delegate Henning, who fathered the bill, said this morning he had introduced it because there had become an urgent necessity for a law of the kind since the introduction of rapid transit. He thought it a necessary safeguard for the public and many lives would be saved and accidents averted by its enforcement.

"How many watchmen do you estimate will have to be employed?"

"Between three and four hundred."

"Do you think they would be needed in the extreme western section of the city where two lines intersect?"

"Not so much so as at down town crossings. Yet it must be taken into consideration that it is on the outskirts of the thickly settled part of the city that the cars run the fastest, and many accidents have resulted from it. I think the railroad companies would more than save the amount paid to watchmen in the great decrease of damage suits which are brought against them. More than 90 per cent of these occur at street crossings. I hope the Council will pass the bill."

THE LEGAL ASPECT.

City Counselor Marshall was asked if the railway companies could be compelled to place watchmen at all these intersections. He replied that these matters of regulations for public safety and protection are always subject to judicial determination.

"The railway companies can raise the point that it is unreasonable for the city to demand a watchman at every such crossing provided for in the bill, and it is for the courts to determine this. No such injunction is placed on them in their original franchises and in the event of the proposed bill becoming a law the railroad companies would undoubtedly have a right to take the matter into the courts."

Mr. Charles H. Turner, President of the St. Louis & Suburban road, when asked about the prospects of the bill becoming a law said:

"It is folly to attempt to coerce the railway companies into such measures. There is no necessity for such a law. Let street railroad managers make their motorneers more careful and there will be fewer accidents. It is to the carelessness of the men that two-thirds of the collisions and accidents are attributable. In some instances it is the fault of pedestrians and the drivers of vehicles that they are run down. Pedestrians should look out for themselves; they can more easily handle themselves than a man can a heavy motor or grip car. Watchmen at the corners would not prevent these accidents."

Mr. Turner went on to say that there had been very few accidents of any importance on the Suburban Line. The reason of it was he made it a rule to discharge the motorman in the event of a collision.

"This is done every time," said Mr. Turner, "whether the motorman caused the collision or not. It may be his misfortune sometimes, but we can't help that. The rule operates to make the men careful."

COST TO THE COMPANIES.

"What would it cost you for watchmen if the bill became a law?"

"We have comparatively few crossings, but think of the expense to the Lindell and Union Depot systems. It would be terrific."

Mr. Turner then calculated that it would cost his road about $7,000 a year.

"At most of our crossings we need no watchman, and I do not think we can be forced to have them."

If Mr. Henning's figures are correct and 400 watchmen would be required at $1.50 per day this would mean an expense to the street railway companies of the city of $219,000 per year.

The companies will probably look after the bill in the Council.

Bright New Pennies Fresh from the mint, for sale in any quantity at the counting-room of the POST-DISPATCH.

Marriage Licenses.

Walter E. Turner	New York, N. Y
Bessie E. Harris	Allenton, Mo
Peter Hartmann	630 Lynch st
Aslina Hattwigg	630 Lynch st
Ignaz Garneski	2011 Division st
Konstantine Plosik	1306 Montgomery st
George Wilkins	1545 S. 2d st
Eva Perkins	1545 S. 2d st
Otto N. Diehl	2624 Franklin av
Lulu W. Buddensick	2218 Franklin av
John W. Wells	Danville, Mo
Virginia Coombs	Pittsburg, Pa

Pure 18-Kt Gold Wedding Rings, Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., Cor. Broadway and Locust St.

Railroad Notes.

J. J. Kress was to-day appointed superintendent of car service of the St. Louis Southeastern Railway Co., vice Day Mills, resigned. On account of Mr. Kress being transferred the office of trainmaster of the Arkansas division has been abolished.

The Terre Haute & Indianapolis Railroad Co. has declared a semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent.

Vice-President and General Manager Peabody of the B. & O. S. W. is in the city.

The Iron Mountain changes its time to-morrow. It will also to-morrow commence the running of its solid vestibule trains from St. Louis to Hot Springs.

The Western Trunk Lines Freight Committee continues in session at the Southern, worrying along with the tonnage distribution question.

J. P. Dearing of the Michigan Central has been elected President of the American Association of Baggagemen. The Association will hold its next meeting at Montreal, Canada.

The Mobile & Ohio and Cairo Short Line have issued handsome sheets announcing rates to New Orleans on account of the Mardi Gras festivities, Feb. 5-6. Tickets on sale from Jan. 29 to Feb. 4 with a final return limit Feb. 28.

The Commissioner of the Southern Passenger Association has boycotted the Knoxville, Cumberland Gap & Louisville, South Atlantic & Ohio and Morristown & Cumberland Gap Railways, these roads having violated the rules and regulations of the association by cutting rates.

There will be a meeting of the General Passenger Agents of interested lines held in Kansas City Monday to adjust if possible the demoralization in Colorado rates. Since two of the transcontinental lines have withdrawn from the association a general demoralization of Colorado east-bound rates has existed.

General Passenger Agent James Barker of the M., K. & T., returned this morning from Chicago. General Traffic Manager D. Miller leaves this evening for Texas. Rate Compiler T. Swan will return from the South in the morning.

General Freight Agent R. M. Fraser of the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern has returned to headquarters from Chicago.

ABOUT TOWN.

A HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—James Henton of Mount Carmel, Ill., was knocked down by two men at Sixth and Spruce streets last night and robbed of $75.

FOR ROBBING LIEUT. GOV. O'MEARA.—Fred Backney and Houston Harrison were arrested yesterday on suspicion of having stolen two sets of double harness from Lieut.-Gov. John B. O'Meara's stable in the rear of his residence, 2305 St. Louis avenue.

AN ALLEGED HORSETHIEF.—George Telbrook was locked up in the O'Fallen Park Police Station last night on a charge of having stolen a horse from Albert Meshlevosky of 1003 Market street.

WILL TREAT THE POOR FREE.—Mrs. Katherine F. Stone of 3336 Washington avenue will give free massage treatment to women and children afflicted with paralysis and muscular deformity who are unable to pay for it.

THE DRUGGISTS' BALL.—The druggists' ball, which will be given this evening at Liederkranz Hall, by the alumni of the St. Louis College of Pharmacy, promises to be a brilliant affair. The proceeds go to the college.

AN EXPRESS DRIVER'S ARREST.—Lafayette Grace was arrested at his parents' home on Olive street last night by Officer Finan on a warrant for embezzlement sworn out by the Knost Express and Messenger Co. He was employed as a driver and, it is alleged, on July 18 he appropriated to his own use a package containing $31 and fled to Chicago.

WALKED THROUGH A WINDOW.—A blind horse attached to a coal wagon, which had been left unfastened by his owner, George Brown, at Eleventh and Morgan streets, yesterday afternoon, walked into the plate glass door of a store at 1102 Morgan street. The damage amounted to $25, and Brown was arrested for not tying his horse.

HUMANE SOCIETY'S REPORT.—During the week ending Jan. 19, the Humane Society of Missouri has investigated the following cases: Beating and whipping, 4; driving lame animals, 17; cases prosecuted, 2; animals killed, being unfit for further use, 3.

OFFICE MEN'S CLUB.—The Office Men's Club will meet in its rooms, 3022 Olive street, Tuesday, Jan. 23, to vote on the following approved applications: Thurston W. Lane, Edwin J. Maskey, J. M. Cavins, B. M. Young, C. W. Bright, Albert A. Marquardt.

ST. JOSEPH'S LYCEUM ENTERTAINMENT.—A dramatic and musical entertainment will be given by St. Joseph's Lyceum and Philharmonic Trio clubs Sunday, Jan. 21, for the benefit of improvements to be made in St. Joseph's School Hall.

TOBACCO STOLEN.—A lot of tobacco and cigarettes, valued at $15, was stolen from Louis Bunk's saloon at 1200 Biddle street last night. Entrance was effected by breaking a pane of glass in the front door.

HIS HAND LACERATED.—Wm. C. Stephen of 2708 Locust street while working this morning upon the erection of an elevator in the Martin Building, at Tenth street and Washington avenue, had his hand badly lacerated and one finger torn off. He was attended to at the dispensary and sent home.

INSTALLED OFFICERS.—The St. Louis Lodge, O. R. P., has installed the following officers: President, Ike Jaques; Vice-President, Louis Magnus; Secretary, J. D. Alexander; Treasurer, H. M. Smit; Chaplain, Mrs. Mary Woolley; Conductor, Alex de Vriess; Guard, William Wolfheim; Trustees, Z. Adler, William Zepperfield and Louis Magnus.

INSTALLED OFFICERS.—The Hassendeubel W. R. C., No. 19, have installed the following officers for the ensuing year: Mrs. Hermina Knoll, President; Eva Flingle, Senior Vice-President; Elmira Otto, Junior Vice-President; Mrs. Mary A. Andrew, Secretary; Mrs. Anna Braedicow, Treasurer; Lizzie Muller, Chaplain; Anna Pape, Conductor; Mrs. Koenig, Guard; Dinah Trienan, Assistant Conductor; Sarah Mumsay, Assistant Guard.

N. O. NELSON'S LECTURE.—The lecture on "The Period of Discovery in American History" by N. O. Nelson at the Self-Culture Club Thursday evening, was greatly enjoyed by those present. The talk was illustrated by stereopticon views. The Self-Culture Club meets at 2004½ South Broadway every Tuesday evening to discuss questions of the day. All wage-earners are invited to attend the debates and to make use of the reading rooms which are open every day.

A CANNON CRACKER EXPLODED.—No little excitement was created among the members of the House of Delegates last night about 7:20 o'clock by the explosion of a cannon cracker in the hall just outside of Clerk Barrett's office. It was probably the work of the same wag who fired the imagination of a reporter of an afternoon paper, which published a sensational account of alleged threats to assassinate the Mayor and blow up the barn.

THE FREE LIBRARY DISPUTE.—The subcommittees of the School Board and free library are meeting in executive session this afternoon to discuss the library question. The committees are at loggerheads on the issue, the School Board members declaring that the library will be maintained by them if by nobody else, even if a reduction of $6,000 per annum on appropriations is necessary. The Free Library Committee declares itself in favor of an independent library if the present situation does not change. Their refusal to purchase the fixtures at present in use in the library from the School Board and to pay a large annual rental has caused the tie-up.

DEATHS.

Marriage, Birth and Death Notices,

When inserted in the POST-DISPATCH, will be telegraphed to the

NEW YORK WORLD

for insertion in that journal, without extra charge, when so requested.

FLYNN—On Jan. 19, at 6 p. m., JOHN KENDRICK FLYNN, beloved son of William and Mary Flynn, nee Crowley, aged 2 years 2 months.

Funeral from family residence, 2710 Bernard street, on Sunday, Jan. 21, at 2 p. m. to Calvary Cemetery.

HIGGINS—On Thursday, Jan. 18, 1894, at 11 o'clock p. m., MICHAEL HIGGINS, father of John J., Wm. F. and Mary A. Higgins, nee McWay.

The funeral will take place Sunday, 21st inst., at 1:30 o'clock p. m., from his late residence, No. 4726 Easton avenue, to the Church of the Visitation, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends and relatives are invited to attend.

HUDSON—On Jan. 20, at 6 a. m., at residence of her sister, Mrs. M. C. Larkin, ELIZA B. HUDSON, relict of the late Capt. Thos. B. Hudson, age 69 years.

Funeral 10 a. m., Jan. 22, from St. Xavier's (college) Church. Interment private.

HUGGINS—On Friday, Jan. 19, 1894, at 2:30 o'clock a. m., SARAH HUGGINS, beloved wife of Thomas Huggins, aged 71 years 8 months 21 days.

The funeral will take place Monday, 22d inst., at 9 o'clock a. m., from family residence, Wagner and Emmet avenues, St. Louis County, to St. Rose's Church, thence to St. Ann's Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend. Carriages will leave Cullen & Kelly's promptly at 8 o'clock a. m.

RODDY—On Friday, Jan. 19, 1894, at 2 o'clock p. m., KATE M. RODDY, beloved sister of Patrick Roddy and the late Rose Roddy.

The funeral will take place Monday, 22d inst., at 9 o'clock a. m. from the family residence, 3765 Cook avenue, to St. Alphonsus Rock Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

SCHOENHOLZ—Friday, Jan. 19, at 5 p. m., LENA SCHOENHOLZ, nee Knoblauch, aged 29 years and 19 days, dear wife of Anton M. Schoenholz.

Funeral Sunday, Jan. 21, at 2 p. m., from residence, 824 Geyer avenue.

SCHWEICKHARDT—Saturday, 6 a. m., J. D. SCHWEICKHARDT, beloved husband of Louisa and father of Richard and Ferdinand Schweickhardt, aged 55 years.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

Rochester (N. Y.) and Dallas (Tex.) papers please copy.

TOBIN—On Jan. 19, at 10:30 a. m., MARY TOBIN, beloved wife of Joseph Tobin, aged 50 years, mother of GEO. TOBIN, JOSEPH TOBIN, EDWARD TOBIN, MARY TOBIN, MRS. ANNIE CRANE, nee Tobin.

Funeral on Sunday, Jan. 21, at 2 p. m., from family residence, 1453 Cass avenue, to St. Lawrence O'Toole's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

Houston (Tex.) papers please copy.

VAN GUNDY—On Jan. 19, 1894, JEFF VAN GUNDY, aged 57 years.

Funeral will take place Sunday, Jan. 21, at 2 o'clock p. m., from the residence of his brother-in-law, Judge Wm. F. Pfister, Creve Cœur, St. Louis Co., Mo., to Mt Zion Church and Cemetery, Ballas and Olive street roads. Friends are invited to attend.

Cincinnati (O.) and Deer Lodge and Butte City (Mont.) papers please copy.

WELLS—On Saturday, Jan. 20, at 5:10 a. m., at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. D. P. Lippincott, 5944 West Cabanne place, ISAAC WELLS, aged 85 years.

Funeral from the Church of the Ascension, corner Cates and Goodfellow avenues, Tuesday, Jan. 23, at 11 a. m.

$2.50, $3 AND $3.50 STYLISH DERBY HATS FOR $1.49

These are of Extra Quality but we must close them out.

Cash does the business, as we charge no goods. Come now while sizes last.

GEO. DIEL & BRO., 625 Olive Street.

COMMERCIAL.

Regular Cash Market Prices To-Day.

	To-day.	Yesterday.	Year Ago.
WHEAT.			
No 2 red	56⅛	56¼@56⅜	68½@69
No 3 red	54⅜	54⅜	64½@65
No 4 winter	52⅝	52¼ b	62½
No 2 hard win	54¼	53⅝ b	64⅛
CORN.			
No 2	33@33¼	32¾	39@38⅝
No 2 white	34⅛	34	41½ b
No 3	32⅞ a	32¾	38@38½
OATS.			
No 2	28¾	28½ b	32@32½
No 2 white	30	30⅛	33 n
No 3	27½ b	27¾	30½

Future Prices.

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest Sales.	Lowest Sales.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
Jan.	56⅛ b			57 n
May.	61⅜@½ b	61⅞	61⅛	61⅞ a
July.	62½ n	62⅝	62⅜	62⅞ b
CORN.				
Jan.	32¾@⅞	....	....	33@½ b
Feb.	33 b	....	....	33⅛@⅜ b
May	34⅝ b	35¼	34¾	35⅛@¼ b
June	35¼ n	....	....	35¼ b
July	35¾ a	35⅞	35⅞	35⅞ b
OATS.				
May.	30⅜ b	....	....	30¾ b

CHICAGO—Reported by Gaylord, Blessing & Co., 307 Olive street.

WHEAT.				
May	64½@⅝	64⅝@⅞	64⅛	64¾
CORN.				
May	38	38⅛	38	38⅛ a
OATS.				
May	29¾ a	30⅛	29⅞	30⅛ a
PORK.				
May	13.02½	13.15	13.07½	13.15
LARD.				
May	7.55	7 65	7.60	7.62½
SHORT RIBS.				
May	6.60	6.65	6.65	6.65

CHICAGO—Wheat—May, 64⅞c; July, 66@⅛c. Corn—May, 38⅛c a; July, 39⅛c a. Oats—May, 30⅛c a.

PORK—Jan, $13.02½; May, $13.15. Lard—Jan, 7.70c; May, 7.62½c. Short ribs—Jan, 6 55c; May, 6.65c.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow—Wheat, 118 cars; corn, 280 cars; oats, 116 cars.

NEW YORK—Wheat—May, 69⅜c b. Corn—May, 44⅜c b. Oats—May, 34½c b.

TOLEDO—Cash, 60¼c; Jan, 60¼c; May, 64⅞c. July, 66¼c.

Grain Inspections.

	In Sacks.	In Cars.	Out Cars.	Out Bu.
WHEAT.				
No 2 red winter	......	2	1	......
No 3 red winter	......	8	2	......
No 4 winter	194	4	......	......
Rejected winter	......	3	1	......
Total wheat	194	17	4	......
CORN.				
No 2	......	76	5	......
No 3	......	1	......	......
No 2 yellow	......	19	......	......
No 2 white	......	3	7	......
Total corn	......	99	12	......
OATS.				
No 2	......	3	1	......
No 3	......	2	2	......
No 3 white	......	4	1	......
No 4 white	......	......	1	......
Total oats	......	9	5	......
BARLEY.				
No 3 spring	......	......	1	......
Total barley	......	......	1	......
RYE.				
No 2	......	1	......	......
Total rye	......	1	......	......
Grand total	194	126	22	......

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	To-day.	Yesterday	Year Ago.
Wheat, bu	5,263,967	5,256,443	6,344,914
Corn, bu	412,819	398,993	1,310,305
Oats, bu	69,047	70,058	149,814
Rye, bu	288	288	39,327
Barley, bu	28,894	30,462	92,800
No 2 red win wheat	4,424,030	4,418,745	4,008,523
No 2 corn	394,094	368,536	1,202,523
No 2 white corn	14,473	14,527	23,288
No 2 oats	23,269	26,935	100,543
No 2 rye	288	288	33,536

Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts. Wheat.	Receipts. Corn.	Shipments. Wheat.	Shipments. Corn.
St. Louis	8,111	144,590	400	83,424
Chicago	78,701	285,555	2,450	85,055
Toledo	5,655	35,625	2,000	3,500
Detroit	15,530	4,330	......	7,958
Kansas City	26,650	39,200	......	......
Milwaukee	27,300	6,500	2,833	5,200
Minn'polis	112,220	......	21,750	......
Duluth	62,856	......	......	......
New York	650	125,459	71,600	32,403
Baltimore	25,004	149,644	62,205	61,778
Philadel'ha	4,322	48,576	1,968	5,132
Boston	24,700	26,414	......	......

SHIPMENTS OF FLOUR—St. Louis, 4,541 bbls; Chicago, 7,686 bbls; Detroit, 300 bbls; Milwaukee, 4,052 bbls; Minneapolis, 21,868 bbls; New York, 7,523 bbls and 65,877 sks; Baltimore, 17,709 bbls; Boston, 400 bbls and 12,731 sks; Philadelphia, 2,800 pkgs.

Future Sales To-Day.

Wheat—May—20 at 61¼c, 15 at 61⅜c, 35 at 61¼c, 30 at 61⅜c, 20 at 61⅜@¼c, 65 at 61¾c. July—5 at 62⅜c.

Corn—May—5 at 34¾c, 10 at 34⅞@35c, 30 at 35c, 15 at 35⅛c, 10 at 35⅛@¼c, 5 at 35¼c.

No 2 white—Jan—5 at 34⅜c.

ON 'CHANGE.

Grain.

Wheat—The trade received a surprise this morning. The majority of them looked for an extremely weak market and the shorts were confident it would be a record-breaker in price. With such ideas it was natural that the selling at the opening should have been overpowering, as it was, May starting in ⅛@¼c lower. But other markets did not go all to pieces as expected and Chicago shot rapidly and stiffly upward, frightening off the early eager sellers and creating a stampede to the buying side. This rallied prices smartly and subsequently held up well, closing with sellers at the top and ¼@⅜c above yesterday. The weakness and extreme bearishness that cropped out again on yesterday's curb, the announcement of a lower curb in Chicago this morning, the heavy and general rains—the first such in four months—through the winter wheat belt and an unfavorable Liverpool cable all conspired to put the trade in a selling mood at the opening. But the heavy clearances reported from both coasts, predictions for a cold wave to follow the rains and the surprising strength displayed by outside markets turned what had started in a bear into a bull market. Local receipts were very smart once more, and arrivals at most Western and Northwestern markets showed a lessened volume, while the clearances from four ports to-day were 107,000 pkgs flour and 136,000 bu wheat, equivalent to 616,000 bu. Estimates, however, were for an increase of one-quarter to one-half million in the visible. The late cables afforded no encouragement, Liverpool closing quiet at ¼d decline, English country markets slow at 1d decline for the week and Paris ⅛c lower, but domestic markets held up right well, there was enough short buying to absorb offerings and the close was at the top.

FUTURES—May opened at 61⅛c, sold up to 61⅝c, to 61⅛c, to 61⅝c, on call 61½c was bid, then rose up to 61⅞c, and fluctuated between 61⅝@¾c and 61⅞c balance of the session, closing with sellers at 61⅞c. On call, July was offered at 62⅛c, but afterward sold at 62⅜c, and at close 62⅞c was bid. On call, 56⅛c was bid for Jan.

SPOT GRADES—Higher. Some moderate purchases by millers, but most sales were strict to elevator representatives. No 2 red sold in United at 56⅛c; offered at that in F, bid 56⅛c. No 3 red in United at 54⅜c. No 4 winter in F at 52⅝c and worth that in United. No 2 hard winter in United at 54⅛c.

Sales: No 2 red—206 bu, 85 sks and 6 cars in United at 56⅛c. No 3 red—3,000 bu and 3 cars in United at 54⅜c, 2 cars in C "B" at 55c. No 4 winter—1 car in F at 52⅝c. No 2 hard winter—2 cars in United at 54⅛c.

SAMPLES—Received 716 sks and 10 cars local. The market showed some little improvement, yet was not quotably higher. Offerings were light and the demands fair. Sales—Red winter—109 sks No 3 at 53½c, 341 sks prime at 56c, 87 at 56½c, 230 choice at 57c. In special bin, 1 car No 4 at 56½c. East track, 1 car No 3 at 56c, 1 car No at 57½c. This side track—2 cars No 4 and 1 car ungraded at 53½c, 2 cars ungraded at 55½c and 56c.

Corn—The heavy rains promising to restrict country deliveries and consequently the movement to market was the strongest bull points, though the sudden change in wheat was a favoring influence. Cables were weaker, Liverpool closing ¼d lower for Feb-March, but from five ports 120,000 bu cleared. Of the 206 cars received here, only 52 cars were local and the cash market was strong and higher. The market showed firmness all through the session and at close was ½c above yesterday. Trading was moderate, yet more interest was exhibited in the speculative market than of late and the lack of sellers as much as anything else is what restricted trading.

FUTURES—May opened at 34¾c and sold up to 35⅛c, closing at 35⅛@¼c bid. July sold at 35⅞c and that bid late. Jan offered on call at 33c, bid 33@⅛c; Feb at 33⅜c, bid 33⅛@⅜c; March at 33⅞c, bid 33⅝c; June at 35⅜c, bid 35¼c. No 2 white Jan sold at 34⅜c. May offered at 37⅛c, bid 37c.

SPOT GRADES—Strong, and higher prices paid, the moderate offerings selling readily. No 2 salable regular at 33c, and East side at 33⅛c. No 2 white sold at 34⅜c. No 3 offered in M at 32⅞c, bid 32c for regular, 32⅞c East side. No 3 white not offered, and 33c bid this side.

Sales: No 2—7 cars regular at 33c, 4 East side at 33⅛c. No 2 white—5,000 bu regular and 1 car in M at 34⅜c. [illegible]

SAMPLES—Some cob corn offered and it was extremely dull, even at lower prices. Sales: 1 car [illegible] this side at [illegible]. Sacked lots on orders, [illegible]

Oats—The May option was bid up to 30⅛c, but the only offer to sell was at [illegible]. The feeling was strong, but the practical absence of sellers prevented trading.

SPOT GRADES—No 2 offered regular on call at 28⅜c and 27c bid for No 3 regular, 27½c East side and 29c for No 3 white in United.

SAMPLES—Received, 14 cars. Very little doing. Mixed grades were held higher, and the little selling brought ⅛c over yesterday. No 2 sold at 28⅝c. There was no trading in No 3. White grades were unchanged, but slow. Sales were as follows:

By sample in special bin—1 car No 2 white at 30c, 1 No 3 white and 2 No 2 Northern at 29c. 1 No 2 at 28⅝c, 1 No 3 white at 28½c, 1 poor No 4 white at 24½c.

By sample on track this side—1 car ungraded mixed at 28½c. East side—2 cars No 3 late yesterday at 28⅛c, 1 No 2 Nov at 30c. Sacked lots on orders 32@33c.

Rye—Nothing offered, and 46c bid for No 2 this side.

Barley—There was little or no disposition to do anything. The day in the first place was too dark for the inspection of samples and besides there was no demand.

Hay.

Received, 695 tons, shipped 208 tons. The usual light Saturday demand was cut down by the unfavorable weather prevailing. Buyers were scarce and trading very light. The little selling was generally of the best grades, and about at prices ruling for the past few days; all grades below a choice were neglected and show a steady accumulation.

Sales this side—1 car slightly clover mixed, large bales, at $11.50. Timothy—2 cars prime at $9, 1 strictly do at $9.50, 3 choice at $10, 1 about fancy at $11, 1 fancy large bales at $11.50, 1 strictly fancy at $11.50, 2 extra do large bales at $12.50. Prairie—1 car Northern at $6.50, 4 Western at $8, 2 do at $8.50, 4 do at $8.75, 1 do at $9.

Flour and Feed.

Flour—The market was again very quiet and, while not showing any change, was weak in buyers' favor. Demand was very light and only for jobbing lots.

Patent	$2 95@3 10	Choice	$1 90@2 10
Extra fancy	2 60@2 70	Rye flour	3 00
Fancy	2 20@2 30	Buckwh't fl'r.	6 50@6 75

Cornmeal—Steady. On orders—Cornmeal, $1.75 @1.80 per bbl; pearl meal, grits and hominy, $2.25.

Bran—Sacked was salable on East track at 58c to Eastern shippers, but none offering. Late yesterday, 4 cars sold at 58c. To-day 1 car country bran in 100-lb sks sold at 60c, trk this side.

Provisions.

The market was quiet, but ruled rather firm.

ON THE CALL—Dry salt clear ribs—Cash and Jan offered at 6.87½c, no bid; Feb offered 6.87½c; May at 6.87½c, bid 6.65c.

Bacon clear ribs—Jan offered at 7½c and Feb at 7.37½c, no bids; May 7c bid.

Pork—Standard mess selling at $13.50@13.62½, on orders, $14.

Lard—Prime steam nominal at 7.65c.

Bacon—Packed shoulders, 7¼c; long, 7½c; c'ribs, 7⅜c; shorts, 7¾c. On orders—Longs, 8c; c'ribs, 8c; short, 8¼c.

Dry Salt Meats—Shipping age f o b on cash orders—shoulders, 6¼c; longs and c'ribs 6.65c; shorts, 6.85c; boxed 15c higher.

Green Meats—Ham from the block, 8½c; shoulders, 5¾c; bellies, 8@9c; boxed 15c higher.

Highwines—Steady at $1.15.

Lead and Spelter.

Lead—Quotably unchanged at 3c, but no sales reported.

Spelter—Nominally 3.27½@3.30c.

ON THE STREET.

[The Post-Dispatch quotations are for lots in first hands, unless otherwise quoted. Orders are filled with choice goods and are higher.]

Fruits.

Apples—Quiet and unchanged. Receipts and offerings not large, but ample for the demand. We quote: Fancy, $4.25@4.75; choice, $3.50@3.75; good, $3@3.25; fair, $2.50@2.75; poor, $1.50@1.75 per bbl.

Lemons—Offerings not large, demand fair, prices steady. We quote: Fancy, $5@5.50; choice, $5@5.50 per box.

Oranges—Receipts liberal, demand good for both local and outside account, and prices steady. Fresh receipts from first hands sell readily at $1.50@2 per box in lots. For repacked we quote Florida brights, $2@2.50; golden russets, $1.60@2; California Washington navels, $3@3.25; Mexican $2.25@2.50 per box.

Tangerines—Receipts and offerings fair; demand about equal to the supply at $2.75@3.00 per box in lots from first hands. Selections on orders $3@3.50 per box.

Manderines—Sell at $2@2.25 per box.

Grape Fruit—Florida in light offering and good demand at $2.25@2.50 per box, on orders $2.50@3.

Pineapples—Supply light and demand good at $2.75@3 per doz for extra and $2.25@2.50 for No 1.

Bananas—We quote: Selections on orders—small, $1@1.25; medium, $1.25@1.35; large, $1.50 @1.75; Jumbo, $2 per bunch.

Dates—New Persian Halloween, 60-lb boxes, 4¼c ℔; fards, 12-lb boxes, 7c; 60-lb boxes, 6¼c ℔.

Figs—We quote: New crop layers, 14c; fancy, 16c; bags, 7½@8c ℔.

California Fruits—Fair demand. We quote: Pears—Vicar, $2.35@2.50; winter Neills, $2.30@2.75 ℔ 40-lb box. Apples, $1.50@1.75 ℔ box.

Malaga Grapes—Fair supply and demand. We quote: Extra fancy tinted, $9@10; fancy, $7.50@8; choice, $5.50@6; fair, $4.50@5.50 ℔ bbl.

Cranberries—Jobbing at $5@6 ℔ bbl and $1.75@2 ℔ box.

Dried Fruit—Sun-dried apples continue to hold very firm, as the demand is very good and offerings small. Other fruit is quiet.

Sun-dried apples.		Evaporated apples.	
Choice quarters	5½@5¾	Quarters	6 @ 6½
Inferior quarters	5 @5¼	Rings, dark	7 @ 7½
Peeling and cores	1¼@1½	Rings, choice	8½@ 9
Chopped	¾@1	Peaches.	
Blackberries.		Sun-dried	3½@ 3¾
Choice	5@5½	Evap. peeled	9 @10

Vegetables.

Potatoes—Received, 9,501 bu. Shipped, 4,272 bu. Owing to the bad weather prevailing there was nothing but a small peddling trade. Prices did not show any change. We quote: Chicago markets 58@60c; burbanks, 58@62c; hebron, 55@60c; peerless and rose, 60@62c per bu. track and delivered.

Sweet Potatoes—Offerings fair, demand good and prices steady. We quote: Yellow, $3.25; red, $3, and Bermudas, $2.75 per bu.

Onions—Receipts, 638 bu; shipments, 856 bu. There was no change. The little offered found fair sale at steady prices. We quote: Choice, 55@60c; fancy, 65@70c; fancy red globe 75@80c per bu.

Spanish Onions—Light supply, fair demand at $1@1.15 per crate.

Asparagus—Light supply and good demand at 75@90c per doz.

New Beets—Receipts and demand fair at 50@60c per doz.

Celery—Fair supply and demand. We quote: Home-grown, small to medium, 35@50c; extra fancy, 55@60c per doz; Michigan, 10@35c per doz.

Cauliflower—Salable at $1.25@3.00 per doz. according to quality, and selections $2@2.50 per doz on orders.

Cabbage—Old in light receipt and arrivals generally in more or less frosted condition. Choice in fair demand at $20@22 per ton. Frosted dull and neglected. What few sales are made range all the way from freight charges to $15 per ton, according to condition. Receipts of new, fair and for choice offerings of Louisiana there was fair sale at $1.50@1.75 per crate, but when anyway windy less. Mobile arrivals was generally leafy and loose-packed and hard to sell, average sales running from $1 to $1.25 per crate.

Egg Plant—Salable at $5@7 per bbl and $1.50@2.50 per doz on orders.

New String Beans—Light offerings; fair demand at $1.50@1.75 per case.

Green Peas—Sell on orders at $2 per case.

New Cucumbers—Calls sell at 25c; choice, $1 per doz and fancy higher.

Rhubarb—New sells at 50c per doz.

Lettuce—Home-grown sells at 50c per bu box; Southern $2 ℔ bbl.

Carrots—Old dull and dragging at $8@12 per ton. New sell at 35c per doz.

Beets—New sell at 40c per doz.

Horseradish—Good demand at $4 per bbl.

Hubbard Squash—Slow at $6@8 per ton in bulk.

Parsnips—Fair sale at $2@2.25 per bbl.

Rutabagas—Free offerings, light demand and dull. Michigan at 25@27c and Canadian at 32@33c per bu. On orders, $1 per bbl was charged.

Sauer Kraut—Now sells at $3.50 per bbl and $1.75 per ½-bbl.

Spinach—Fair sale at 25c ℔ box for home-grown and 75c@$1 per bbl for Southern.

Kale—Selling at $1.50 ℔ bbl.

Turnips—Selling at $2 ℔ bbl for washed and $1.50 for unwashed; consigned dull at 20c ℔ bu; new 40c ℔ doz.

Tomatoes—Light offerings and fair sale at $3.00 @4.00 ℔ 6-basket crate for Florida and 50@75c ℔ ½-bu box for Texas.

Seeds and Castor Beans.

Grass Seed—Clover sold lower, but was slow at the decline. No change in other seeds. Clover ranged at $8.25@8.50 for fair, to $8.75@9.00 for prime—weedy, trashy, buckhorn mixed and otherwise inferior less; timothy at $4 to $4.25. German millet at 70c to $1, redtop at $2.50 to $3.50. Sales: Small lot clover at $8.60, 8 sks at $8.75, 7 at $8.80, 5 at $8.85, 10 at $9.90, 7 at $8.91, 2 at $9.

Flax Seed—Nominal at $1.32.

Hemp Seed—Quotable at $1.42½, pure test.

Castor Beans—Prime salable at $1.25 per bu in car lots; small lot sold at $1.25.

Eggs.

Received 1,449 cases; shipped 380 cases. The market was firm and continues to improve on light receipts and indications of unfavorable weather. Sales were at 12c per dozen, but firm and in demand at that price, and the tendency higher.

Butter and Cheese.

Butter—The market shows no improvement, ruling about as dull as it possibly can get. The demand for all kinds continues to be very light, and, with receipts fair, supplies are accumulating. Low prices apparently have little effect upon the consumption.

Creamery.		Dairy.	
Separator	21@22	Choice	19@20
Fancy Elgin more.		Seconds	14@17
Gathered cream	18@20	Roll.	
Country packed.		Near-by make	9@10
Fair to choice	8@10	Northern	13@15

Cheese—Firm. Full cream, twins, 12¾c; singles, 13c; Young America, 13c; small orders, ½c higher; Southern Wisconsin, twins, 10½c; singles, 10¾c; brick, 13½@14c; Limburger, 13½@14c; Swiss, choice, 15c.

Poultry and Game.

Dressed Poultry—Dressed poultry was slow of sale, owing to the fact that nearly all the stock received was a little out of order, having been killed when the weather was warm. There was an improved demand for choice fresh stock, but very little of such to be had, as receipts were light of all kinds.

Turkeys.		Chickens.	
Hens, ℔ lb	9 @ 9½	Choice drawn	7½@ 8
Large & rough	7½@ 8	Undrawn	7 @ 7½
Undrawn	7½@ 8	Large & rough	5 @ 6
Ducks.		Geese.	
Drawn	8 @ 9	Choice fat	7 @ 7½
Undrawn	6 @ 8	Rough and poor	5 @ 6

Live Poultry—The receipts were again very light, and with the demand fair, sales were made to better advantage. Small chickens and turkeys and fat ducks sold readily, but geese and all large and rough stock moved off slowly.

Chickens.		Turkeys	
Young, ℔ lb	7	Average stock	7 @7½
Old hens	6½	Choice stock	7½@8
Young roosters	5	Geese.	
Old roosters	3½	Choice feathered	5 @5½
Ducks.		Plucked	4 @4½
Poor to choice	7 @7½		

Game—The damp, warm weather prevailing the past few days materially affects condition of arrivals. While the receipts are not large a large percentage comes in more or less out of order. The demand being limited, anything off is hard to place at any price. For sweet offerings demand was about up to supply. We quote:

Grouse—Territory and white Nebraska, $3.00; large dark, $4.00; drawn, 50c less. Ducks—Mallard, drawn, $1.75; undrawn, $2; teal, blue wing, $2; green wing, $1.50; mixed and wood, $1.25. Pigeons, $1; snipe, $1.50; woodcock, $6. Rabbits—Kansas, 75c; Illinois and Missouri, $1.00; jack rabbits, $1.25. Squirrels, 35@40c per doz. Turkeys—Toms, 6@7c; hens, 5@6c.

Live Veals—The little improvement noted early yesterday in the prices of the best offerings was not maintained through the day, as the market dropped back on the late receipts and closed dull. This morning there was no demand, and, while the receipts were not large, prices were lower. We quote: Fancy, 4½c; choice, 4c; medium, 3c; heretics, rough and thin, 1½@2c ℔ lb.

Sheep—Dull at 2@2¼c per lb.

Furs, Wool, Hides, Feathers, Etc.

Furs—The feeling was weak on most kinds, as the result of the London sales has been unfavorable, and buyers are inclined to operate cautiously for the time being.

At the London sales mink sold 40, gray fox 35, muskrat and skunk 20 per cent lower than last March.

	No 1 Large.	No 1 Med.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 4.
Raccoon	$ 55	$ 45	$ 30	$ 20	$ 10
Mink	60	45	35	20	10
Fox, red	60	45	35	25	10
Fox, gray	55	45	30	20	10
Otter	6 00	4 50	3 50	2 00	50
Beaver	6 00	4 50	3 50	2 00	50
Bear	9 00	7 00	4 50	2 50	75
Wolf, prairie	60	40	30	20	10
Wolf, timber	2 00	1 25	75	40	15
Coyote	60	50	30	15	5
Badger	75	60	40	20	5

Skunk, black	90	Civit cat	10@20
Short stripe	65	Opossum, trash out	5@10
Narrow stripe	30	Muskrat	5@10
Broad stripe	10	Wildcat	10@40
Texas & Ter	20@40	Housecat	10

Wool—A slow and weaker market for all kinds.

MISSOURI AND ILLINOIS.		TEXAS (6 to 12 months).	
Med. combing	15½@16	Medium	12 @14
Med. clothing	14½@15	Coarse and low	9 @11
Low and braid	12½@14½	Fine medium	9 @11
Fine	10 @12	Light fine	9 @12
Burry	10 @12½	Heavy fine	8 @11
WESTERN AND NORTHERN		Short and sandy	5 @ 7
Medium	12 @13	TUB-WASHED.	
Fine medium	10 @11	Choice	23 @23½
Fine	8 @10	Low and coarse	17 @19
Heavy and low	7 @ 8	Sacks, 10@15c each.	

Hides—The demand is fair, best for dry, yet the market rules weak, with a lower tendency.

On selection.		Round.	
Green salted, No 1	3¼	Gr. salted, West	3⅛
Green salted, No 2	2¼	Southern	3
Uncured 1c per lb less.		D.F., Tex. & West.	6 @6½
Dry flint, No 1	6¼	Ark. & Southern	5½@6
Dry flint, No 2	5¼	Glue, green	1
Dry salted, No 1	5¼	Dry glue and culls	2½@3
Dry salted, No 2	4¼	Dry salted	4½@5

Feathers—Dull; demand very slow on all kinds. Prime white, large sks, 34c; small sks, 35c; prime gray mixed, 30@31c; prime gray, 28c; old—X, 25@29c; XX, 15@17c; XXX, 9@11c; XXXX, 5@7c.

Chicken—Dry picked, 3½c. Duck—White, 25c; dark, 20c. Turkey—Tail, 20c per lb; wing, 13c; pointers, 2c; tail-wing mixed, 15c; wings, tail and pointers mixed, 8@10c; turkey body, 2½c. Tare, 3 to 10c per cent.

Sheep Pelts—Full wool pelts sell at 35@50c each; small at 20@30c; shearlings, 10@15c; dry at 5@10c; dry fallen, 4@5c.

Deer and Antelope Skins—Steady but quiet. Deerskins—Prime, 27c; damaged, green and salted, half price; antelope, 12½@15c.

Goat Skins—Slow at 5@15c apiece.

Tallow—Scarce, firm and wanted. Prime run, 6c, No 2, 5¼@5½c; cake, 6¼c ℔ lb.

Grease—Yellow, 3½@4c ℔ lb; brown, 3@3½c; grease butter, 3½@4c; rancid country lard, 4¼c.

Beeswax—Firm. Prime, 24½c ℔ lb.

Roots—Ginseng, $2.35@2.50; extra large, more; seneca, 32@34c; snake, 16@18c; golden seal, 16@18c; May apple, 1@1½c; pink, 15c; lady slipper, 5c; black, 3½@4½c; angelica, 5@5½c; wahoo, bark of tree, 3c; bark of root, 9c; blood, 2@2½c; blue flag, 5c.

Miscellaneous Markets.

Broom Corn—Common quotable at 1½@1¾c per lb, fair at 2@2½c, choice at 2¾@3¼c. Damaged and crooked half price.

Scrap Iron and Metal—Wrought, 40c; heavy cast, plow, steel and trimmings, 25c; malleable and stove plate, 15c; burnt, 15c. Brass—Heavy, $5; light, $3.50. Copper, $5; babbit metal and lead, $2.50; zinc, $2; pewter, $9.

Rags, Etc.—Rags, 75@85c per 100 lbs. Old rope—No 1, $1.50; No 2, 50c; old rubber, $3.50.

Sacks—Burlaps, 2-bu, 5¼c; 2½-bu, 6¼c; 3-bu, 7c; 4-bu, 7¾c; 5-bu, 8¼c; 6-bu, 8¾c. Cotton, seamless, 12½@20c; wool, 22@30c; flour, 48-lb, 3⅞@4¼c; 98-lb, 6c; 140-lb, 8½@9c.

Empty Barrels—Coal oil, 80c; lard oil, 55c; linseed oil, 60c; black oil, 40c; vinegar, 40c; whisky, 50c; ½-bbls, 35c; sugar, 12@15c; molasses, 25c.

Salt—Domestic, 80c per bbl on track this side and 75c E side.

Oils—Linseed, raw, 46c; boiled, 49c. Castor oil, best, 14c; No 3, 11c. Cottonseed oil, summer yellow, 42c; white, 43c; winter yellow, 46c; white, 47c. For small lots more is charged.

Cooperstuffs—Shaved hoops—Hoosier flour bls, $2.50@3; cooper flour bbls, $4.75@5; flour ½-bbls, $2@2.50; pork bbls, $6@7; lard tcs, oak, $8.50@9; hickory, $10@11; staves, flour bbls, $6; culls or seconds, $3@3.50; beer kegs, $16@18; lard tcs, $22; pork bbls, $16. Headings—Flour bbls, 4@4¼c ℔ set.

Cooperage—Flour bbls, round hoop, 32c; flat hoop, 27c; ½-bbls, 21c; meal bbls, 24@25c; produce bbls, 21@23c; pork bbls, 60c; ½-bbls, 50c; lard tcs, 90c; ½-tcs, 60c.

Bagging—1¾-lb, 5c; 2-lb, 5½c; 2¼-lb, 6c. Cotton ties, 85c@$1. Twine, 10c.

Bones—Choice bleached, $15 ℔ ton; half-bleached, $13@14; junk, $9@10; slaughter-house stock, $7@8.

White Beans—Eastern jobbing at $1.70@1.75. California at $1.65@1.70 ℔ bu. Lima at 3@3¼c. Country lots quotable at $1.10@1.30.

Peas—Scotch, $1.45@1.50; green, $1.30.

Moss—Gray, 1@1½c ℔ lb; black and brown mixed, 2¼@2½c; black, 3@3¼c. Machine picked—XX, 2@2½c; XXX, 3½@4c; XXXX, 4½@5c.

Honey—Comb, common to choice, 8@12c per lb; fancy, 13@15c; extracted and strained, in bbls, 4@4½c; in cans, 5@6c.

Pecans—Texas nominal at 3@3½c; Western at 2½@3c per lb.

One carload and 50 sks Texas sold on p. t.

Hickorynuts—Shellbark quotable at 35c per bu and large at 25c.

Hazelnuts—Quotable at 2@2½c per lb.

Walnuts—Quotable at 20@25c per bu.

Commercial Notes.

This rainy weather is expected to check the country movement of corn.

New Orleans cleared yesterday for Havre 31,000 bu corn. Freights, 5d.

St. Louis flour mills output for the week was 44,450 bbls, against 39,500 last week and 63,800 for corresponding week last year.

Clearances for both coasts this week of flour and wheat were equivalent to 3,332,000 bu, against 2,409,000 bu last week and 3,637,000 bu for corresponding week last year.

The Hungarian official report of Jan. 1 states that the crops have made a favorable start and are in vigorous condition, although sudden hard frost has had a bad effect.

The number of cattle exported in Dec was 20,909 head, against 27,428 head last Dec and for the year ending Dec 31, 242,713 head, against 380,432 head last year.

A factor in the exports of wheat from the Argentine is the irregularity of exchange and the great premium on gold, which has recently been so high that $1 would purchase $3.28 of paper money.

Wet weather is prevalent all over the winter wheat country, the rainfall the heaviest and most general in many weeks, but there is every indication it will be freezing cold before Monday morning.

The imports of corn into Holland in 1893 were the largest on record, amounting to 9,416,000 bu, against 7,040,000 bu the previous year. The imports of barley were the largest on record, amounting to 11,280,000 bu.

Recent estimates from Australia are that the wheat crop of Victoria, South Australia and New South Wales will amount to 31,809,000 bu, against 30,871,900 bu last year. The New Zealand crop is estimated at 8,378,000 bu.

The suggestion is made that Portland, Me., Newport News, Cape Vincent, Louisville, New Orleans, Galveston, Omaha, Denver, San Francisco and Portland, Ore., and perhaps a few other cities be included in the official statement of the visible supply.

The Modern Miller of this date says. The rains of the week were light and scattered, some sections of the Southwest and East not being favored at all, the drought there remaining unabated. Except in a few localities, however, the winter wheat crop appears to be wintering well, and only occasionally complaint is heard. Increased marketing by farmers has enlarged receipts of wheat at St. Louis, country millers buying but little. There has been a moderate corn movement, but most of the corn continues to go through to the seaboard.

Tacoma, Wash.—The Tacoma Warehouse and Elevator Co., though they have a good deal of wheat on hand, still have storage for 10,000 tons more. The flouring mill warehouse can accommodate 5,000 tons more of grain. The Northern Pacific Elevator can also hold a great deal of additional wheat and the vessels which are being loaded at present with such rapidity are making room for still more. The wheat is coming in rather slowly, but what does come in is first-class. But little damaged wheat is now stored in the Tacoma warehouses.

The Minneapolis Market Record discussing the Government's supposed under estimate of crop yield says: Farmers' Alliance and other organizations have studiously concerted to underrate the yield for the purpose of enhancing prices, and the Government has lent too ready acquiescence in these efforts to make a thoroughly truthfully report.

New York wires J. C. Ewald: Tacoma and Pacific Coast points shipped 1,000,000 bu wheat during the week, which brought up the Bradstreet's to unexpectedly large figures.

An increase of about 500,000 bu is probable in the visible of wheat. One year ago it increased 167,000 bu and reached its maximum, 82,227,000 bu.

A London cable reports the silver market demoralized, and Indian exchanges are nominal. There has been a heavy fall in rupee paper.

The local stock of wheat will probably decrease about 25,000 bu this week.

English farmers deliveries of home-grown wheat for week 61,400 qrs at an average price of 26s 3d, against 26s 4d last week and 26s 6d for corresponding week last year.

There is every prospect for a good stage of water between this port and New Orleans, as the Missouri River is rising rapidly. With a good river it is expected the export movement to wheat and corn from this market will increase materially.

MONEY.

	Clearings.	Balances.
To-day	$ 3,469,545	$ 783,9[illegible]
This week	24,871,697	4,825,[illegible]
Last week	24,396,762	4,169,[illegible]43
Cor. week, 1893	27,833,490	3,937,464

Exchange quoted by A. G. Edwards & Sons:

New York	60c premium	Cincinnati	par
Chicago	par	Louisville	par
New Orleans	par		

NEW YORK, Jan 20.—Noon—United States 4s 112¾; United States 4s coupon, 112¾; do 2ds, 95; Pacific 6s of '95, 102.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—Bar silver has been reduced to 31d per ounce.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—Money easy at 1; last loan 1; closed 1 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@5½. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.86½@4.86¾ for demand, and at 4.84¾@4.85 for sixty-day bills; posted rates, 4.86 and 4.88; commercial bills, 4.83¾@4.84. Bar silver nominally 67.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—Money 1 per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills 1 7-16@1½ per cent and 1½ per cent for three-months bills. Bar silver 31⅛d per ounce.

Stock Review.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—A firm tone characterized the dealings at the opening of business on the Stock Exchange this morning, and prices were ⅛@¼ per cent higher, the latter Manhattan and Lake Shore. In the early dealings Lake Shore was in good buying and made an additional advance of 1½ per cent. Wheeling & Lake Erie preferred broke 2⅜ per cent to 47½. The speculation is active, a better London market for American securities and the anticipation of a very favorable bank statement assisting in developing strength. For the first time in months there was a movement in silver certificates on the Stock Exchange, $15,000 selling at 67, against 70½, the last previous sale, and 69⅞, the last bid. The break in price is due to the demoralization of the silver market in London and the heavy fall in rupee paper. The Stock Exchange Committee on Securities has decided that Northern Pacific stock can only be transferred by notarial certificates and will issue a circular on the subject to-day, in view of the refusal of the management of the company to make transfers while the bonds are in the control of the receivers.

The market continued strong, an additional advance of ½ per cent in Lake Shore and 1 per cent in Manhattan being recorded. The improvement in the rest of the list, compared with yesterday's closing figures, ranged from ¼ to 1⅜ per cent; St. Paul & Omaha preferred advanced 1¼, Canada Southern 1¼, Pittsburg, Erie & St. Louis 1½, Burlington & Quincy 1⅛ and Northwest, Missouri Pacific and Michigan Central 1 each. The higher range of values induced sales, to realize profits in which the bears took advantage to hammer down the market, but with only temporary success.

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Whitaker & Hodgman, bond and stock brokers, 300 North Fourth street, St. Louis, Mo. ST. LOUIS, Jan. 20.

NAME OF STOCK.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Amer. Tob., com	76			76
Amer. Tob., pfd	92½	92½	92	92
Atchison	11⅜	11⅜	11⅛	11⅛
Baltimore & Ohio				
Canada Southern	50	51	50	51
Ches. & Ohio com	18⅜	18⅝	18⅜	18⅝
Canadian Pacific				
Central New Jersey	115¼	116	115	115
Chicago & Alton com				
Chicago Gas Trust	66⅞	67⅛	66½	66¼
C., C., C. & St. L	34⅞	35¼	34⅞	34⅞
Chicago & East Ill.				
Chicago, R. I. & P	67⅝	68⅜	67⅝	67¾
Chicago, Bur. & Quincy	75¾	76⅜	75¾	76⅛
Chicago, M. & St. P., com.	59⅛	59⅞	59⅛	59⅛
Chicago, M. & St. P., pfd				
Chicago & N. W., com	102½	103½	102½	102⅞
Col. Fuel and Iron	24	24½	24	24½
Cotton Oil, com	29			29
Cotton Oil, pfd	68			68
Del., Lack. & W				
Del. & Hudson	134½	134⅜	134½	134⅜
Edison Genl	36¼	36⅝	36	36
Erie Com	15⅛			15⅛
Erie pfd				
Erie 2ds	77	77½	77	77½
Hocking Valley				
Illinois Central				
Laclede Gas com	16¾	16⅞	16¾	16⅞
Laclede Gas pfd				
Laclede Gas bonds				
Lake Erie & W. com	15	15⅜	15	15⅜
Lake Erie & W. pfd	66½	67⅜	66½	67⅜
Lake Shore	125½	127¼	125½	127¼
Louisville & Nashville	44⅝	45⅛	44⅝	44¾
Lead com	27¾	[illegible]	27⅜	27⅞
Lead pfd	73½	73⅞		73⅞
Linseed Oil				
Michigan Central	98⅛	98⅞	98	98
Missouri Pacific	22⅝	23½	22⅝	22¾
Mo., K. & Tex. pfd	24⅛			
Manhattan Elevated	121	122	121	121⅞
Manitoba				
Nashville & Chattanooga				
National Cordage Co				
National Cordage Co., pfd				
New York & New England	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛
New York Central	100	101¼	100	101¼
N. Y. C. & St. L., com	15			15
N. Y. C. & St. L., 1st pfd				
N. Y. C. & St. L., 2d pfd				
North America	3⅞	4	3⅞	4
Northern Pacific com				
Northern Pacific pfd	16⅛	16⅜	16⅛	16⅜
Ohio Southern				
Ohio & Miss com				
Ont. & Western	15	16	15	16¼
Omaha com	37¼	37½	37⅛	37⅛
Omaha pfd	112	112¼	112	112¼
Pacific Mail				
Peoria, D. & Evansville				
Phila. & Reading	20¼	21	20¼	20⅞
Pullman Palace Car	170½	171¾	170½	171¾
Richmond Terminal				
Silver	67			67
Southern Pacific				
Sugar Com	83¾	84⅛	82½	82¾
Sugar pfd	85¾			85⅜
Ten. Coal & Iron	16¼	16⅛	16	16⅛
Texas & Pacific	8¼	8⅜	8¼	8⅜
Tol., Ann H. & Mich.				
Union Pacific	20	20¼	19¾	19⅞
U. S. Rubber, com				
U. S. Rubber, pfd				
Wabash, St. L. & P				
Wabash, St. L. & P., pfd				
Western U. T. Co	85⅜	86⅛	85⅜	85¾
Wheeling, com				
Wheeling, pfd				
Whisky Trust	27⅞	27⅞	26¾	26¾
Wisconsin Central				

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 20.—While cables were dull and lower to-day, wheat speculators were undecided in their views. The winter wheat belt is getting copious rains and a cold wave is promised from the Northwest. As a result the market was very steady. May wheat opened irregular at 64⅛@¼c, touched 64⅞c again and advanced to 64⅞c. Corn was very firm at a slight advance on the good cash delivered. May opened at 38c and firmed up to 38⅛@¼. Pork firmer, opening at $13.15. Receipts of hogs rather light and trade dull. Lard higher, but lost some of the early advance; opened at 7.62c, declined to 7.60c.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 20.—Wheat steady; cash, 60c; May, 64⅞c; July, 66@⅛c. Corn firm, cash, 35¼c; May, 38⅛c; July, 39⅛c. Oats firm; cash, 27c; May, 30⅛c; July, 28⅝c. Pork higher; Jan, $13.02½; May, $13.15. Lard higher; cash, 7.70c; Jan, 7.70c; May, 7.62½c. Short ribs higher; Jan, 6.55c; May, 6.65c. No 2 rye quiet, 44c. No 1 flaxseed dull, $1.37. Prime timothy seed steady, $4.10. Butter steadier. Eggs steadier. Whisky, $1.15.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 20.—Corn—Steady; mixed, 43½@44c; yellow, 44½@45c; white, 44½@45c. Oats—Steady; No 2, 36½c; Texas, 39½@40c. Hay—Steady; choice, $16.50; prime, $13@15.50. Bran—Dull, $1.96. Receipts, 1,021 sks and 1,225 bbls flour; 19,654 bu wheat; 610 sks corn; 57,877 bu corn; 1,880 sks oats; 3,783 sks rye; 1,950 bales hay, 150 bbls cornmeal.

PEORIA, Ill., Jan. 20.—Corn active, higher; No 2, 33½c; No 3, 32⅞c. Oats firm, higher; No 2 white, 29@¼c; No 3 do, 28@¼c. Rye steady. Whisky firm; high-wines basis, $1.15. Receipts—Wheat, 1,200; corn, 35,100; oats, 19,800; rye, none; barley, 10,500. Shipments—Wheat, 3,000; corn, 22,950; oats, 36,300; rye, none; barley, 7,700.

Foreign Markets by Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 20, 12:30 p. m.—Wheat quiet, demand poor; offered moderately. No 2 red winter, 5s 2d@5s 3½d; No 2 spring, no stock; No 1 California, 5s 3½d@5s 4½d. Maize steady; demand moderate; mixed Western, 4s 3½d.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 20, 1 p. m.—Wheat spot at opening, buyers hold off, hoping to obtain some concessions; maize some weaker.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 20—Closing—Wheat, holders offer moderately; flour, holders offer moderately; Corn, spot steady, holders offer moderately; futures steady, holders offer sparingly; Jan, 3s 11½d for new; Feb 3s 10d for new; March 3s 9½d for new. Lard, spot easy, holders offer freely, 40s 6d; futures, holders not offering. Pork, holders offer moderately.

LONDON, Jan. 20, 1 p. m.—Cargoes off coast: wheat firm; maize, nothing offering. On passage and for shipment: Wheat quiet, but steady. Maize firm. Weather in England showery.

P-D WANTS WORK WONDERS P-D

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FINANCIAL.

FOR SALE.

St. Louis City 4s, due 1905.
St. Louis City 6s, due 1898.
East St. Louis Funding 5s, due 1908.
Citizens' (Franklin Avenue) Cable 1sts Gold 6s, due 1907.
North Missouri Railroad 1sts 7s.
50 shares Laclede National Bank.
Also other City, County, School and choice Railroad bonds.

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St. Louis, Chicago and New York Markets. Grain, provisions, stocks and cotton. Margin stocks $1.00 per share. Grain 1c per bu in any amount.

Agents Wanted. Write for Particulars.

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Monthly quotation circulars mailed free. A large line of first-class securities always on hand.

St. Louis Public Stock Exchange. Incorporated under the Laws of the State of Missouri.

PAID UP CAPITAL, $100,000.

Grain, Provisions, Stocks and Investment Securities. 317 PINE ST.

COTTON.

All cotton market showed a decline and the situation presented a very weak appearance. Local market quiet at 1-16c decline.

LOCAL QUOTATIONS.

Ordinary	6⅛	Middling	7⅞
Good ordinary	7	Good middling	7⅞
Low middling	7⅜	Middling fair	8⅜

THE MOVEMENT IN ST. LOUIS.

	1893-94.	1892-93.
Net receipts to-day	917	867
Net receipts since Sept 1.	143,505	116,969
Net shipments to-day	907	226
Net shipments since Sept 1	106,105	73,470
Gross receipts to-day	2,280	1,546
Gross receipts since Sept 1	422,109	304,221
Gross shipments to-day	2,270	905
Gross shipments since Sept 1	384,709	261,123
Stock on hand	56,902	89,900

WEEKLY INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

	Week ending Jan. 19, '94	Week ending Jan. 20, '93
Receipts	85,677	59,516
Receipts since Sept. 2	3,094,509	2,721,177
Shipments	104,077	63,540
Stocks	432,721	446,672

NEW YORK—Spot cotton dull and 1-16c lower; middling, 7 15-16c. Futures closed dull and easy. Sales, 157,200 bales. Reported by Lesser Cotton Co.

	Closed To-day.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closed Yesterday
January	7.63	7.73	7.63	7.70
February	7.66	7.73	7.66	7.73
March	7.74	7.80	7.64	7.82
April	7.82	7.89	7.82	7.90
May	7.90	7.95	7.90	7.98
June	7.97	8.02	7.97	8.05

NEW ORLEANS—Spot cotton easy; middling, 7 1-16c. Futures at 12:10 barely steady; Jan. 7.21c; Feb. 7.26c; March, 7.37c; April, 7.46c; May, 7.55c; June, 7.63c.

LIVERPOOL—Demand fair, freely met at easier prices. American uplands, 4 5-16d. Sales, 10,000 bales, of which 8,600 were American. Receipts, 60,400 bales, of which 46,400 were American. Futures closed firm. Jan-Feb, 4.12d bid; Feb-March, 4.13d bid; March-April, 4.15d sellers; April-May, 4.16d; May-June, 4.18d; June-July, 4.20d sellers; July-Aug, 4.21d; Aug-Sept, 4.23d bid.

LIVE STOCK.

National Stock Yards.

The receipts at the National Stock Yards for the week were 13,985 cattle, 29,243 hogs and 4,773 sheep—an increase of 1,449 cattle and a decrease of 4,749 hogs and 2,174 sheep, as compared with the previous week.

Cattle—The latter half of the week has been very unsatisfactory to sellers of cattle. While the offerings have not been large, buyers took advantage of the light demand and scarcity of orders to depress prices. The following is the range of values for native cattle:

Choice to fancy export steers, 1,400 to 1,700 lbs, $5@5.40; good shipping and export steers, 1,400 to 1,600 lbs, $4.40@4.90; fair to medium shipping steers, 1,300 to 1,450 lbs, $4@4.35; coarse steer cattle of heavy weights, $3.50@4; choice corn-fed butcher steers, 1,250 to 1,300 lbs, $4.25@4.50; good well finished corn-fed steers, 1,100 to 1,250 pounds, $3.70@4.20; medium butcher steers, 1,000 to 1,250 pounds, $3.30@3.60; fair butcher steers all weights up to 1,150 pounds sell at $2.70@3.25; common light steers, $2.10@2.60; feeding steers fair to choice, $2.85@3.65; common to fair stockers, $1.65@2.25; good, $2.30@2.75; choice to fancy native cows and heifers sell at $3@3.40; good native cows and heifers sell at $2.50@2.85; medium cows are quotable at $2.30@2.60; fair cows and heifers, $1.80@2.20; inferior, light and old cows, $1.25@1.75. Butcher bulls in good condition, $2 to $2.35; choice, $2.40 to $2.80. Exports, $3 to $3.60. Sausage bulls and thin stuff generally, $1.25 to $1.85. Most of the bulls sold at $1.75 to $2.40. Veal calves, full range, $5 to $6.50 per 100 pounds; bulk, $5.50 to $6 per 100 pounds. Heretics, $3 to $7 per head or $1.75 to $4.50 per 100 pounds; yearlings, $1.25 to $2.75 per 100 pounds. Milk stock, common to best cows and calves, $12 to $33; common to medium cows and calves selling at $12 to $23; good at $25 to $29; choice, $30 to $33; extra milkers would have sold higher.

Hogs—Receipts to-day 1,500 head. Though there was only a light supply on hand this morning the market was easier. As usual on Saturday buyers had but few orders and advices were unfavorable. The market was very quiet and prices 5c to 10c lower. The top, $5.35, was obtained for about the same kind that could have been sold at $5.40 yesterday. The close was easy.

HOG SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
49	269	$5 35	77	218	$5 35
58	300	5 35	90	183	5 30
68	231	5 30	88	197	5 30
83	219	5 25	59	170	5 17½
213	274	5 20	60	245	5 15
76	160	5 10	76	134	5 00
95	113	5 00	104	228	5 00
72	168	4 90	78	186	4 90
3	433	4 75	25	299	5 00

Sheep—As there were but few fresh arrivals this morning the market was quiet and the trade was principally in sorted lots. Fair to good lambs sold at $3.75 to $4.25, native mixed sheep at $3.25 and ewes at $2.75 per 100 lbs.

SHEEP SALES.

No.	Quality.	Av.	Price.	No.	Quality.	Av.	Price.
48	sel'd lambs.	86	$4 25	25	nat. ewes	106	$2 75
57	sel'd lambs.	71	3 75	23	cull lambs	55	2 50
40	nat. mxd	90	3 25				

Live Stock by Telegraph.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 20.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,600; shipments, 1,800; market slow and about steady. Texas, steers, $2.75@3.65; shipping steers, $4@4.35; butchers' stock, $3@4.10; stockers and feeders, $2@3.50. Hogs—Receipts, 5,800; shipments, 1,300; market opened strong to 5c higher; all grades, $4.80@5.35. Sheep—Receipts, none; shipments, 500; market nominally weak.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 20.—Cattle—Receipts 1,500 head; active; shade stronger; natives, $3.25@4.90; Westerns, $2.80@4; Texas, $2.25@3; cows, $1.25@3.25; feeders, $2.25@3.60. Hogs—Receipts, 4,800 head; shade higher; heavy, $5.15@5.35; light, $5.15@5.30; bulk, $5.25. Sheep—Receipts, 250 head; steady; $2@3.50; lambs, $2.50@4.25.

SIOUX CITY, Io., Jan. 20.—Hogs—Receipts, 900 head; official yesterday, 1,305 head; shipments, 221 head; 10c higher; $5.20@5.37½; bulk, $5.22½. Cattle—Receipts, 100 head; official yesterday, 193 head; shipments, 338 head; dull and lower.

SEALED PROPOSALS.

GRADING CONTRACTORS.

The undersigned will receive bids on or before Thursday, Jan. 25, 4 p. m., for the removal of about 50,000 cubic yards of earth on the land of the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, at the corner of Grand and Delor street, in South St. Louis. Pitzman's Company of Surveyors and Engineers, 615 Chestnut st.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Washington, D. C., Jan. 17, 1894.—Sealed proposals will be received at this Department until 2 o'clock p. m., Wednesday, Jan. 31, 1894, for manufacturing and placing in position in U. S. buildings at Ashland, Wis., Lansing and Bay City, Mich., Canton and Springfield, O., Scranton, Pa., and Denver, Colo., certain articles of furniture. Specifications, drawings and forms of proposals can be had upon application to this office. To receive consideration proposals must be submitted on Department's forms and include a price for each article named therein. Each proposal will be considered as a whole, the Department, however, reserving the right to accept bids at prices given in detail or at the aggregate amount as stated therein. The right to reject any or all bids and to waive defects is also reserved. Proposals should be addressed to the Secretary of the Treasury and indorsed "Proposals for Furniture, U. S. Buildings at Lansing, Mich., etc." W. E. CURTIS, Acting Secretary.

Bright New Pennies Fresh from the mint, for sale in any quantity at the counting-room of the Post-Dispatch.

THE DELICATESSEN CAFE
218 OLIVE STREET.
For Ladies and Gentlemen.
STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS

CITY NEWS.

"Famous" Stock

Is a-coming and much of it is now forward in all departments of Crawford's!! If you desire to avoid the jam of next week take a quiet saunter to-day through this great store and pick out your wants in seasonable goods at prices to make you rich and happy for the rest of the year!! Only one Crawford's!! No false pretenses!! No wheedling!! Business done on pure merit only at Crawford's!!

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine st.

THE INDIAN AND CITIZENSHIP.

Progress Made by the Commission Located at Muskogee.

MUSKOGEE, I. T., Jan. 20.—The Dawes Commission is fairly located here for the long siege with the Indians to persuade them to adopt United States citizenship. After talking with the Commissioner, the POST-DISPATCH correspondent is more than ever convinced that Congress has a fixed determination to open the territory to development at once. If it will do so, with the Indians' permission, if possible, but if they will not agree to it it will be done anyhow.

A member of the commission said: "If the Indians don't want the McRea bill to become a law and the territory a part of Oklahoma they had better adopt means to prevent that. The humor of Congress is that a change here is necessary; and if the Indians fail to treat or express themselves, there is no certainty that the conditions here would not be changed without regard to the Indian protests."

The Indians over the entire territory are obstinately opposed to any change and several of the nations have held conventions and passed resolutions against a change. The Creek Chief, Hon. L. C. Perryman, in response to an invitation from the commission, has set a date to appear with the officers and leading men of the nation before the commission in Muskogee. They meet the commission next Tuesday. In the meanwhile the Creeks are formulating a new constitution, as if they expect to exist as a nation for years to come. It will cut down the size of its legislative body fully half, which will make the council a more wieldy body and progressive measures will be then better entertained.

TO COLLECT COUNTY TAXES.

Methods to Be Taken to Force the Santa Fe to Pay.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 20.—Atty-Gen. Little and County Attorney Fairchild will call a meeting of the State Association of County Attorneys to discuss methods for collecting county taxes from the Santa Fe Railroad now in the hands of a receiver. Some of the counties have been crippled by the non-payment of the tax and school funds have become reduced to the danger line. The receiver offers a compromise but it is believed by the Attorney-General that the only lawful course is to collect the assessment in full.

PITTSBURGH CRUSHED COKE
Saves 30 per cent. Investigate before buying your fuel; lots of imitators.
DEVOY & FEUERBORN COAL & COKE CO.,
704 Pine street.

Recognized as an Old Timer.

Tony Anderson, the youthful criminal who has confessed to burglarizing the West End residences and who was captured by Detectives Klag and Bambrick a few days ago, was identified this morning by Detectives Schoppe and Danaher as Frank Smith, alias Montgomery. These officers were instrumental in sending Smith to the penitentiary for two years in January, 1892, for a burglary committed at 623 Locust street, where he stole twenty-five suits of clothes valued at $300. He had a partner in this job who escaped indictment and they carted the goods off in a wagon. Smith has only recently been released from the penitentiary, getting out after serving eighteen months of his sentence.

IT IS hardly worth anyone's while to take the risk of waiting for a cough, cold, or any lung trouble "to go as it came," when a remedy so sure and thorough as Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant is so easily procurable.

Failures for the Week.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—Failures for the week have been 407 in the United States, against 290 last year, and forty-six in Canada, against forty-two last year. For the first eleven days in January the reported liabilities of firms failing were $9,041,225, of which $5,069,663 were in manufacturing and $3,346,372 in trading concerns. But the number of failures about the first of the year does not necessarily indicate a bad state of business.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething produces natural quiet sleep, 25 cents a bottle.

Postmaster Appointed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 20.—J. E. Barnes was to-day appointed Postmaster at Annada, Pike Co., Mo., vice W. A. Ferrell, resigned.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c (stamps) for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Phila., Pa.

IS A TIGRESS.

Stella Gardner, Capt. Young's Accuser, Behind the Bars.

She and Her Lover, James L. Gardner Arrested for Fighting.

SHE THROWS HOT COFFEE AND WATER FROM HER CELL AT REPORTERS.

She Remained Away From the Flat Where She and Gardner Live Until an Early Hour This Morning, and When She Returned They Fought and He Drew a Knife on Her.

Stella Gardner, the woman who attained recent notoriety by her charges against Police Captain Young was arrested at 5 o'clock this morning for indulging in a street fight with James L. Gardner, the man whose name she bears, and with whom she has been living at intervals for seven years.

Gardner's work keeps him out late at night, and when he returned home this morning he found Stella missing. He locked the door and went to bed. Stella began to feel there was no place like home, especially when you're tired about 5 a. m., and wandered home to her little flat, No. 2605 Walnut street. Her temper was roused when she found herself locked out and Gardner's temper was not sleeping when he came down to let her in. When the door opened and they met face to face, it was a case of Greek meeting Greek.

THROWN DOWN STAIRS.

Officer Cashels was standing on the corner and heard the rumpus. He saw Gardner throw the woman down the steps and when he rushed to her assistance he found Gardner brandishing a knife. The officer took them both to the Fifth District Police Station.

The famous Stella, who had enamoured a police captain and succeeded in springing the biggest police sensation yet, was found pacing restlessly in her cell this morning. It was late in the morning and all efforts of the pair to secure bail had proved futile, as their friends are not of the class that come out into the daylight until afternoon.

Stella is a big, coarse virago. She had a shawl wrapped about her and her hair hung in slatternly confusion over her face. The effects of a night spent at Harry Norp's "Favorite" had unsettled her nerves and she was exceedingly raspy. To every interrogation she replied with "what's it to you?" with an intense Bowery accent that seemed natural and not put on for the occasion. Efforts to draw her out brought from Gardner, who was in the next cell, a very lengthy and very profane admonition to keep her mouth shut.

THREW WATER AND COFFEE.

Stella took the cue from her lover and indulged in a little profanity herself, winding up by picking up a glass of water and throwing its contents through the bars at the reporter. "Print that for Stella Gardner's interview," she yelled, and went off in a demoniac fit of laughter. Stella had nothing left to throw, as she had sacrificed her breakfast earlier in the morning for the pleasure of emptying a pot of coffee over a reporter for another afternoon paper.

Jim Gardner had nothing to say. His remarks were very profane and his affairs he said were nobody's business.

NEW MONETARY CONVENTION.

A Plan to Be Submitted by Those Interested at an Early Date.

BERLIN Jan. 20.—Those interested in a new monetary conference will submit a plan to the Government soon. It is proposed that the United States, France, England and Germany form a monetary union on the following basis:

The United States to buy and use for currency purposes $10,000,000 of silver yearly, and France, representing the Latin Union, to purchase 20,000,000 francs worth. England and Germany are to withdraw all their gold coinage and paper money under the value of a pound sterling, and are to buy £750,000 worth of silver yearly in the meantime, and issue notes under £1 in value against the full equivalent deposit of silver coinage. India is to resume the unlimited coinage of silver. The price of silver is to be fixed by the countries mentioned at 4d per ounce above the India rupee price, and is to be altered only at the beginning of each year. If the average London price of silver fall at any time 10 per cent below the convention price, the members of the union are to have the option to withdraw and dissolve the union.

LOBENGULA INTRANCHED.

Many Chiefs Have Submitted and All Is Quiet Elsewhere.

CAPE TOWN, Jan. 20.—A dispatch from Bulawayo, dated Jan. 14, says that King Lobengula, with a few of his followers, is entrenced close to the Zambesi River.

Commissioner Jamison, through native runners, communicates the fact that all is quiet elsewhere and that the chiefs near the scene of the massacre of Capt. Wilson's party have submitted are are engaged in paying claims with the colonists, which work is proceeding rapidly. It is added that the camp is healthy and that the work of settlement is going on in the most satisfactory manner.

Indian Gang Members Fined.

Eleven members of the "Indian" gang captured in a raid on Fred Fritz' saloon under the Second District Police Court Thursday night were arraigned before Judge Paxson this morning, charged with idling. Jack King, Jack Byron, Jack Brooke and Jim Garry were found guilty and fined $15 each. John Palmer, Matt Graham and Joe McNamara were discharged, as they proved they had homes, and the cases against Joe Wash, John Dalton, Ed Keleher and Tom Kenny were continued.

Mr. Childs Improving.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 20.—George W. Childs was reported as still improving this morning. He is still confined to his bed, but his physician says there is nothing in his condition to create alarm, and his speedy recovery is confidently expected.

FANCY groceries and fine liquors sold at lowest prices. John F. Yaeger's new location, 3673 Olive street.

Peter Curran Assigns.

ZANESVILLE, O., Jan. 20.—Peter Curran assigned this morning to Howard C. Buker. His assets consist of $35,000 in real estate, fully covered by mortgages, and $18,000 in a stock of clothing, on which preferred claims were given last night to local creditors to the amount of $5,500.

How to get the World's Fair Art Portfolios of Photographs: SUBSCRIBE FOR THE DAILY AND SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH, 15C PER WEEK, delivered by carrier, and then clip a coupon from the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH and bring or send it together with 10 cents to this office.

MISS RUDDY'S BABY.

The Infant Was Found Dead in a Bucket of Water.

A young lady 22 years of age, giving the name of Lydia Ruddy, is giving the police of the Third District any amount of trouble.

On Jan. 9 last she went to the house of Lizzie Adams, colored, at 1234 Morgan street, accompanied by a man who represented himself as her husband, and whose name is said to be George Kennedy. They rented a room, but about a week later Kennedy disappeared and has not been seen since. About 4 o'clock this morning the Ruddy girl became a mother, and the Adams woman claims that when she sought to aid the young mother, she made search for the baby and found it dead in a bucket of water. Officer Hannee of the Third District was informed of the affair, and after an investigation sent Miss Ruddy to the City Hospital to be detained as a prisoner. In the meantime the remains of the new-born babe were conveyed to the Morgue, to be examined by a physician, to determine whether or not the infant was alive when born.

The Ruddy woman is very reticent concerning her history. All she would say is that she had formerly been at the house at 1305 Chestnut street.

RUNAWAY BOYS CAPTURED.

Dan Kavanaugh and Jos. Murphy Leave St. Charles, Mo., in Search of Adventure.

Dan Kavanaugh, aged 18 years, and Joseph Murphy, aged 12 years, two runaway boys from St. Charles, Mo., were arrested by Officer Conley at the Union Depot at 1 o'clock this morning and sent back to St. Charles today. Kavanaugh's father is a baggageman employed by the Wabash road, and Murphy's father is an engineer on the M., K. & T. road. The boys ran away from home yesterday and boarding a Wabash train came to St. Louis. They were found by Officer Conley asleep in the baggage-room at the Union Depot. The Wabash officials sent the boys home free of charge.

FOR "WORKING TRAINS."

Arrest of Two Men in East St. Louis on Suspicion—Belleville News.

The East St. Louis police have received numerous complaints of late about a pair of swindlers who were "working" passenger trains on the bridge. The "con" men, it was said, were in the habit of defrauding unwitting passengers by means of the "gim-gam" or "short-change game." Detective Kinney took the matter in hand, and to-day he arrested on suspicion two well dressed young men, who gave the names of Harry Young and John Connelley.

A motion for a new trial in the case of Mary Turville against the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers was overruled by Judge Canby in the city court to-day. Mrs. Turville lately obtained a judgment for the amount of an insurance policy which her deceased husband held, and the defendants' attorneys asked for a rehearing. Mrs. Mary E. Turner obtained a divorce from F. E. Turner, and Mrs. Emma Bauman was granted a separation from Erhard Baumann.

A light wagon, driven by Mrs. H. J. Waltman of 913 St. Louis avenue, was overturned at the corner of Broadway and Third street yesterday afternoon, and the woman and her three children were thrown out. Police Officer Meehan stopped the horse in time to prevent the animal from dragging the wagon, thus saving the woman and children, who were pinned under the bed of the vehicle from serious injury. Mrs. Waltman was painfully bruised, but the children were not injured.

Mrs. C. Hartman of Cleveland avenue yesterday entertained a party of ladies, including the Misses Roeder of Belleville and the members of the Jean Ingelow Club.

The young ladies of the First Christian Church gave a "dime social" last night.

The Novelty Club gave a hop last night at the new Music Hall.

Miss Ruth McDonald, a popular teacher of the Illinois City School, has resigned. She is to be married shortly to Mr. A. B. Kaercher of Belleville.

H. W. Whitsell, who was recently arrested in East St. Louis on the charge of burning three sewing machines on which he had insurance, has been indicted by the Grand-jury for arson.

Wm. Meyer of East St. Louis, who cut a gash in the face of his sweetheart, Lizzie Hartman, a few months ago, has been adjudged insane. He was under indictment for assault with intent to kill.

Michael O'Leary, aged 55 years, died yesterday at his home on St. Louis avenue. He was well-known, having resided in East St. Louis for many years.

Harry Barnes, a 12-year-old boy, who ran away from his home at 220 Exchange avenue, was arrested by the police to-day.

Belleville.

There is considerable discussion of the proposed sewage system which the City Council is considering. It is claimed the pipes contemplated in the plans would be inadequate in size, and there may be some objection to the proposed system on that account. The Council will probably take definite action in the matter at the next meeting.

Alex Deeke, who had been imprisoned on the charge of destroying valuable property, was released yesterday, the Grand-jury having failed to indict him.

The steel workers have made terms with the management of the Waugh steel plant through President Garland of the Amalgamated Association, and the works will soon be in full operation.

In the Circuit Court yesterday Charles Sikora, indicted for larceny, was sentenced to the penitentiary for one year. Frank Ferry was given five days in jail for a small theft.

Building permits were issued yesterday to Henry Gronen and Catherine Elizenhoever of Millstadt, J. A. Smith and Rosa Glenn of Reeb Station.

Mrs. Anna M. Klein, mother of Alderman Lewis Klein, died yesterday at her home on South Jackson street.

Joseph A. Kaiser has obtained a building permit for a new building near Fifth.

The new officers of Minerva Lodge, K. and L. of H., were installed at a public meeting held last night.

CAUSES AMAZEMENT.

Announcement of the Financial Policy of the Government in India.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 20.—The Government announces that in view of the beginning of the export season it does not propose to maintain the minimum rates for council bills and the 1 to 1s 4d offers will be considered on their merits. Amazement has been caused by this step and business is completely disorganized.

A NEW CHEER. "The Biggest and Best in the Great Southwest— What? THE SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH."

DIED FROM EXPOSURE.

Mrs. Britton, a Woman of Education and Accomplishments, Found Dead.

CALIFORNIA, Mo., Jan. 20.—Mrs. Britton, wife of a Walker Township farmer, was this morning found dead about two miles east of town. She was a woman of high education and varied accomplishments, but, it is said, was addicted to liquor. As a partly filled bottle was found on her person it is supposed she died of intoxication and exposure.

Miscellaneous Mishaps.

John E. Carville was crushed to death by two freight cars at Galveston, Tex.

A young girl residing near Amsterdam, N. J., coughed up a reptile resembling a lizzard. She died later.

L. Dolan and party of nine of Winnipeg, Manitoba, perished in an avalanche in the Rocky Mountains.

Tried to Kill Him.

Burrell Preston of New Madrid, near Malden, Mo., was at the City Dispensary this morning suffering with a gunshot wound of the right arm. He told Dr. Hough, who attended him, that two months ago while working for Frank Martin at New Madrid, the two had a quarrel one day. That night, he said, Martin came into his room with a shotgun and fired at him, the load striking him in the biceps of the right arm. He went to Cairo, and was in the hospital there when it was discovered, he said, that he was shot in Missouri. The authorities, he claimed, told him he could not be treated there any longer, and advised him to go to St. Louis. He was sent to the City Hospital.

Body Identified.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 20.—The body of the man who died mysteriously at the Chicago House has been identified as that of Frank Smith of Syracuse. He was at first supposed to have come from the West.

Big Blaze at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 20.—A fire in the Boe Hive store on State street early this morning destroyed nearly everything on the fifth floor. Loss, $40,000; insured.

THIS CURIOUS THING



GREATLY MAGNIFIED.

Is a Sweat or Excretory Gland.
Its mouth is called a PORE.
There are 7,000,000 in the human skin.
Through them are discharged many impurities:
To close them means death.
Sluggish or clogged pores mean yellow, mothy skin, pimples, blotches, eczema.
The blood becomes impure.
Hence serious blood humors.
Perfect action of the pores
Means clear, wholesome skin,
Means pure blood,
Means beauty and health.

Cuticura Resolvent

Exerts a peculiar, purifying action upon the skin, and through it upon the blood.
Thus its cures of distressing humors are speedy, permanent, and economical.
Like all of the CUTICURAS, it is pure, sweet, gentle, and effective. Mothers and children are its warmest friends.



Bad Complexions

Sluggish action of the pores also causes the complexion and skin to become dark, yellow, oily and mothy, giving rise to pimples, blackheads, roughness, redness, falling hair and baby blemishes.

The only reliable preventive and external cure is CUTICURA SOAP, the most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world as well as the purest and sweetest for toilet and nursery.

CUTICURA REMEDIES are sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA RESOLVENT, $1; OINTMENT, 50c; SOAP, 25c. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Proprietors, Boston, Mass. "All about the Skin and Blood," mailed free.

ATTEMPTED WRECK.

Miscreants Try to Derail a Lake Erie & Western Railway Train.

THE BUNGLING WORK SHOWED THEM TO BE AMATEURS.

The Obstruction Torn Away by the Locomotive and the Train Saved—Capt. Bangs Confesses to Scuttling the Schooner Mary L. Parker for Insurance—B. C. Faurot Arrested—Crime.

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 20.—An attempt was made to wreck a passenger train last evening on the Lake Erie & Western road at the crossing of the Nickel Plate, about six miles west of Fostoria. The attempt was so bungling as to show it to be the work of amateur train-robbers. A splice bar was wedged close to the rail, protruding about a foot above the latter. Had it been placed more firmly it would have derailed the train. As it was, it was torn away by the engine, the latter receiving only some scratches.

B. C. Faurot Arrested.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 20.—Benjamin C. Faurot, the former President of the Lima (O.) National Bank, was arrested here last night at 11 o'clock as he was leaving on a Pennsylvania train. The warrant was sworn out in the United States District Court by Wm. Garver, a tank builder. Garver charged Faurot with swindling him out of $15,000. This case has created considerable excitement throughout Ohio, where the defendant is well known. It is said that the case, in its entirety, covers a number of visionary schemes by Faurot, which resulted in the wrecking of the Lima Bank and impoverishing the creditors.

Confessed to Scuttling a Schooner.

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 20.—Capt. T. L. Bangs of this city last night confessed to having scuttled the schooner Mary L. Parker, of which he was master, to obtain the insurance. The vessel was sunk in the straits at the entrance of Puget Sound on Dec. 29, 1893. The schooner was valued at $2,000 and insured for the full amount. The maximum punishment for the crime is a fine of $10,000 and ten years' imprisonment.

Murdered in His Wife's Presence.

HOUSTON, Tex., Jan. 20.—F. M. McGlone was shot and killed in his own house and in the presence of his wife by Garrett Scott, a relative. The trouble which resulted in McGlone's death, arose over $100 which McGlone owed Scott. After riddling McGlone's body with bullets, Scott left the house and escaped.

Lynching Narrowly Averted.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Io., Jan. 20.—Leon Lozier, a local sprinter, criminally assaulted the 5-year-old daughter of Christian Anderson. He was captured on a Union Pacific train at Omaha, returned to this city and lodged in jail. A mob was organized for the purpose of lynching him, but they were persuaded by citizens not to carry out their intentions.

Attempted to Break Jail.

SEDALIA, Mo., Jan. 20.—Nine prisoners en route to the penitentiary in the charge of Sheriff Bennett of Henry County were put in the jail here yesterday to await the arrival of their train. Before they had been in an hour the four toughest succeeded in breaking the lock of their cell, and would have escaped but for the timely appearance of an officer.

Crime in Brief.

Gillam Graves was acquitted of the murder of Jack Milligan in the New Albany (Ind.) court yesterday.

The safe of the hardware firm of Mayberry & Watson of Birmingham, Ala., was robbed of over $2,000 about noon yesterday.

Jasper Baugher, an old farmer near Warsaw, Ind., was sentenced to one year in the Penitentiary for outraging the 13-year-old daughter of a neighbor.

A man who claims to be well acquainted with Martin Muldoon, the wrestler who was defeated by McFadden at the Olympic Theater here nearly three weeks ago, says he is really only a cousin of William Muldoon, the celebrated wrestler, but is a brother of his by adoption, an aunt of theirs having adopted and raised both of them.

DR. PRICE'S DELICIOUS Flavoring Extracts
NATURAL FRUIT FLAVORS.
Vanilla Lemon Orange Rose, etc.
Of perfect purity— Of great strength— Economy in their use. Flavor as delicately and deliciously as the fresh fruit.

THE JURY HUNG.

Conclusion of the McGinniss Case Against Chief Harrigan.

The damage suit of Lou McGinniss, the attorney, against Chief Harrigan, Assistant Chief Reedy, Chief of Detectives Desmond, Detectives Scully and Kelly and Sergt. Mueller of the Central District for $10,000, which has occupied the attention of a jury at Hillsboro for several days, has been concluded, the trial resulting in a hung jury, the ballot standing eight for the defendant against four for the plaintiff. The suit grows out of the arrest of McGinniss on an alleged gambling raid and his detention without bond for twenty hours. The case will have to be retried and is docketed for the May term of the Circuit Court at Hillsboro.

EX-GOV. GILPIN DEAD.

Was Well Known Here and Married to a St. Louis Belle.

DENVER, Colo., Jan. 20.—Ex-Gov. Gilpin, the first Governor of the Territory of Colorado, died this morning.

He was appointed Governor by President Lincoln March 22, 1861, and was at that time a resident of St. Louis.

The telegram is in error in the latter statement. At the time of his appointment Gov. Gilpin was a resident of Philadelphia, his native city. Gov. Gilpin had been a familiar figure in St. Louis society, as he was a particularly intimate friend of Gen. Harney and the late United States Senator Lewis V. Bogy. He visited very frequently at their houses, and the result of his pleasure trips was his marriage in 1874 to the widow of Col. John H. Dickerson of the United States Army. Mrs. Dickerson was a Miss Julia Fraser, a beautiful and accomplished woman, noted for her magnificent voice. The marriage took place at the home of the bride's uncle, Senator Bogy. As Mrs. Gilpin was related to the Chouteaus on her father's side and the Chenies through her mother, Gov. Gilpin obtained an entree into the most exclusive circle of local society. Four children were the result of the union. Several years ago there was a misunderstanding between Gov. Gilpin and his wife that was amicably arranged before their differences were aired in court.

Ex-Gov. Gilpin was nearly 80 years of age. He is intimately connected with the upbuilding of the Commonwealth of Colorado. He went there when it was full of Indians and Buffalo, and wisely let its mineral resources speak for themselves, devoting his time to bringing its agricultural resources and climate advantages before the world. He wrote an erudite work on these lines.

It was Gov. Gilpin's personal influence with Senator Bogy that gained for Colorado the one Democratic vote necessary to raise it to Statehood. Colorado was Republican and the Democrats feared its vote in the presidential election. The first presidential ballot of the State was cast for Hayes against Tilden.

REAL ESTATE NEWS.

Rain Interferes With Business — Sales Made of Some Residence Property.

The heavy rain made to-day's business in real estate circles decidedly dull. A number of fair-sized transactions which have been hanging fire all week were in a fair way to be consummated this morning, and will doubtless be closed in time to swell the aggregate amount of the week's business a hundred thousand dollars or so.

Chas. C. Nicholls of the Nicholls-Ritter Real Estate Co., assignee for the Hoyle estate, will sell by order of the court at public auction, Jan. 27, at 12 o'clock, four choice down-town business corners. The sale will, it is anticipated, afford a rare opportunity to purchase this class of investment property at a bargain. The property to be sold is located as follows: Southeast corner of Fourth and Elm streets, 51x154 feet with a five-story building, renting for $9,000 a year. Southwest corner Third and Locust streets, a four-story building, renting for $6,700 per annum. Northeast corner of Sixth and Spruce streets, 83.8x104 feet with a two-story building, renting for $2,670 per annum, and the northwest corner of Third and Cedar streets, 61.7x64 feet, renting for $900 per annum.

A meeting of the property-owners on Cass avenue was held last night at Cass avenue and Twentieth street for the purpose of discussing the proposed street improvements. A free expression of opinion was indulged in, and developed the fact that those present were unanimously in favor of asphaltum paving and opposed to granite. It was decided to call another meeting for Sunday afternoon, Jan. 28, at Klosterman's Hall, Twenty-fourth street and Cass avenue.

Samuel Bowman Real Estate Co. report the sale of 80x215 feet of ground on the south side of Pine between Cabanne and Vandeventer avenue for $6,250 from H. Bienemastock to Henry Grone the brewer, who will improve the sight with a handsome residence to cost $25,000. The lot was the last vacant piece of property in the block.

The J. T. Donovan Real Estate Co., report the sale of house 4419 St. Ferdinand avenue, a two-story brick with 30x130 feet of ground, for $2,100 from Joseph M. Donovan to Annie Schullion for a home.

Bright New Pennies Fresh from the mint, for sale in any quantity at the counting-room of the POST-DISPATCH.

Two Princes Very Ill.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 20.—Grand Duke George, second son of the Czar, is in a critical condition and Grand Duke Michael is still in danger from inflammation of the lungs.

If you wish to buy nice, clean, fresh groceries, go to John F. Yaeger, 3673 Olive street.

HUMPHREY'S, Broadway and Pine, ST. LOUIS, Jan. 20, 1894——The Weather To-Day: Rain.

COME THIS WEEK
And Get One of Our Finest
$30 SUITS Overcoats Ulsters for $15
The GREATEST CLEARING SALE of the Year.

If you've a BOY you'll clothe him better and for less money *now* in our Boys' Department than any place in St. Louis.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.
Open Saturday till 10 p. m.

SEEDS POPPING CORN.
CHAS. E. PRUNTY,
18 S. MAIN ST., COR. MARKET. SAINT LOUIS.

IMPORTANT NOTICE
After Jan. 1, 1894, we will charge no goods, and will sell only for
SPOT CASH.
This will enable us to give you better values and sell you lower than heretofore. We are now selling the best DERBY HATS FOR $3. Sold elsewhere for not less than $4. Cash makes low prices. We solicit a continuance of your patronage. Prices on all our Furnishing Goods and Shoes greatly reduced.
GEO. DIEL & BRO., 625 Olive Street. 1231-1235 Franklin Avenue

USE POND'S EXTRACT
FOR PILES, BURNS, SORE EYES, WOUNDS, SORES, Headache AND ALL PAIN
Have the early frosts or too late a lingering by the garden gate again aroused that RHEUMATISM so peacefully slumbering the summer long? Well, if it's very bad you must change your diet and perhaps take some distasteful drug—the doctor will tell you what—but first rub thoroughly the part afflicted with POND'S EXTRACT, then wrap it warmly with flannel, and the rheumatism may wholly disappear. It will certainly be much relieved. Now that you have the POND'S EXTRACT try it for any of the many things its buff wrapper mentions. It's a wonderful curative. But don't accept substitutes.
POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 Fifth Ave., N. Y.
FOR COLDS, CUTS, BRUISES, SPRAINS, SORE THROAT, Catarrh AND AFTER SHAVING

CAST AWAY ON AN ISLAND.

Subsisted on Raw Flesh, Eggs and Roots for Eighty Days.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 20.—A story of the adventures of castaways who were on an island for eighty days, comes from Auckland. The bark Spirit Dawn, bound from Chili to Rangoon, was wrecked at Antipodes Island Sept. 4. The officers and crew, except the captain and four men, reached the island safely. The men, who were scantily attired, were much exhausted. They secured their boat as best they could, but during the night it broke away. They constructed a rude hut and here they remained for eighty days until rescued by the Hinamoa, subsisting during that time on raw mutton, birds, penguin eggs and roots. They had no matches to light a fire.

Although a Government depot containing provisions, clothing, etc., was only three miles from the spot where they landed, they did not think of searching the island and remained in ignorance of its existence. Curiously enough, too, although there are many goats, sheep and cattle on the island, which is only 8,000 acres in extent, nothing was known of this by the castaways.

Notwithstanding their hardships the castaways, eleven in number, enjoyed excellent health, with the exception of a Rangoon native boy. During the time they were on the island they saw four passing vessels, but were unable to attract their attention. The Hinamoo noticed their signals and a boat was sent ashore. The castaways were in a piteous plight standing on the rocks, some with pieces of raw penguin flesh in their hands, which they were eating.

Coughs.—Use "Brown's Bronchial Troches." They possess real merit. Sold only in boxes.

END OF A DANGEROUS MAN.

Chandler Crawford, Who Suicided at Bangor, Me., Was a Bomb-Maker.

BANGOR, Me., Jan. 20.—The remains of Chandler Crawford, who committed suicide here, await instructions from his father, who is President of the First National Bank of Creede, Colo. The young man's grandfather, who has arrived here, says that when young Crawford lived with him he was always experimenting with poisons, trying to find out which would kill the quickest.

Last summer Crawford made a bomb, which, it is said, would have blown up the biggest building in Bangor. Crawford asked a friend to procure for him the names of all the bank presidents in the country. He said he was engaged in a business that the United States Government would not allow and he wanted everything done on the quiet. He intended to write to bank men and tell them he would blow them up and in that way get money.

How to get the World's Fair Art Portfolios of Photographs: SUBSCRIBE FOR THE DAILY AND SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH, 15C PER WEEK, delivered by carrier, and then clip a coupon from the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH and bring or send it together with 10 cents to this office.

Shot At for a Nickel.

A warrant was issued to-day against Chas. Jackson, colored, charging him with assault with intent to kill on George Black, also colored, of 817 Barrett avenue. Jackson claimed that Black owed him a nickel and meeting him last Tuesday demanded it. Not getting the money he drew a revolver and fired two shots at him; but did not hit him.

FAIR ASSOCIATION MEETING.

The Fate of the Fair Depends Upon the Mortgage Holders' Decision.

The meeting of Fair Ground directors at 3 o'clock this afternoon and the holders of third-mortgage bonds is likely to make history. Ex-Gov. Francis says he has only been nominally a director, having been at the State capital so much during his term of office. But he understands the situation to be grave and wholly in the hands of the third-mortgage bondholders.

C. C. Maffitt, who with Rolla Wells and Mr. Francis is a member of the committee appointed to select a president, says that he does not know what the third mortgage bondholders will do. "A majority, in fact most of them, have given their consent to waive the interest for five years," he stated, "but I'm afraid that will not do. I think we'll need them all. If the third mortgage bondholders would sell out the Fair Grounds now would be no time to cut the property up into building lots. I have no doubt there would be reorganization on a new basis and a continuation of the fairs that were at one time the pride of Missouri. It's a little late for racing, yet I guess we can get the good horses even now. We want to give a fair this year that will put us back where the St. Louis Fair was in the estimation of the entire country. The cross-roads fairs have all gone under and interest will center here again as of yore."

A HISTORICAL FIGURE.

Col Branch of Fort Sumter Fame Is Dead.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Jan. 20.—There died yesterday in the little town of Union Springs, in the Southern part of this State, a man who figured in one of the most interesting events recorded in United States history—Col. John L. Branch. It was he who gave the order to fire the first gun of the late war at Fort Sumter, where he was stationed at the time. He was in command of the battery whose cannon belched forth the discharge that shook a continent. At his command to fire the gun boomed and a four years' war was on.

Col. Branch did gallant service during the war and afterwards settled down at Union Springs and conducted an extensive plantation. He was much beloved. His remains were followed to the grave to-day by a large concourse of citizens.

Indicted Prisoners Arraigned.

Fifty-nine prisoners were arraigned in the Criminal Court to-day. All, with one exception, were indicted by the Grand-jury at present in session. All pleaded not guilty excepting the following, who pleaded guilty as charged and were sentenced to the Penitentiary: James Dempsey, grand larceny, two years; George Cummings, grand larceny, two years; Cyrus Spriggs, alias William Young, burglary and larceny, five years; Rober Hemmer, obtaining money under false pretenses, two years.

Wilkerson Commission Co. Robbed.

The store of W. C. Wilkerson & Co., commission merchants, No. 123 North Main street, was broken into last night and a quantity of butter and eggs taken. Entrance was gained to the premises by breaking a large window pane in the front door. The police think that they know the parties who committed the burglary.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE